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SPECIAL EXTRA

# The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1932. VOL. LXXIV. NO. 23,480.

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### ROLL OF HONOUR, IN MEMORIAM. [1914-1918.]

**PAUL**—In proud and loving memory of Cedric F. Paul, Lance-Corporal, 11th Royal Sussex Regiment, killed in action in Flanders on July 29, 1917. "For God and King and country." "To live in the hearts of those we leave behind us is not to die."—Mother.

### BIRTHS.

**FREEMAN**—July 26, 1932, to Phyllis, wife of Dr. F. P. Freeman, Colnebrook, Steeple Bumpstead, Essex, a son.

**HANDY**—July 25, 1932, at 89 Lower Baggot street, to Joan, wife of Rev. Brian L. Handy, 2 Novara terrace, Bray, a son.

**SLADEN**—July 28, 1932, at 89 Lower Baggot street, Dublin, to Eileen, the wife of Joseph Maurice Sladen, I.C.S., a daughter.

**STOBIE**—July 23, 1932, at 99 Kenilworth Park, Dublin, to Evaleen, wife of Thomas A. Stobie, a daughter.

### MARRIAGES.

**DOYLE and ARNOLD**—July 20, 1932, Edward Michael, elder son of E. A. Doyle, Esq., M.D., Irishtown, Dublin, to Grace Violet, youngest daughter of the late Reverend William Arnold, M.A., The Manse, Enniscorthy, and Mrs. Arnold, Eaton square, Terenure. At home, Lymington, Kimmage road, West, September 6th and 7th.

**HILLIARD and McKEEVER**—July 15, 1932, at Kilbride, County Meath, William Joseph Hilliard, Lohunda, Clonsilla, County Dublin, to Lilian Frances McKeever, Elm Grove, Gormanston, County Meath.

**JONES and CLANCY**—July 26, 1932, at the Church of the Sacred Heart, Laytown, with Nuptial Mass and Papal Blessing, by the Rev. E. Jones, C.SS.R. (brother of the bridegroom), assisted by the Very Rev. Fr. Nulty, P.P., V.F., and Rev. Fr. Conway, C.C., St. Mary's, Drogheda, Thomas F. Jones, second son of the late Thomas Jones and Mrs. Jones, of Scatown place, Dundalk, to Helen Ursula, younger daughter of the late Thomas H. and Lucy Clancy, Drogheda.

### SILVER WEDDING.

**McKIERNAN and FITZGERALD**—July 29, 1907, at St. Vincent de Paul's Church, Altringham, Clapham, London, by the Rev. Fr. Grady, Arthur Greer J. McKiernan, second son of John McKiernan, Manager, Munster and Leinster Bank, Rathkeale, to Delia, second daughter of Thomas Fitzgerald, Harbour View terrace, Limerick.

### DEATHS.

**ADAMSON**—July 27, 1932, at a Dublin hospital, Tillie, widow of the late Scanlon Adamson, M.R.C.V.S. Deeply regretted by her son and daughter (26 Templemore avenue, Rathgar). Funeral private.

**BURKE**—July 28, 1932, at his residence, Springfield, Clonmel, Edmund Burke. R.I.P. High Mass to-morrow (Saturday) morning at 10.30 (summer time) at SS. Peter and Paul's, Clonmel. Funeral will leave for Powerstown at 12 o'clock.

**CASSIDY**—July 28, 1932, at his residence, Grovefield House, Crumlin road, Patrick Cassidy, late Manager Dublin Brick Company. R.I.P. Remains will be removed to St. Agnes' Church, Crumlin, at 7 p.m. to-day (Friday). Funeral, after 9.30 Mass, to Mount Jerome to-morrow (Saturday) morning.

**HOWE**—July 25, 1932, as the result of a motor accident near Dumfries, Norman David, third son of Randall and Nina Howe, Sydenham Villas, Bray, and husband of Kathleen (née Whelan). Funeral took place from Muir House, Juniper Green, Edinburgh, yesterday (Thursday), July 28.

**JONES**—July 28, 1932, Edward Anthony Jones, only son of the late Robert Hovenden Jones, of Dublin. Funeral strictly private.

**LEWIS**—July 28, 1932, at Monkstown Hospital, Thomas Henry, third son of Frederick G. and Mrs. Lewis, 19 Frescati Park, Blackrock. Funeral at 10 o'clock to-morrow (Saturday) morning from hospital to Donnybrook Grange Cemetery.

**McKENNA**—July 28, 1932, at his residence, Woodville, Gaybrook, Mullingar, Henry John McKenna, youngest son of the late John and Mary McKenna, of Meares Park, Kilbeggan. Funeral from residence to-morrow (Saturday) at 2 p.m. (summer time) to Kilbeggan.

**ROSSITER**—July 27, 1932, at her residence, Meadowbank, Churchtown, Dundrum, Catherine Elizabeth Rossiter, daughter of the late Thomas Wrixon Rossiter. Funeral this (Friday) morning, July 29th, to Churchtown, Dundrum, at 10 o'clock.

**STRANGMAN**—July 26, 1932, at Carriganore, Waterford, George White Strangman, eldest son of the late Thomas Handcock Strangman, of Carriganore, Waterford, and dearly-loved husband of Edith Strangman. Funeral to-day (Friday) at 12 noon to Friends' Burial Ground. No flowers, by request. Australian papers please copy.

**ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this column will be found on Page 6.**

### IN MEMORIAM.

**BULPITT**—In loving memory of my dear mother, called Home on July 29th, 1931, at Sherfield-on-London, Basingstoke. Hants. "Faith can sing through days of sorrow, 'All, all is well'"—Bert.

**HILL**—In ever-present and abiding memory of my dearly-beloved husband, John Hill, 11 Beresford terrace, Arklow, whom God called Home on 29th July, 1930.

"Not gone from memory, nor from love,
But gone to his Saviour's Home above."

**MILLS**—In constant, loving memory of Mary Broughton Mills, died on 29th July, 1929, at her residence, 29 Morehampton road, Dublin.

**THOMPSON**—Tenth Anniversary—In grateful remembrance of our loving mother, Mary Ann Thompson (late of 62 Lower Gardiner street), called Home on 29th July, 1922.

**WHITE**—In ever-loving memory of Andrew White, who was called Home on 29th July, 1926. "Safe in the arms of Jesus."

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DUBLIN AND DOUGLAS,
JULY AND AUGUST.

| | Dublin (Rogerson's quay) to Douglas. | Douglas to Dublin. |
|---|---|---|
| Mon., Aug. 1st | 8.30 a.m. | 5. 0 p.m. |
| Mons. (except Aug. 1st) | 5. 0 p.m. | 8.30 a.m. & 12 night |
| Tues., Aug. 2nd | 5. 0 p.m. | 8.30 a.m. |
| Weds. (except Aug. 3rd) | 5. 0 p.m. | 8.30 a.m. |
| Thurs., Aug. 4th | 6. 0 p.m. | 8. 0 a.m. |
| Friday | 5. 0 p.m. | 8.30 a.m. |
| Sat., July 30th | 12 night. | 4.15 p.m. |

Descriptive Guide and Sailings from the B. and I. Steam Packet Co., 16 Westmoreland street and Rogerson's quay; Cook and Son, 118 Grafton street; A. W. Hewett, D'Olier street; Pickfords, Ltd., 43 Dame street; Irish Travel Agency, 8 D'Olier street; American Express Co., 116 Grafton street, or the Isle of Man Steam Packet Co., Ltd. (Incorp. in the Isle of Man), Douglas.

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ONE CLASS CABIN STEAMERS.
COMFORTABLE-COOL-COMMODIOUS.
£37 BOMBAY, £42 CALCUTTA.

| | L'pool. 1st sailg. | Destination |
|---|---|---|
| CITY OF POONA | Aug. 27 | Colombo & Calcutta |
| CITY OF CAIRO | Aug. 27 | Sep. 4 Bombay & Karachi |
| CITY OF YORK | Oct. 6 | Colombo & Calcutta |
| CITY OF SIMLA | Oct. 18 | Oct. 22 Bombay & Karachi |
| CITY OF LAHORE | Oct. 25 | Nov. 2 Bombay & Karachi |
| CITY OF CALCUTTA | Oct. 29 | Colombo & Calcutta |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| CITY OF KARACHI | July 30 | London |
| C. OF CANTERBURY | Aug. 13 | via |
| CITY OF BARODA | Sep. 10 | Madeira to |

Cape Town Algoa Bay, E. London Natal
Subject to alteration or variation without notice.
LONDON—104-6 Leadenhall st., E.C.3. Tel. Nos. 5340
LIVERPOOL—Tower Building. Tel. Cen. 5340
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or Local Agents.

Published by the Irish Times, Limited, Head Office, 31 Westmoreland street, in the Parish of St. Mark and City of Dublin.
THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1932.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Apsley's, Baby Linen Specialists—Ladies invited to call and inspect exclusive Baby Linen Requisites—Nassau street, Lower Camden street.

Best Wicklow Mutton and Lamb—Buy direct from the breeder: Lamb 11d., Mutton 9d.; delivered to 12 lb. delivered free. Address "Z 2497, this office. 24 D

St Bank Holiday week-end means a new dress this season. Frock wardrobe from Newell's summer sale. Prices are sunshine frocks of spotted muslins, lots of striped flannel, floating chiffons in black designs for evening. Also suitable for a nice selection for evening and afternoon wear. Look on outside style cut on slimming lines for measurements that will fit. No matter what your frock money you'll find what you want at Ltd., 65 Grafton street, Dublin.

OPTIC Electrolysis Removes Hair permanently not mark. Consultations free.—Miss Hend. Specialist, Second Floor, 4 Dawson street. X

SONS of the Day, by Molly Bawn, in the Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 26 F

STONES—Bungalow, Let, near sea, electric light, August and September. Moderate.— 26 F

STONES—Furnished House, near sea, to Let for August. Address "Z 2600, House," this office.

Let to Let, yearly, Furnished 3 Bedrooms, sitting-room, kitchen, 3-4 bedrooms, bath, indoor w.c.; beautiful situation; garage; more land if required. Address "Z 2537," this office. 27 F

SOL—To Let from August, fully Furnished 3 Bedroom Bungalow, opposite railway station, close beach. Apply Squire, 12 Upper Ormond quay. 25 F

TAGE, Furnished, from August 6th to September 15th, Dunfanaghy, Donegal. Furnished Cottage, where some fishing (bathing preferred), for 2 adults; near golf links; Catholic church; moderate rent. Address "Z 2597, Cottage," this office. 27 X

## TMENTS AND FLATS TO LET AND WANTED.

ROCK—Unfurnished Flat, 2 or 3 rooms and kitchenette, garage if required; all conveniences.— this office. 25 E

Spacious Apartments, large, bright, airy flats; Board optional.—Hynds, Rathmore, Meath road. 26 F

Comfortable Apartments or Board, near sea; cooking; moderate.—Rancombe, Rutland road. 27 E

MARA—Paying Guests taken, charming country house, on the sea, amidst lovely scenery; bathing strand. Address "Z 2477, Guests," this office. 22 F

OWN — Superior country House, beautifully situated, bathing, fishing; 2 guineas weekly; good cooking. Address "Z 2586, House," this office. 27 A

Lanesborough—Unfurnished Flats: 4 rooms, 30/-; 3 rooms, 25/-; 2 rooms, 20/-; children not admitted to. Apply 19 Northumberland avenue. 25 E

SEY—Full or Partial Board: 3 bedrooms, 3 sitting-rooms; select, healthy; moderate.—B 1526. 26 D

Shop—Self contained, 4 roomed Mail Flat (private); £6 monthly. Apply Universal Stores, Talbot street. 26 F

SHED Flat to Let at 13 Longford terrace, Monkstown, for first two weeks of August, suitable small couple or bachelor; meals if required. Seen 2 to 5. 27 A

SON Seeds to Sow Now. See the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 26 F

Sea Cottage, sunny bosom, 5/6. Ireland; lake river fishing on place; garage, garden, dairy. Address "Z 2453, Guests," this office. 27 E

Shop has large, well Furnished Sitting-room, Bedroom, Kitchen, in bungalow, Glenageary; bath; £7 month, including; garage if necessary.— "—" Flat," c/o Derrygulla, Glenageary. 26 F

STOWN—Comfortable Rooms; board optional; large garden, garage.—B 1440, this office. 25 E

STOWN (sea front)—To Let, Furnished Ironside, First (all modern conveniences); adults only. 25 E

STOWN (sea front)—Unfurnished Top Flat, self-contained, £65.—955, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock. 27 A

To Guests taken, gentleman's residence; tennis, private grounds, golf, sea 5 minutes. Shankhouse, Killiney. 8 28

Sea front—Select Rooms, Board; all sports; terms moderate.—B 1400, this office. 26 F

Wireless Circuits for Amateurs are illustrated in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price two pence. 26 F

COVE—Small Furnished Flat to Let, August or later, over sea, beside Footyfoot.—Seafort.

Let, August, 4 weeks, 4/2 week's part attendance, also 35/-. Address "Z 2601, Apartments," this office. 27 A

Let, self-contained Flat, on tram line, handy for your good rooms and bathroom; every convenience.—B 1491, this office. 25 E

Let, Private Residence, beside sea, good garage—10 Leitrim place. 27 E

Let for a week or ten days, in last fortnight August and Residence by two ladies; every country or seaside, easy reach Dublin; terms moderate.—B 1647, this office.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

BANK OF IRELAND.
The permanent Branch of this Bank at Ballsbridge will be Opened on and from 2nd August, 1932, the Sub-Office at No. 176 Pembroke road being closed from that date.
By Order,
A. D. STEWART, Secretary.

ASK for "TAMILESE," the Tea for Flavour. Sold by Mrs. K. PATMAN, Kilmainham.

BROADCASTING PROGRAMMES, PAGE FOUR.

JOHN C. PARKES and Sons, Ltd., Coombe, Dublin. LAWN MOWERS, GARDEN TOOLS, GARDEN SEATS.

BROOKS, THOMAS AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN. DECORATED ASBESTOS SHEETS For Bathrooms, Kitchens, etc. ASBESTOS CEMENT SLATES, Blue, Grey, Red, Brindled. ASBESTOS SHEETS, Flat and Corrugated.

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TYPEWRITERS—Buy British Oliver and save heavy exchange charges.—Booth Brothers, Stephen street.

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HORSE SHOW WEEK RACING—Programmes and Selections for Leopardstown, Baldoyle and Phoenix Park will appear in to-morrow's issue of "THE IRISH FIELD." Also complete Programme for the Show and Special Article. On Sale everywhere. Price 2d.

FASHIONS of the DAY, by MOLLY BAWN, in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" to-day. Price twopence.

GARDEN TOOLS, LAWN MOWERS, WIRE NETTING, HORTICULTURAL GLASS.
Lawn Mowers Repaired and Sharpened.
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AN ARTICLE OF INTEREST TO ALL MOTORISTS, entitled "MODERN IMPROVEMENTS," by Captain W. G. Aston, will appear in to-morrow's issue of "THE IRISH FIELD." On Sale everywhere. Price 2d.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times" and the "Irish Field" can be had at 6 o'clock each morning from Mr. M. F. GORRY, Harbour street.

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(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)

| Steamer. | Tons. | London | Calling at | Destination |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chilka | 15,000 | July 29 | Aug. 5 | Aug. 12 Bombay & Karachi |
| †Carthage | 15,000 | Aug. 5 | Aug. 12 | Bombay & Japan |
| †Moldavia | 17,000 | Aug. 12 | Aug. 19 | Bombay & A'tralia |
| †Mongolia | 17,000 | Aug. 12 | Aug. 19 | Bombay & Karachi |
| †Naldera | 16,000 | Aug. 19 | Aug. 26 | Bombay & Japan |
| Mooltan | 21,000 | Aug. 26 | Sept. 2 | Bombay & A'tralia |
| †Rajputana | 21,000 | Sept. 2 | Sept. 9 | Bombay & A'tralia |
| †Mongolia | 17,000 | Sept. 9 | Sept. 15 | Bombay & A'tralia |
| Mantua | 11,000 | Sept. 9 | Sept. 16 | Bombay & Karachi |
| †Carthage | 15,000 | Sept. 16 | Sept. 23 | Bombay & Japan |

| Viceroy of India | 20,000 | Sept. 17 | Sept. 22 | Bombay & Karachi |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Malaja | 21,000 | Sept. 30 | Oct. 7 | Bombay & Karachi |
| †Canton | 15,000 | Sept. 30 | Oct. 7 | S'ts, China & Japan |
| Rawalpindi | 17,000 | Sept. 30 | Oct. 7 | Bombay & Karachi |
| Strathnaver | 22,000 | Oct. 7 | Oct. 14 | Bombay & A'tralia |

Taking Passengers † for Malta, ‡ for Port Sudan. §Calls Southampton.

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| One Class only. | From £38 Single, £68 Return. | Tons. | London. | Plym'th. | Liverpool |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *BARADINE | | 13,000 | 5 Aug. | 6 Aug. | — |
| BALLARAT | | 13,000 | — | — | 20 Aug. |
| BARRABOOL | | 13,000 | 16 Sept. | 17 Sept. | — |
| BALRANALD | | 13,000 | 14 Oct. | 15 Oct. | — |

*Carrying H.M. Mails.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
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Fast African steamers call outwards at Marseilles, eight days, Port Sudan eighteen days, after leaving London.

| Steamer | Tons. | Mid'sbro | London | Destination |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| †‡**Nowshera | 7,920 | — | Aug. 6 | Karachi & Bombay |
| †Mantola | 9,066 | Aug. 20 | Aug. 26 | East African Ports |
| †‡**Nogra | 5,181 | Aug. 18 | Aug. 27 | Karachi & Bombay |
| ‡**Mundra | 7,299 | Sept. 1 | Sept. 17 | Bombay & Karachi |
| Malda | 9,066 | Sept. 17 | Sept. 23 | East African Ports |
| *†Dalgoma | 5,955 | Sept. 15 | — | Karachi & Bombay |
| Madura | 9,070 | Oct. 1 | Oct. 21 | E. African Ports |

*Cargo Steamer. †Calling at intermediate ports if inducement offers. ‡Calling Tangier.
§Calls Bhavnagar. ¶Calls Navrakhli.
‖Calls Ledi Bunder and Kundla.
‡‡Calls Cutch Mandvi.

P. & O. AND B.I. JOINT SERVICE.
COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.
(Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, and Aden.)

| Steamer. | Tons. | M'bro. | Tham. | Antwp. | London |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *Morgina | 8,078 | — | July 30 | — | Aug. 6 |
| ‖Jelgrave | 5,816 | Aug. 11 | Aug. 13 | Aug. 16 | Aug. 19 |
| ‖Hobar | 6,000 | Aug. 28 | Aug. 27 | — | Sept. 2 |
| *Morvada | 9,231 | Sept. 15 | Sept. 13 | — | Sept. 17 |

*Calls Tangier; not Malta. †Refrigerator steamer. ‖Calls Bombay. ‡Cargo only, from Southampton 1 day later. ‖Not Aden.

Address for Passage—P. & O. House, 14-16 Cockspur street, S.W.1. City Office—130 Leadenhall street, E.C.3. Strand Office (Passenger & Freight) —Australia House, W.C.2. FREIGHT (P. & O. or B.I.) APPLY, 122 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.3. B.I. Agents—Gray, Dawes and Co., 122 Leadenhall street, E.C.3.
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| Steamer. | From Vancouver. | From San Francisco |
|---|---|---|
| Niagara | Aug. 17 | Aug. 31 |
| Monowai | Sept. 14 | — |
| Aorangi | — | Sept. 28 |
| Makura | — | — |

†Canadian-Australasian Line via Honolulu, Fiji and Auckland to Sydney. ‡Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Raro tonga, Wellington, to Sydney.
Apply The Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14 Cockspur street (1st floor), London, S.W.1. (Tel. No.—Whitehall 2953); or, for the Vancouver Service, any Office of the Canadian Railways.

SOLO WIRELESS CIRCUITS for AMATEURS are illustrated in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" to-day. Price twopence.

## THE ART OF JAM-MAKING—Page 2.

WOLSELEY 21 h.p. Coach Built Saloon. A beautiful model at £595, delivered Dublin.—GRAFTON MOTOR CO., 43 Grafton street, Dublin

5½% OUR EASY PAYMENT BUDGET TERMS. 6 MORRIS CARS. TWO YEARS TO PAY. —G. A. BRITTAIN, LTD., PORTOBELLO, DUBLIN.

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J. J. O'CONNELL, Esq.

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| "CORONADO" | Swansea | Aug. 3 |
| "CARIBE" | Avonmouth | Aug. 8 |
| *"CAMITO" | Swansea | Aug. 16 |
| | *Calls at Bermuda. | |

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# A "SWEEP" TICKET.

## LONDONERS IN INTENDED ACTION.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE JOHNSTON.)

Mr. Tobias (instructed by Mr. Herbert Malley), in the matter of an intended action between Maurice Cohen, 22 Foulden road, Stoke Newington, London, and Eva Spector, Samuel Goodstein, Jennie Goodstein and Gertie Goodstein, all of Stepney, London, applied for an interim injunction pending the service of notice of motion for an interlocutory injunction, directed to the Hospitals' Trust, Ltd., to prevent them from paying away money on a ticket which drew the horse Corcy in the Derby "Sweep."

The case of Mr. Cohen was that he had paid 5s. while the four intended defendants named had paid another 5s. between them for the ticket which had drawn the horse. If the injunction were not granted immediately, the Hospitals' Trust people had stated that they would pay out the prize money to the person whose name appeared on the counterfoil, and if that happened Mr. Cohen would never get a penny of the money, because the parties were all English people, and, of course, he could not bring an action against them in England. What happened was that when Mr. Cohen asked the others, who were relatives, to buy a ticket, they said they would pay 5s. if he paid the balance, and this was done.

Mr. Justice Johnston—He claims one moiety?

Mr. Tobias—Yes; and the defendants claim they are entitled to the whole of it.

Mr. Justice Johnston—Why was not the action brought a long time ago? It looks very suspicious.

Mr. Tobias said that there might be a very good reason, but he did not know. His solicitor had only the letter from his London agents instructing him to issue the writ.

In reply to Mr. Justice Johnston, Mr. Tobias said that he had no affidavits, as there had not been time to have them signed and returned. In an urgent case the judge had full power to give the injunction without affidavits.

Mr. Justice Johnston said that he was not going to grant the injunction without affidavits. The action could have been brought a month ago. He would give liberty to renew the application in the morning, Mr. Malley to make an affidavit in the meantime.

## WESTPORT MOTOR ACCIDENT.

### LABOURER'S APPEAL ALLOWED.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE SULLIVAN AND MR. JUSTICE HANNA.)

An appeal was brought by the plaintiff from the decision of Circuit Court Judge Wyse Power in dismissing a civil bill for £300 damages brought by Patrick Ryder, labourer, Sheroe, Westport, against Peter Flannery, commercial traveller, James's street, Westport, for injuries which he sustained when he was knocked down by a motor car driven by the defendant at the Mall, Westport, in September last year.

The evidence in the Court below was that the horn of the motor car was not in working order when the accident occurred, and that the defendant could not give warning of his approach. The plaintiff, dazzled by the lights, attempted to avoid the car, but ran into it.

Mr. Justice Sullivan, announcing the decision of the Court to allow the appeal and award the plaintiff £30 damages, said that they were of opinion that the defendant was guilty of negligence. There was no evidence of contributory negligence by the plaintiff.

Mr. Conroy (instructed by Mr. John Garvey) appeared for the appellant, and Mr. Barra O'Brien (instructed by Messrs. James O'Connor and Co.) for the respondent.

## MORE WAR LOAN CONVERSIONS.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE MEREDITH.)

Further applications were dealt with for the conversion of funds invested in the 5 per Cent. War Loan into the new 3½ per Cent. Loan.

Messrs. Dix and Sons, solicitors, on behalf of the Governors of the Rotunda Hospital, were granted permission to convert the £1,100.

Mr. Matheson (instructed by Messrs. Huggard, Brennan and Godfrey) got permission to convert half of two sums of £650 each for Mrs. Rebecca J. Millar, on behalf of two minors resident in England.

Messrs. Hoey and Denning, solicitors, in the matter of the Trustee Act, 1893, applied on behalf of Mrs. Florence Agar for the conversion of £1,144 3s. 7d., standing to the credit

(Continued at foot of next column.)

## LEGAL PROCEEDINGS IN AMERICA.

### CASTLEBAR ADMINISTRATION SUIT.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE MEREDITH.)

Mr. Leonard, K.C., with whom was Mr. Connolly (instructed by Mr. A. V. J. Thornton), applied for the payment of certain sums of money incurred as costs in an action brought by the Venerable Archdeacon John Fallon, P.P., St. Mary's, Castlebar, as administrator of the estate of the late Thomas Branley, who had assets of £2,075, with interest, being a sum of money on deposit in the Castlebar branch of the National Bank, and twenty Ordinary Shares in the National Bank.

The defendants in that action were the National Bank and Agnes Augusta Harrison, 582 Throop avenue, Brooklyn, New York, a niece and one of the next-of-kin of the deceased man.

The action was brought by the plaintiff to have the aforementioned property declared as part of the assets of the deceased man, and to have the trusts of the will carried into execution under the direction of the Court.

For the plaintiff, Mr. Leonard stated that prior to the death of the old man, Thomas Branley, a dutiful niece from America came to see him. When she left the deposit receipt and the share certificate were missing.. Proceedings were taken to establish the will, and the young lady contested it. She admitted that she had in her possession the script and the deposit receipt. Under that will she was a beneficiary to the extent of £700, and she would have received about £100 out of the residuary estate. His lordship had made an order declaring that the deposit receipt was part of the assets of the deceased man's estate. The shares, which were specifically bequeathed to two other nieces, were ordered to be sold. Two brothers and this lady took out administration in the United States, and the only property there was the deposit receipt, which was not even a document of title. When administration was got the lady took an action in the United States against her two brothers and the National Bank. No relief for costs or otherwise was asked against her brothers, but the National Bank was asked to pay over to Miss Harrison £2,500. The lady obtained an interdict against the National Bank, by whom binding security had to be given for the payment of her claim and costs.

The plaintiff did not interfere with the American action, but his lordship gave permission to intervene in the American proceedings to point out the position of affairs. Finally, the bank paid the lady 800 dollars (£229), and she released the bank and the plaintiff from all claims. If she had not interfered with the administration of the estate, she would have received £700 in full and probably another £100 out of the residuary estate. Out of the £229 which she received she had to pay her American lawyers.

Mr. Justice Meredith—She has probably got £29 for herself.

Mr. Vaughan Wilson (instructed by Mr. P. C. Furlong), for the National Bank, said that the plaintiff acted in the most friendly way throughout these proceedings. The law in America was very drastic. All the funds that the National Bank had in America were attached, and the bank had to pay a large premium in order to provide the indemnity required.

Mr. Justice Meredith made orders directing the payment of the following sums:—£300 to the National Bank, £29 to John J. Egan, counsellor-at-law, New York, who acted for the plaintiff, and £26 8s. 3d. to the administrator for taxed costs previously incurred. Payment was also directed of plaintiff's costs, including reserved costs, miscellaneous costs in the proceedings, and the costs of the National Bank up to date.

## CHURCH SERVICES.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL.—Morning Service at 10 o'clock. Psalm, 139. Jubilate, 30. Litany. Hymn, 416. Evening Service at 4 o'clock. Unaccompanied Service. Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Goss in A. Anthem, "God so loved," Goss, 161.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.—Morning Prayer at 10.45 o'clock. Hymn, 584. Litany. Evening Prayer at 3 o'clock. King in F. Anthem, "How goodly are Thy tents," Ouseley.

(Continued from previous column.)

of a minor, a girl of 19 years of age, who had resided in Belfast and was now living in England.

The application was granted.

Messrs. James Harte and Son, solicitors, received permission to convert half of £1,894, standing in the names of the children of Thomas Maher, Bagenalstown, Co. Carlow, under his will.

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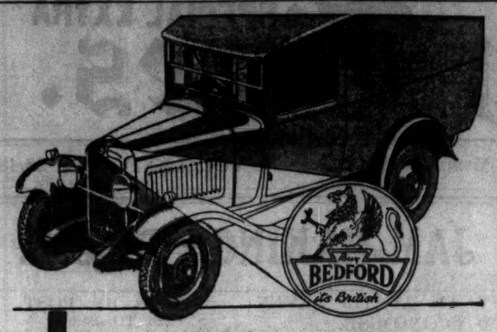


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## BALLINA IMPORTS.

### THE USE OF AN ELEVATOR.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE MEREDITH.)

Reserved judgment was delivered in the action of Mr. Joseph Murphy, merchant, Ballina, seeking an injunction to restrain the River Moy Harbour Commissioners from, as alleged, giving undue preference to their chairman, Mr. James Murphy, the plaintiff's brother, in the use of a grain elevator at Ballina. The defendants denied the plaintiff's allegation.

The Attorney-General, Mr. Leonard, K.C., and Mr. Micks (instructed by Messrs. Ruttledge and Corr) appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Gavan Duffy, K.C., Mr. Lavery, K.C., and Mr. P. Burke (instructed by Messrs. Bourke, Carrig and Loftus) for the defendants.

Mr. Justice Meredith said that this action was concerned with a dispute about the use of an elevator and loft, which, under modern conditions, constituted an essential convenience for the unshipping of goods, if the importation of grain into the port and harbour of Ballina was to be a commercial proposition. The defendants had given notice for tenders for a lease of four-fifths of the loft, and the plaintiff claimed that if the head of the firm of Murphy Bros., of Ballina, obtained this lease the remaining free one-fifth of the loft would not be sufficient for the use of the elevator by the other importers. The plaintiff claimed that the proposed lease would accord a virtual monopoly in whoever obtained the lease.

Mr. Justice Meredith held that the plaintiff's claim in respect of this lease was a claim to enforce a public right, and that, accordingly, the Attorney-General was a necessary party. The plaintiff's claim in respect of the lease must, therefore, be dismissed.

Continuing, he said that the plaintiff also claimed damages for delays that had been occasioned to him in respect of the discharge and removal of his cargo from his steamship, the Lancashire. He held that the plaintiff had failed to show any action that could be regarded as a tort, and that, accordingly, the plaintiff's claim for damages must be dismissed. "But," said Mr. Justice Meredith, "this is not to be taken to mean that I hold that the plaintiff has no grievance. I have no doubt whatever on the evidence as to the way the business of the harbour was managed. If the s.s. Lancashire had been berthed first, and was first unshipped, the defendants would have taken adequate steps to ensure the northern section of the loft being left free for Murphy Bros. as soon as they required same. The real root of the trouble, he stated, was the absence of any by-laws under Section 83 of the Act of 1847. The question, accordingly, was whether the Commissioners were bound to make such by-laws as they thought fit for regulating these important matters, or whether they could regulate them by *ad hoc* resolutions or instructions. Could the Commissioners by *ad hoc* instructions from time to time apply one rule for Murphy Bros. and another for the plaintiff and Messrs. Pollexfen? He found it difficult to conceive that that could be so. He considered that the making of proper by-laws was essential in the public interest, if the Commissioners were to carry out their business in a regular manner.

It was quite unnecessary to do more than to advert to the general scope and purpose of the defendants' special Act and the Act of 1847 in order to see that the intention of the Legislature was that the public business entrusted to the defendants should be regulated by proper by-laws, not that the defendants could escape the necessity of having their by-laws approved or published by having no by-laws at all, and just giving the Harbour Master what instructions they pleased from time to time.

### BY-LAW DECLARATION.

Mr. Justice Meredith referred to a number of authorities, and held that, in accordance with those authorities, it was the duty of the Harbour Commissioners to make proper by-laws.

The proper procedure to adopt to compel the defendants to make such by-laws was by *mandamus* at the suit of the Attorney-General. He did consider that the defendants were proceeding under a misconception as to their duty under Section 83. That being so, he considered that he had jurisdiction to make such a declaration as would clear up the misconception under which the defendants intended to regulate their transactions with the plaintiff.

He saw no objection to giving the plaintiff some measure of relief by making a declaration that any conditions and restrictions which the defendants imposed upon the plaintiff in his use of the elevator and loft erected on the South quay should be in accordance with or subject to by-laws made by the defendants under the statutory powers enabling them in that behalf. He accordingly gave the plaintiff a declaration to that effect.

Mr. Leonard said that his client did not want any costs against the defendants.

Mr. Justice Meredith—I was going to let the matter of costs be argued.

Mr. Gavan Duffy said that his clients had been brought into Court on a claim for damages which was not sustained, and the Court had also ruled that the injunction did not lie. The plaintiff got a declaration for which he did not ask and which had not been argued. On the matters fought his clients had won and were entitled to costs. He asked that his lordship should make it clear that his declaration regarding the by-laws did not prejudice any right which the defendants might have to make a lease in regard to the elevator loft.

Mr. Justice Meredith—I have not decided that, and I will leave it an open question. I have said nothing to prejudice you on the question whether you may have a right to make a lease of the whole loft. Each party would have to pay their own costs.


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SUPERFINE SEAMLESS ART SILK STOCKINGS *(Flesh Colour)*

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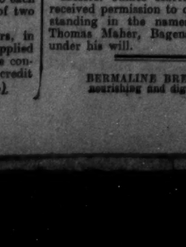

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No matter what your choice you'll get it pure and fresh at Sawers. Appetising . . delicious . . gleaming sparkling fish, fresh from the salt seas. . . . Only the finest, whether fish or poultry.

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## THE FASHION PARADE.

### MAKING PERSONALITY DOMINATE FINERY.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

*PARIS, Thursday.*

SUNDAY *chic* is getting a lot of concentrated attention from the style source. Paris is just the place to go away from on the first of every week in Summer. Everybody puts on the best that the clothes closet offers for daytime, and hies off, if it's no further than the so-called gates of Paris, to Longchamps and Auteuil, where races are giving all comers a chance to lose money, and wear smart clothes. Over the *pesage* of a Sunday there hangs a blue haze, shot through with spots of vivid red, green or yellow; for it's a blue season, and blue, in all its tones, is the colour that the majority of smart race-goers prefer. They jazz it up with yellow, red and other gay, but not gaudy, tones, or they purify it with white details.

### *One Basic Fact.*

If you want to join the fashion parade this season you must remember one basic fact. The slim line that moulds the body is the recipe for Paris *chic*, for both day and evening. General fulness in dress, and even coat geography, is an unknown quantity this season, except where that pampered member, the sleeve, is concerned. The 1932 conception of formal elegance, as demonstrated in Paris on gala evenings, is that of person, rather than finery. Never have formal fashions been so Greek in their purity and length of line, in their absence of nick-nacks and nonsense.

*Pale orchid mousseline-de-soie, with a pattern of violet and yellow pansies, is the material of this simple afternoon dress. Excellent for a woman of rounded proportions, by reason of the cross-over corsage and flowing skirt.*

The colours for such occasions are difficult, with the exception of black and white, patronised by such distinguished persons as the Princess de Paris and the Comtesse de Polignac. There are trying subtle shades of orchid or mauve, odd greys and light blues, which only a super-smart woman can dominate. There is a blueish, sulphurous, pale green and an exquisite rose-beige. The light rosy and vermillion reds offered by the dressmakers, are not much worn, though they are seen.

Printed chiffon frocks which are worn for informal evening wear are taboo for the *grandes soirées* in Paris. Plain chiffon, and, above all, the exquisite new dull crêpes, with an angel-skin surface and the exciting summer weaves of marocain, are extremely smart.

### *New Evening Wraps.*

There are many new evening wraps to be seen in Paris. The most thrilling are the finger-tip length draped cloaks that flare from the shoulders in the back, in the way we used to call "Watteau." The hip-length, very much draped, velvet cape-jackets, are a second new fashion, and the long and knee-length taffetas cloak lined in velvet or velveteen, are a sensation. Fur-trimmed shawls are being worn by some very smart Parisiennes, and there are to be seen also many floor-length coats and short-draped capes, in fur or fur-trimmed. Street coats are noticeably shorter, and show a few inches of the dress. There are many three-quarter lengths, and a length that comes between that, and the waistline jacket.

Sport coats bear another stamp of the season. Necklines are not the conventional kind that fit closely about the neck; they are instead cut very deeply into the coat, and give an irregular line, which is accentuated by a short rolled collar that does not fold smoothly, but which gives that careless, sporty look—a studied carelessness.

### *The "Suspender" Dress.*

Suspender-dresses are just the thing to pop into your trunk with your holiday outfit. A new travel-fashion this, which is little more than an extra high skirt, worn with various brassière-length blouses and sweaters. Such dresses have their suit-jackets, and slip under the necessary top coat with ease. Another smart French idea is the suit with a woollen and a silk or cotton jacket, which takes care of you on warm or cool days. Woollen, silk and cotton scarves are all smart, and when you go on a long trip all three are necessary. Cotton and kid gloves will meet all occasions, and the new white cotton crochet gloves are nice for travelling.

Two hats are the minimum for any trip that a girl can make. A brim sailor hat is imperative. Fashion and the sun command it. And equally you must have a small collapsible bonnet, or the wicked winds will get you. A third hat is almost a necessity, one that is simple, but not fussy.

### *Jolly Little Details.*

The gaiety of the warm days brings out a *floraison* of jolly little details. Costumes are the trees, accessories the leaves and buds. In accessory *ensembles* we have re-iterated notes and syncopations. Companion hats and scarves are good. Sometimes they are of the same material, often there is a looser relation—the weave in different textures, a mixed paillasson, a mixed silk, linen or luciole, and a crêpe-de-Chine scarf.

Two, three, five, six, or even more, bright colours, softened to blend, add personality to plain costumes. One shoe and bag ensemble, embroidered harlequin-wise in wool, actually flaunts ninety-seven different tones.

To dare the rainbow you must be sure of your case or that of your couturiere. It is easier to juggle plain than iridescent spheres without a bump on the nose.

Purses, cigarette-cases, glove-cuffs, even necklaces, are studded in gay patterns. Gloves are going up. Many half-length gloves are worn pulled over the sleeves or tailored costumes. Very long gloves climb almost to the shoulder of sleeveless frocks. Plain sac gloves are always good. Gauntlets buttoned up the back are favoured, and a companion purse is sometimes buttoned down the side. Little gold or silver balls trill gaily down the flaring cuffs of black and white kids. And there are some very short gloves, with narrow cuffs fastened inside or outside the wrist by tabs drawn through gold rings. Uncompromising flat, oblong steel buckles ensure the virtue of black suede.

## *How to Avoid Monotony.*

### *Tasty Ways of Serving Meat.*

THE meat course, particularly when economy has to be considered, is apt to be monotonous. Here are some suggestions for varying the treatment of the less expensive cuts.

### *Boned Brisket of Beef.*

Tie about 3lb. of brisket into a round with fine string, stick six cloves into the meat and rub seasoning of pepper and salt well in. Simmer in a pint and a half of stock for an hour, then remove from the saucepan and cover with a gill of breadcrumbs mixed with a beaten egg. Brown in the oven.

Serve with a brown onion sauce, to which a teaspoonful of chopped parsley has been added.

### *Beef Cakes.*

Put 2lb. of beefsteak and a pound of beef suet through a mincing machine, adding pepper and salt and a half-teaspoonful of allspice. Shape into small flat cakes, roll in flour and fry a light brown. Serve with brown sauce.

***

### *MINCED MEAT.*

Minced meat sometimes is inevitable in the menus of most households, but it is capable of infinite and economical variations to relieve any possible monotony.

### *Veal Mince.*

To serve with macaroni, chop the meat finely and mix with some chopped ham. Add some grated breadcrumbs, a grate of lemon peel, seasonings, and bind with some stock and an egg. Boil six ounces of macaroni in quickly-boiling salted water, and drain well. Line a greased mould with the macaroni—some of it can be mixed with the meat if liked—fill with mince, cover with greased paper, and steam for an hour.

### *Beef Mince.*

Chop the meat finely. Melt an ounce of fat and stir in an ounce of flour, and add gradually half a gill of stock. Mix in some tomato sauce and then the meat, and simmer gently for fifteen minutes. Equal quantities of stock and tomato sauce are required, but, if liked, a little mushroom ketchup can be used and a larger proportion of stock. Choose a large dish, and make a mound of cooked spinach in the centre and a border of cooked rice round the edge, and serve in this the mince.

### *Dutch Mince.*

Soak three ounces of stale breadcrumbs in milk and water, and then mix with minced meat—either veal and pork, pork and beef, or beef and veal, well seasoned. Mix in three ounces of dripping and a little nutmeg, and bind with an egg. Form it into a cake or ball, and fry in hot fat.

## *THE BEST WAY.*

WHEN lettuces grow large and old they are not suitable for salads, but they can be used for making excellent vegetable dishes.

**Lettuce a la Poulette.**—4 lettuces, 1 pint of white sauce, salt, pepper, ¼ nutmeg, 2 eggs.

Wash the lettuces well, remove the thick stalks, which are inclined to be bitter, and any decayed leaves. Put all the sound leaves into a pan of boiling, salted water, and boil for ten to fifteen minutes. Drain, then chop the lettuces lightly and put them into a pan with the white sauce, salt, pepper and nutmeg, and simmer until the lettuces are tender. Draw the pan to the side of the fire and stir in the beaten yolks of the eggs. Stir over low heat until the eggs thicken, then put the mixture into a hot dish and garnish with fried sippets of bread.

**Stuffed Lettuce**—4 large lettuces, 4 oz. of breadcrumbs, 2 oz. of suet, 1 teaspoonful of chopped parsley, 1 teaspoonful of chopped thyme and marjoram, mixed, grated rind of ½ lemon, salt, pepper, 1 egg, 1 pint of stock or gravy, 1 teaspoonful of sugar.

Wash and trim the lettuces and boil them in salted water for fifteen minutes. Lift them up and put them into cold water, then drain. Mix the breadcrumbs, suet, parsley, thyme and marjoram and grated lemon rind; season well, and bind the mixture with the beaten egg.

Open the lettuce leaves and insert a little of the forcemeat in each; tie them up and put them into a pan with the gravy, vinegar, salt and pepper, and simmer for another fifteen minutes. Remove the strings, dish the lettuces on a hot dish, and pour the gravy over and round.

A nut stuffing may be used for these made by mixing four ounces of any kind of nuts with three ounces of boiled rice. Season well, bind with beaten egg or a little thick sauce. Stew in brown, white, or tomato sauce.

The stuffed lettuces may be braised by placing them in a stewpan with thin slices of bacon placed under and over them. Add a peeled, sliced carrot and onion, a bunch of herbs, 2 cloves, 10 peppercorns, and cook very gently either in the oven or over low heat for 1½ hours. Add a tablespoonful of sherry to the sauce before serving it. Dish the lettuces as above.

## *Eat More Fish.*

The home consumption of fish in Ireland has reached a very low average per head of the population. In order to stimulate the consumption of this valuable food the Sea Fisheries Association are starting a propaganda which will reach the remotest parts of the country. Vans will make regular visits, carrying all the different varieties of fish, attractively displayed and offered at reasonable prices. Hitherto perfectly fresh fish has been unobtainable in inland districts, and even on the coasts has not been plentiful.

The Sea Fisheries' Association of Saorstat Eireann, Ltd., was established to revive the sea-fishing industry, and has, in addition to chartering trawlers, provided its 2,000 members with equipment for catching more fish.

The times at which the vans will call at the various centres will be notified in our advertising columns. The campaign opens in the Midlands. Any future lack of regular supplies in a locality will be remedied if communication is made with 45 Kildare street, Dublin.

## *Talks on Many Things.*

### *The Gentle Art of Jam Making.*

DEAR MARY,—I am holiday-making in a great fruit-growing county, with an aunt whose reputation for jams is the envy of the family. Some of the golden rules for success she whispered in my ear may be of use to you also. First get your fruit fresh; if you can gather it in your own garden there is no difficulty; if not, order it straight from a fruit-grower, and, failing that, go to the market early in the morning. The extra trouble is ten times repaid in the delicious flavour and clear colour of the jam.

The second rule is: Always use under-ripe in preference to over-ripe fruit. The reason for this rule is that, as fruit ripens it loses the pectin, or gum, that causes it to "jell" when boiled. Also, if the fruit used lacks natural acid it will not make firm jam unless acid is supplied by adding tartaric acid, lemon juice, or another fruit. For example, strawberries contain a greater proportion of water than of solid matter, and are consequently poor in pectin and acid, but this deficiency can be made good by adding strained gooseberry pulp. I have never tasted better jam than some made according to the following recipe: it had no flavour of gooseberry, was a beautiful red colour, and of exactly the right consistency:—

### *A Recipe.*

Take 4lb. strawberries, 4lb. sugar, 2lb. gooseberries. Wash the gooseberries, put them in a pan, cover with cold water, bring to the boil, and then mash them. Simmer the mashed fruit gently for about twenty minutes, and then strain through a jelly cloth or rub through a sieve. The strained pulp should weigh about 4lb. Place it in a pan with the strawberries, and simmer for thirty minutes. Add the sugar, bring to the boil, and stir all the time. Boil the jam briskly for fifteen minutes. Remove any scum, and test for jellying by dropping a little jam on a cold saucer.

If, when cool, the jam sets so as to "stay put" when the saucer is held vertically it is sufficiently cooked, and should be allowed to cool before potting.

A scrumptious raspberry jam is made with 4lb. raspberries, 4lb. sugar, and 1lb. red currants. The method is the same as in the previous recipe, except that the red currants only require one tablespoonful of water, and only the juice of the red currants is added to the raspberries.

### *With Roses.*

Anyone with a garden full of damask roses should try this unusual recipe for raspberry jam. Pick red damask roses in full bloom and dry the petals in a shady room, spreading them in one thin layer on sheets of paper. Take 1lb. of the dried petals and 3lb. raspberries. Boil for ten minutes, then add 2lb. sugar for every pound of the mixture, and boil till the jam sets when tested.

If you glance through jam recipes you will find that the majority of fruits do not need the addition of water, or only a very small quantity; but black currants, oranges, lemons and other tough-skinned fruits require long cooking to soften them. Therefore, a good deal of water must be added to allow for the extra cooking. For example, here is a recipe for amber jelly—a delicious breakfast marmalade that can be made all the year round—in which water is an important item. Take one grape fruit, one orange and one lemon. Cut up the fruit coarsely, removing cores and pips, then put it through the mincer. To the minced fruit add a pint of water for every pound. Leave till next day, then boil for 15 minutes. Leave another day, then add a pound of sugar for every pound of the mixture, and boil till it jells.

### *Setting Quality.*

You notice that in all the recipes the fruit is boiled soft before the addition of sugar, because sugar changes with prolonged boiling, and so destroys the setting quality and flavour of the jam. As a general rule, the fruit, or fruit and acid, takes from 20 to 30 minutes' boiling before the sugar is added. Unless your recipe says otherwise, jam should be potted as soon as it is cooked. Cover it with a circle of waxed paper (the waxed side to the jam), and tie it down with moistened parchment paper.

To avoid the risk of perforating the parchment with your nib, write the name and date of the jam on a gummed label, and then gently press the label on to the cover.—

Yours,

AILEEN.

*In flame lace the corsage of this evening bodice crosses in front with a twisted movement, and ties at the back in a double bow.*

AS a cleanser and beautifier for the complexion lemon has few rivals, and a simple recipe can be made at home which will do all that the skin needs in the way of a safe astringent and a cleansing and whitening medium at one and the same time.

Take equal quantities of lemon juice and white of egg and beat well together in a casserole. Place over a gentle heat and stir with a wooden spoon until it acquires the consistency of

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*Sauces.*

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* * * *

...N parsley is wanted for garnishing, ...op it very finely, then screw it up ... the corner of a clean cloth, hold ... few seconds under the cold water ...queeze it as dry as possible. Shake ... the cloth, and it will fall like a ...der.

# FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

## TONE AND COMMENT

### DUBLIN STRONG.

### GUINNESS BUOYANT.

The feature of the Dublin Stock Market yesterday was the buoyant price of Guinness units on the announcement of a final dividend of 17 per cent., as compared with last year's 15 per cent. and bonus of 5 per cent. The total is 29 per cent., against 35 per cent. in 1931, and the carry forward is £846,000 against £960,417 brought in. This result is much beyond market expectations, and the shares were eagerly bought up to 79s., a rise of 5s. for the session.

The other sections of the market were strong in sympathy, and Free State Loans, 3 per cent. Land Stock, and Dublin New Fives all closed substantially higher. The Banking section held its ground better than for some days. Dublin Tram Pref. improved and Alliance Gas kept firm.

The Industrial market was small, and some price movements were strong, such as the rises in Imperial and Canadian Tobaccos and Coats. There was nothing, however, to indicate that this long-suffering and depressed section of the list is rising out of the slough of depression in which it has laboured so long. But a better time may not be far off.

## LONDON FIRM.

### BRITISH FUNDS EASIER.

A generally firm tone prevailed in the London Stock markets yesterday, and although in the majority of directions trading was still on rather modest lines, the upward trend apparent in values recently was continued, and, with a few exceptions, the price movements returned at the close were favourable to holders, the margins in a number of instances being of fairly substantial proportions. Some very satisfactory company announcements were made yesterday, and these were reflected in the shares of the companies concerned. The directors of Arthur Guinness announce a final dividend of 12 p.c. and a bonus of 5 p.c., making a total distribution of 29 p.c. for the year, as compared with 35 p.c. in all for the previous year. The rate of the final dividend and the bonus was rather in excess of general expectation, and the price of the £1 units rose sharply. Watney, Combe, Reid and Co. are paying a final dividend of 10 p.c., making 15 p.c. for the year against 19 p.c. Market estimates in this case had been for a final of 9 p.c., or even 8 p.c., and the shares developed a strong tone following the announcement. A further announcement providing the market with a pleasant surprise was that of the Metropolitan Railway Co., for whereas the market had looked for an interim of ¼ p.c., the interest on the Consolidated Ordinary is to be ¾ p.c. An outstanding feature of strength in other directions was provided by the Rubber Share market. The further appreciation in raw material values was reflected in an expansion of interest, and quotations rose sharply practically all along the line. The firm tone apparent in British Funds on Wednesday was again in evidence in the early trading yesterday, and values rose further. Later, however, easier conditions developed, and by the close initial improvements were replaced by losses, the list of price movements shown at the end making a dull showing. Irregular conditions ruled among Foreign Government Stocks. German Sevens at 79½ were 1¼ points lower, and Brazil 6½ p.c. 1927 lost a point to 35. Chinese issues, on the other hand, displayed a firmer tendency, and French Fives and Fours each closed ¼ higher. There was not a great deal passing among British Rails, and, although the undertone was somewhat firmer, price changes were few and of little consequence. Colonial and Foreign Rails also experienced an idle session, and apart from "Canpacs," which regained nearly the whole of Wednesday's loss, a somewhat easier tone prevailed. A confident tone characterised the majority of sections of the Industrial market. The trans-Atlantic descriptions provided an outstanding feature and values rose smartly, while Breweries, Iron and Steels and a number of the Miscellaneous issues closed at appreciably higher levels. Textiles, on the other hand, were uncertain. Elsewhere Oil shares, following upon the previous day's shake-out, displayed renewed strength, and Mines as a whole trading took from the strength of the metals being a favourable factor.

## THE MONEY MARKET

### £100,000 IN GOLD SOLD.

No change was made in the Bank rate yesterday, but this had no effect in Lombard street, as no change had been anticipated.

Business remained very quiet in the Discount market, and fine three months' bills were not better than ¾ p.c. The new Treasuries were quoted more or less nominal at ½ p.c.

Bank Rate Discount (changed June 30), 2%.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 60 days (fine) | ⅝–11/16 | Trade | 2 – 3 % |
| 3 months | ¾–13/16 | " | 2¼ – 3 % |
| 4 " | ¾–13/16 | " | 2¼ – 3 % |
| 6 " | 11/16–11/8 | " | 2½ – 3 % |
| Loans to Brokers Day-to-Day | | | ½ % |
| " for a week | | | ½ % |
| Deposit Allowance; Banks at Call | | | ½ % |
| " Discount Houses at Call | | | ½ % |
| " " at Notice | | | ¾ % |

There was a very quiet demand for money, and the charge for short loans was ½ p.c. Old day-to-day money was renewed at this figure.

Silver improved ⅛d. for spot to 17¼d. per ounce, the forward price being ¼d. higher at 17⅜d. per ounce. Purchases on account of China and speculators were the cause of the rise. Gold further advanced 3d. to 116s. 7d. per ounce fine, at which price about £100,000 available in the market was taken by the unknown buyer.

The adverse tendency of the chief gold exchanges to sterling, which has been noticeable in the foreign exchange market during the past few days, was accentuated yesterday, and closing rates were generally the lowest recorded since early in March last. Dollars finished at 3.50⅞, as compared with 3.53⅜ on Wednesday. The Canadian exchange fell by 1¼c. to 4.05. Francs finished at 69¼, as compared with 90⅛ on Wednesday. Swiss francs closed at 19½, as against 18.17½; reichsmarks at 14.77½, as compared with 14¼, and belgas at 25.32½, as against 25.50. Dutch florins were 5¼c. firmer at the finish at 8.72½. The Italian exchange fell by ⅛ lira to 69, and the Spanish rate by ⅛ peseta to 43⅛. In the Far Eastern section, the Japanese yen was finally quoted at 23½, as compared with the previous close of 18¾.

| Centre | July 29 Closing Rates | | July 27 Closing Rates | | Par Exch |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 3.50½ | 3.50¼ | 3.53⅛ | 3.53⅛ | 4.85⅛ |
| Montreal | 4.02 | 4.04 | 4.04 | 4.05 | 4.85⅛ |
| Amsterdam | 8.71½ | 8.73½ | 8.78 | 8.80 | 12.10 |
| Berlin | 14.75 | 14.80 | 14⅛ | 14⅛ | 20.43 |
| Brussels | 25.30 | 25.35 | 25.45 | 25.55 | 35.00 |
| Copenhagen | 18.50 | 18.60 | 18.50 | 18.60 | 18.159 |
| Geneva | 18 | 18⅛ | 18.15 | 18.20 | 25.221 |
| Madrid | 43¾ | 43⅞ | 44 | 44¼ | 25.22 |
| Milan | 68⅞ | 69¼ | 69¼ | 69½ | 92.46 |
| Oslo | 19.90 | 20.00 | 19.90 | 20.00 | 18.159 |
| Paris | 89½ | 90¼ | 90¼ | 90⅝ | 124.211 |
| Stockholm | 19⅝ | 19¾ | 19.45 | 19.50 | 18.159 |
| Alexandria | 97⅛ | 97⅝ | 97⅛ | 97⅝ | 97.5 |
| Athens | 560 | 580 | 540 | 560 | 375 |
| Helsingfors | 230 | 240 | 230 | 240 | 193.22 |
| Lisbon | 109½ | 110½ | 109½ | 110½ | 110 |
| Prague | 119¼ | 119¼ | 119 | 120 | 154.25 |
| Vienna | 30 | 32 nom | 30 | 32 nom | 34.58⅜ |
| Warsaw | 31 | 31½ | 31 | 32 | 43.58 |
| B. Ayres | | nom | | nom | 47.57⅞ |
| Lima 90 d/s | | 17.50 nom | | 17.50 nom | 17.36 |
| Mexico | | 12.62 | | 12.62 | 9.76 |
| Rio Janeiro | 29 | 31 nom | 29 | 31 nom | 51⅛ |
| Valparaiso | 4⅞ | 5⅛ nom | 4⅞ | 5⅛ nom | 5.950 |
| Calcutta | | 59 nom | | 59 nom | 40 |
| Hongkong | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 24.50 |
| Kobe (Yen) | 18¾ | 19 | 18¾ | 19¼ | 24.50 |
| Shanghai | 20 | 20⅛ | 20 | 20⅛ | 29 |
| Singapore | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | 27¼ | 27⅛ | 29 |

* Rate quoted in London.

### MINING REPORT.

LAKE VIEW AND STAR.—The following further information respecting the development of the No. 4 lode at the 3,550 ft. level has been received by cable from the general manager:—"South drive, north of Horseshoe Chaffers Boundary, over 87ft. south of Horseshoe Chaffers Boundary, over width of 64ft., average value 35/-; 83ft. south, over width of 7ft., average value 15/-; 102ft. south, over width of 49ft., average value 10/-; neither was opened."

## MARKETS AT A GLANCE.

*Thursday Night.*

**STOCKS AND SHARES:**

London firm.

Dublin strong.

Manchester Textiles quiet

Birmingham Motors improving.

New York higher.

**MONEY:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank of England Rate | 2 | p.c. |
| Last Year | 2½ | p.c. |
| Irish Banks' Rate | 3 | p.c. |
| London Day-to-Day Loans | ½ | p.c. |
| London Fine 3-Months' Bills | ½ | p.c. |

## THE INDUSTRIAL MARKET.

### GUINNESS UNITS RALLY.

Cheerful conditions prevailed in the Industrial market yesterday. The overnight advance on Wall street assisted sentiment from the outset, while the market later derived encouragement from the final dividend announcements of Arthur Guinness and Watney, Combe, and Reid, and from the decision of the Enfield Cable Board to maintain the interim at 10 p.c. The Guinness statement was regarded as especially satisfactory, and a sharp rally took place in the units.

International counters were marked up at the commencement on the overnight rise in New York, and after some hesitation developed an upward trend in the afternoon. Most of the business, however, was transacted after hours in the "street," when trading took place on quite an appreciable scale.

The Cable stocks received little attention. The Pref. strengthened to 58⅜, although the "A" issue sagged to 17⅞.

Leyland Motors were marked up 9d. to 27s. and Ford added 6d. to 18s., while Thomas Tillings advanced 1s. to 62s. after a fair trading.

A good inquiry again existed for Electricals, and, with only a few exceptions, price movements among both Equipment and Supply shares were in the upward direction.

There was not a great deal of business passing among Iron and Steels. Babcocks, however, attracted fair attention and left off 1s. 9d. to the good at 43s. 6d.

A brisk rally was witnessed in Guinness units following the final dividend announcement, which, as already indicated, was above general expectations. Following the news they rose from around 75s. to 79s., and subsequently changed hands at 80s. on several occasions before closing 5s. to the good at 79s. 6d. The Watney final was also rather better than had been anticipated, and the Defd. gained 1s. to 41s. 6d., while Courage at 40s., Distillers at 49s. and Ind Coope at 43s. all left off moderately better on the day.

Both "Bats" at 4-⅛ and "Imps" at 4½ closed with fractional improvements after a fair turnover, while more inquiry was reported for Carreras "A" and "B". The former added ⅛ to 4⅞, while the latter put on 6d. to 11s. 6d.

The Textile group remained on the dull side owing to further adverse reports concerning the labour position. Bradford Dyers were scaled down 6d. to 15s. 6d. and Nine Spinners yielded 6d. while Lancashire Cotton eased a few pence further to 34s. 3d. and Calicos drooped to 7s. 4½d. Bleachers, however, regained 4½d. to 11s. 4½d. and Patons and Baldwins hardened to 33s. 1½d.

Courtaulds remained steady around 27s. 9d. and Celanese strengthened to 6s. 1½d.

In the Refreshment and Catering group Tate and Lyles were prominent with an advance of 9d. at 40s. 6d., while United Dairies continued to be picked up and left off 7½d. higher at 44s. 3d. The Unilever "twins" moved up ⅛ to 1-⅛, helped by continental advices, while International Tea strengthened to 28s. 6d., Aerated Bread to 21s., and H.P. Sauce to 4½.

An upward trend was maintained in the Insurance group.

Banks generally showed little alteration.

In the Miscellaneous group Imperial Airways received further attention, following the attention drawn to their considerably improved receipts. The shares were dealt in above 20s. and finished at that level with a further gain of 1s. 6d. Trading reports helped Chemicals, which closed around the best of 17s. 3d., a rise of 7½d. Oil shares and improvements were also registered in British Oil and Cake, Dunlops and Pinchin Johnsons.

### OIL SHARES FIRMER.

Although trading in the Oil Share market yesterday was on a rather quiet scale, there was a distinctly firmer tendency than on Wednesday. Advices received from New York were satisfactory, higher prices coming over for several American Oil stocks. A firm start here resulted, while when it became evident that local profit-taking had ceased, prices resumed their upward movement. French operators were doing little, but were small sellers of international counters. The shares offered on Paris account were, however, well taken here. At the close the bulk of the movements were of a favourable nature, the leaders, as well as a number of the more speculative descriptions, advancing.

### RUBBER SHARES RISING.

Public attention in the Rubber Share market yesterday was on broader lines than for months past, and although the volume of business passing still left much to be desired, share values quickly responded to the increased attention which followed the further advance in commodity values, and at the close the list presented a practically unbroken record of improvements, many of them being of a substantial nature. Linggi were the outstanding feature, and an advance of 1s. 9d. was shown to 8s., while Highlands at 12s. showed an improvement of 1s. 6d. Grand Central, Anglo-Malay, Malacca, and United Sua Betong were each 1s. harder. Rubber Trusts put on a further 9d., as did Java Amalgamated, while Batu Tiga closed a like amount to the good at 7s. Anglo-Dutch, Tandjong, Tandjong Malim and Telogoredjo were other outstanding firm markets. Business in the raw material market was on decidedly brisker lines, and prices, after a firmer commencement, strengthened still further. Spot and August sold from 2-⅛d. to 2-⅜d. per lb., with October to December called 2½d. to 2⅝d. per lb., and January to March 2½d. to 2⅝d. per lb.

## MOTORS AND TEXTILES.

### BIRMINGHAM.

Fair inquiry for Motor shares, and prices improved. Leylands stronger. Austins, Dennis, and Fords all firmer. Rovers hardened. Rileys sagged.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Austins | 28/- | Lucas | 62/6 |
| Do. Prefd. | 14/9 | Rolls | 37/3 |
| Bimetals | 17/6 | Rovers | 2/3 |
| Components | 1/5 | Singers | 6/9 |
| Dennis | 12/6 | S.T.D. | 6/7½ |
| Fords | 18/3 | Standards | 41/6 |
| Guys | 1/10½ | Triumphs | 5/- |
| Humbers | 6/- | Dunlops | 12/- |
| Leylands | 26/9 | Rileys | 26/- |

### MANCHESTER.

Textiles again moved quietly, but prices showed little change.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bleachers, 11/-11/6 | Courtaulds, 27/6-28/- |
| Calicos, 7/-7/6 | Dunlops, 12/-12/3 |
| Dyers, 15/9-16/3 | Turner & Newall, 23/9-24/3 |
| Cottons, 35/9-36/3 | Bakers & Barlow, 6/3-7/9 |
| Spinners, 10/6-11/- | Wall Paper Def., 27/3-27/9 |
| "Rubbers," 3/9-4/- | |
| Coats, 44/9-45/3 | |
| Velveta, 15/-14/- | |

### INSURANCE SHARES.

BUSINESS DONE IN LONDON.—Alliance, 21⅞, 8; Atlas, 12⅜, 9; Commercial Union, 20⅜, 1; Eagle Star Ord., 13⅝, 13, 8; Employers', 50/6, 1/5; General Accident, 44¾, 6; Guardian, 11⅝, 4; London and Lancashire Fire, 10⅜, 8; London and Provincial Marine, 10, 1; London Assurance, 10, 1; Northern, 17½, 2; N.B. and Mercantile, 35¼, 1; Phœnix, 14⅝, 15; Provincial, 3⅝, 2; Royal Exchange, 6⅝; Royal Insurance, 72⅜, 4; Sun Insurance, 73/6, 4; Sun Life, 53⅜.

BUSINESS DONE IN LIVERPOOL.—Alliance New Shares, 23⅝, 5; Commercial Union, 20⅜, 1; Eagle Star Ord., 13⅝, 50/6; London and Lancashire, 39½, 5; Employers', 1/-, 50/6; London Assurance, 5⅛, 10, 6½; North British, 53/-, 11/9; Northern Assurance, 17⅜, 1; Phœnix, 14⅝, 15; Royal Insurance, 72⅜, 4; Sun Insurance, 73/6, 6/6; Sun Insurance, 74/6, 6d., 9d., 5/-; Yorkshire Insurance, 73/-.

## LATEST CLOSING AND STREET PRICES.

### BRITISH FUNDS, ETC.

| | Closing. | Rise or fall |
|---|---|---|
| Consols 2½% | 72⅛ 73⅛ | – ½ |
| Do. 4% | 100½ 102 | – ½ |
| War Loan 4½% | 102 103 | ..... |
| Do. 4% | 101 102¼ | ..... |
| Funding Loan | 108½ 109 | ..... |
| Victory Bonds | 106½ 107 | ..... |
| 3½% Conversion Loan | 100 100½ | – ½ |
| 4½% Conversion Loan | 108½ 109¼ | ..... |
| 5% Conversion Loan | 114¾ 115¼ | – ½ |
| Irish Free State 4½% Land Bonds | 107 109 | ..... |
| India 3 % | 69¼ 70¾ | – ½ |
| Do. 3½ % | 62½ 63¼ | – ¼ |
| Do. 4½ % | 102⅞ 103¾ | – ½ |
| Do. 5½ % | 107½ 108½ | – ½ |
| Local Loans | 65½ 66 | – ¼ |
| Sudan 5½ % | 116 117 | +1 |

### COLONIAL GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Australian Com. 5 p.c. | 99¼ 100¼ | ..... |
| Do. do. 6 p.c. | 99 102 | ..... |
| British Columbia 4½ p.c., 1941 | 96 101 | +1 |
| Canada 4 p.c., 1940-60 | 101 104 | ..... |
| Cape 3½ p.c. Cons. | 96 97 | ..... |
| Ceylon 5 p.c. | 107 109 | ..... |
| N.S.W. 5 p.c., 1945-65 | 97 99 | ..... |
| Do. 4½ p.c., 1930-60 | 98 101 | ..... |
| New Zealand 6 p.c., 1935-51 | 103 106 | ..... |
| Do. 5 p.c., 1946 | 103 105 | ..... |
| Nigeria 6 p.c. | 116 118 | ..... |
| Queensland 5 p.c., 1940-50 | 96½ 99½ | ..... |
| South African 5 p.c., 1935-45 | 101 104 | ..... |
| South Australian 5 p.c., 1930-63 | 97½ 99½ | ..... |
| Do. 4 p.c., 1940-60 | 86 89 | ..... |
| Victoria 5 p.c., 1939-49 | 97½ 99½ | ..... |
| Do. 5 p.c., 1945-75 | 97 100 | ..... |
| Western Australian 5 p.c., 1945-75 | 98½ 101½ | ..... |
| Do. 5 p.c., 1930-60 | 98 101 | –1 |

### BANKS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Anglo-South American (£10) £5 paid | 5½ 5⅝ | ..... |
| Bank of Australasia | 9½ 9¾ | ..... |
| Bank of England | 312 316 | ..... |
| Bank of Montreal | 43 46 | ..... |
| Bank of New South Wales | 22 23 | ..... |
| Bank of New Zealand | 2¾ 2⅞ | ..... |
| Barclay's "A" Shares | 8 8½ | ..... |
| British Overseas | 4¾ 5¼ | + ¼ |
| Canadian of Commerce | 33 35 | ..... |
| Chartered of India | 12¼ 13¼ | ..... |
| Hong Kong and Shanghai | 111 115 | ..... |
| Lloyds | 53/6 55/6 | ..... |
| Midland | 8¼ 8⅝ | ..... |
| National Discount "B" | 99 101½ | ..... |
| National Provincial (£4 pd.) | 13 13½ | ..... |
| Royal of Canada | 33 36 | ..... |
| Standard of South Africa | 10 10½ | ..... |
| Union of Australia | 5¼ 5¾ | ..... |
| Westminster Bank (£1) | 75/6 76/6 | +1/0 |

### FOREIGN BONDS.

M.U.—July 18.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 109 | Austrian 6 p.c. Guar. | 98 99 | ..... |
| 100 | Belgian 7 p.c. | 107½ 108½ | ..... |
| 34 | Brazil 6½ p.c. S. Ids. '27 | 32½ 33½ | –1 |
| 79½ | Do 5 p.c. Fund. 1908 | 78 81 | ..... |
| 64½ | Do. 5 p.c. go., 1914 | 63 64 | ..... |
| 93 | Chinese 4½ p.c., 1898 | 93½ 94½ | ..... |
| 40 | Do. 5 p.c., 1912 | 39½ 41½ | ..... |
| 64¼ | Do. 5 p.c. Reorg. 1913 | 63 64 | ..... |
| 75 | Chinese Imp. Ry. 5% Gold | 77 81 | +3 |
| 30 | Do. Shanghai-Nanking 5 p.c. | 28 33 | ..... |
| 17 | Do. Tientsin-Pukow 5 p.c. | 10 20 | ..... |
| 100 | Czecho Slovakia Bonds | 100 101 | + ½ |
| 95 | Egyptian Unified | 94½ 95½ | ..... |
| 27½ | French 4 p.c. | 27⅜ 27⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 29¼ | Do. 4 p.c. | 29½ 26⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 84½ | German 7 p.c. | 34 35 | –1½ |
| 42 | Greek 7 p.c. | 41 44 | ..... |
| 25½ | Italian Rentes | 25 27 | ..... |
| 73 | Japan 6 p.c., 1924 | 72¼ 73¼ | ..... |
| 5 | Mexican 5 p.c., '99 | 4 8 | ..... |
| 5½ | Do. 6 p.c. 10-Y. Treas | 4 8 | ..... |
| – | Peru Internal 7 p.c. | 1½ 2 | ..... |
| 1⅞ | Roumanian Consolidated | 1½ 2 | ..... |
| 6¼ | Do. Pref. | 5½ 6½ | ..... |
| 20 | Do. Deb. | 25 28 | ..... |
| 99 | Poland 7 p.c. Sterling | 98 | ..... |
| 47¾ | Portuguese 3 p.c. | 51 52 | + ½ |
| – | Spanish 4 p.c. | 53 58 | ..... |
| 6¼ | Turkish Unified | 6 6½ | ..... |

### BRITISH RAILS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 25½ | Great Western | 25½ 26½ | + ¼ |
| – | Do. 5 p.c. Pref. | 58 61 | ..... |
| 10½ | Ldn., Mid. & Scot. Ord | 11¼ 11¾ | + ¼ |
| – | Do. 4 p.c. Pref. | 39 41 | ..... |
| – | Do. 5 p.c. Red. Pref | 39 41 | ..... |
| – | Do. 4 p.c. Pref., 1923 | 14 17 | ..... |
| 6½ | Ldn. North-East., 5 p.c. Pref. Ord. | 6¼ 6¾ | ..... |
| 2½ | Do. Def. Ord. | 3¼ 3¾ | ..... |
| – | Do. 4 p.c. Deb. | 18 | ..... |
| – | Do. 4 p.c. 2nd Pref. | 9 11 | ..... |
| 64½ | Metropolitan | 62 64 | –1 |
| 18½ | Do. District | 17 20 | ..... |
| 15 | Southern Pref. Ord. | 15¼ 15¾ | ..... |
| 5¾ | Do. Def. Ord. | 5¼ 6¼ | ..... |
| – | Do. 5 p.c. Pref. | 47 50 | ..... |
| 18/1½ | Underground Elec. (£1) | 17/9 18/3 | +0/3 |
| – | Do. Income Bonds | 102 107 | ..... |

### COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | Antofagasta Ord. | 6 9 | ..... |
| 15 | Argentine G.W. Ord. | 11 16 | ..... |
| 16½ | Bahia Blanca Gunr. 5% | 14 16 | ..... |
| 21 | Buenos Ayres Gt. Sthn | 18½ 20½ | ..... |
| 13 | Buenos Ayres & Pacific. | 9½ 12 | ..... |
| 13 | Buenos Ayres and W. | 10 13 | ..... |
| 24 | Canadian National Guar. | 7½ 8 | ..... |
| 15 | Canadian Pacific (£25). | 18½ 19½ | + ¼ |
| 17½ | Central Argentine | 16½ 18 | ..... |
| 13 | Do. 5 p.c. | 13 15 | ..... |
| 9 | Central Uruguay Ord. | 2½ 3½ | – ½ |
| 1 | Cordoba Central | 1 2 | – ¼ |
| 2 | Do. 1st Pref. | 2 4 | ..... |
| 2 | Do. 2nd Pref. | 2 4 | ..... |
| 19 | Entre Rios | 14 17 | ..... |
| 3 | Do. 4 p.c. Com. Pref. | 2½ 3½ | –1 |
| – | Grand Trunk 4 p.c. Guar | 90 94 | ..... |
| – | Do. 4 p.c. Perp. Deb. | 90 94 | ..... |
| – | Interc. Ry. Co. Ord. America | 2 | ..... |
| 11½ | Leopolding | 10½ 12½ | – ½ |
| 1 | Mexican Rails | 1 2 | ..... |
| 20/6 | Do. 4 p.c. Pref. | 1½ 2 | ..... |
| 25/6 | Do. 5 p.c. Pref. | 1½ 2 | ..... |
| 103 | San Paulo Ord. | 96 103 | ..... |
| 2½ | United Havana | 2 4 | ..... |

### AMERICAN RAILS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| – | Atchison | 40 45 | +4 |
| – | Chicago Milwaukee Nors | 5 8 | ..... |
| 4 | Erie | 5 8 | ..... |
| – | Do. 1st Pref. | 8 10 | ..... |
| – | New York Central | 15 23 | ..... |
| – | New York Ontario | 8 11 | ..... |
| – | Pennsylvania | 13 18 | +1 |
| 4½ | Southern Railway | 10 17 | +2 |
| – | Southern Pacific | 12 17 | ..... |
| 46 | Union Pacific | 57 62 | +5 |

### BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 20/9 | Allsopp £1 Shares | 20/6 21/6 | ..... |
| 51/3 | Bass, Ratcliff Ord. | 50/6 51/6 | ..... |
| 19 | Buchanan & Dewar | 17½ 20½ | ..... |
| 20/9 | City of London Def. (5/-) | 5/0 6/0 | ..... |
| 41/0 | Courage Ord. | 39/0 41/0 | +0/6 |
| 39/3 | Distillers Ord. | 37/6 40/6 | +0/4½ |
| 74/0 | Guinness Ord. (£1 units) | 78/0 79/0 | +4/0 |
| 42/0 | Hoare and Co. | 42/6 44/6 | ..... |
| 44/0 | Ind Coope Ord. | 42/6 44/6 | +0/9 |
| 47/6 | South African Breweries | 52/0 54/0 | ..... |
| – | Walker John) Pref. | 25/6 27/6 | ..... |
| 38/6 | Watney Combe Def. | 41/0 42/0 | +1/0 |

### ELECTRIC SUPPLY.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| – | Bournemouth and Poole | 69/0 71/0 | +0/6 |
| 31/9 | Charing Cross | 31/6 33/6 | ..... |
| 42/6 | City of London | 42/0 45/0 | ..... |
| 47/6 | County of London | 48/0 49/0 | +0/3 |
| – | Electric Supply Corp. | 52/0 53/0 | ..... |
| – | Lancashire | 30/6 32/6 | ..... |
| 31/0 | London Electric | 31/6 32/6 | –0/6 |
| 43/0 | Metropolitan | 43/6 46/6 | +0/3 |
| 22/6 | Newcastle | 21/6 23/6 | +0/3 |
| 32/0 | Provincial | 31/0 33/0 | ..... |
| – | South London | 31/0 33/0 | ..... |
| 31/6 | Westminster Electric | 31/0 33/0 | ..... |
| – | Whitehall Inv. Pref. | 15/6 16/6 | ..... |

### INSURANCE.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| – | Alliance £20 (£2 4/- p.) | 21 23 | ..... |
| – | Atlas £5 (£1 5/- paid) | 12⅜ 13⅜ | ..... |
| – | Com. Un. (£2½ paid) | 19½ 20½ | ..... |
| – | Eagle Star Ord. £5 | 13¼ 13¾ | ..... |
| – | Employers' £1 (5/- paid) | 2/10 3/4 | ..... |
| – | Gen. Accdt. £5 (£1¼ p.) | 14¼ 15¼ | + ¼ |
| – | Guardian £5 | 14¼ 15¼ | ..... |
| – | Law. Fire £5 (£1 p) | 27 32 | ..... |
| – | Lon. Ass. £24 (£1¼ p.) | 9¼ 10¼ | + ¼ |
| – | N.B. & Mer. £5 (£1¼ p.) | 32½ 34½ | ..... |
| – | Northern £10 (£1 paid) | 17½ 18½ | + ¼ |
| – | Phœnix £10 (£1 paid) | 14½ 15½ | ..... |
| – | Do. £1 (£.p.) | 14½ 15½ | ..... |
| – | Prudential | 24 26 | ..... |
| – | Do. "B" £1 (4/- pd.) | 2¼ 2¼ | + ⅛ |
| – | Royal Exchange | 6½ 7½ | ..... |
| – | Royal Ins. £1 (10/- pd.) | 7⅜ 7⅞ | ..... |
| – | Sun Ins. £10 | 3⅝ 3¾ | + ⅛ |
| – | Sun Life | 5 5½ | ..... |
| – | Yorkshire 50/- (10/- Pd.) | 6⅞ 7⅜ | ..... |

### IRON, COAL AND STEEL.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2/7½ | Amal. Anthracite | 2/4½ 2/10½ | ..... |
| 41/6 | Babcock, Wilcox Ord. | 42/0 44/0 | +1/0 |
| 2/1½ | Baldwins | 2/0 2/6 | +0/1½ |
| 1/6 | Brown (John) | 1/6 1/6 | ..... |
| 4/6 | Consett Iron Ord. | 3/6 4/6 | ..... |
| 5/10½ | Cammell Laird | 6/7½ 7/1½ | ..... |
| 57/0 | Cory (William) | 58/0 60/0 | +0/9 |
| 3/0 | Dorman, Long | 2/9 3/3 | ..... |
| 11/0 | Guest Kees | 11/3 11/9 | ..... |
| 1/0 | Pease and Partners | 0/7½ 1/1½ | ..... |
| 17/6 | South Durham Steel | 17/6 18/6 | ..... |
| 12/9 | Stewarts & Lloyds Def. | 12/9 13/3 | +0/3 |
| 5/9 | Vickers Ord. | 6/0 6/6 | ..... |

### LAND AND INVESTMENT.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 11/6 | Argentine Land Invest. | 5½ 5¾ | ..... |
| 10/6 | Do. Southern Land | 9½ 10½ | ..... |
| – | City San Paulo Impts. | 1⅛ 2⅛ | ..... |
| – | Commodity Share Deposit | 60 | ..... |
| – | Do. Certs. | 60 | + ⅜ |
| 5/9 | Forestal Land | 5/6 6/6 | +0/1½ |
| 18/9 | Hudson's Bay Ord. | 17/9 18/9 | ..... |
| 1/3 | Inchcape Trust | 1/3 1/6 | ..... |
| – | Internat. Invest. Certs. | ⅞ 1⅛ | +¼ |
| 1 7½ | Pekin Syndicate | 1 3 | ..... |
| 7½ | Sudan Plantations | 1/0 4 | ..... |

### NEWSPAPERS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14/9 | Assd. Newspapers Def. | 13/3 16/3 | +0/1½ |
| 12/3 | Allied News Ord. | 11/3 11/9 | ..... |
| – | Assd. Press (New) | 11/6 12/6 | ..... |
| 30/9 | Daily Mail Trust | 29/0 30/0 | +0/6 |
| 11/0 | Daily Mirror Ord. | 11/0 12/3 | +0/3 |
| – | Financial Newspapers | 2/0 3/0 | ..... |
| 1/6 | Sunday Pictorial | 1/10½ 1/9 | ..... |

### TEXTILES AND ARTSILKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 10/3 | Bleachers | 11/0 11/3 | +0/4½ |
| 15/6 | Bradford Dyers | 15/0 16/0 | –0/9 |
| 5/6 | British Celanese Ord. | 5/10½ 6/4½ | +0/1½ |
| 6/6 | Do Pref. | 6/9 6/3 | ..... |
| 7/3 | Calico Printers | 7/0 7/9 | –0/1½ |
| 1/0 | Canadian Celanese | 1/0 1/0 | ..... |
| 43/9 | Coats | 44/3 45/6 | ..... |
| 27/9 | Courtaulds | 27/3 29/0 | ..... |
| 31/0 | English Sewing Cotton | 33/0 34/0 | –0/3 |
| 11/4½ | Fine Spinners | 10/6 11/6 | –0/6 |
| – | Linen Thread Ord. | 0/9 1/3 | ..... |
| 11/7 | Lister Ord. | 11/0 12/0 | ..... |
| 1/3 | Sula Viscose | 1/3 1/3 | ..... |

### PRICES OF RECENT ISSUES.

Central Electric—7½-¾ prem.

County of London Electric—7/8-⅞ prem.

Edmundson's Electric Pref.—25/6-24/6.

Rousseau, 3 p.c. P. paid—4 3-16 7-16 prem.

### OILS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| – | Anglo-American | – – | ..... |
| 6/3 | Anglo-Ecuadorian | 6/3 6/7 | –0/3 |
| 1½

# IRISHMAN'S DIARY.

*Wireless by Instalments : The Foreign Legion : Shakespeare in Russia "Local Colour" in Newspapers : A Nantucket Sleigh Ride.*

### *Pats Abounding.*

I was talking to an American the other day who had spent the last few days of his trip in County Monaghan. He was rather surprised that the district around the River Fane and Lake Muckno, near Castleblayney, is not given more publicity. In his opinion, the scenery in the Fane valley and around the lake, where the numerous small lake islands may be seen, compares favourably with any other part of Ireland. He had also come across an interesting feature of Irish life, not confined to any one district, although he seemed to think that it was much too remarkable to be common. That is the system of nomenclature in a district where there are a number of men with the same Christian and surnames. He had heard about a great number of Pats, every one clearly distinguished from the other—Pat of the Hill, Pat of the Hollow, Brigid's Pat, Wee Pat and Big Pat. There was also Oweny Pat Ann to distinguish Owen, who was the son of Patrick and Ann, from several other Owens. The title, however, which seemed to appeal to him most was "Paddy McShane's woman's man," to denote the man who had married the widow of Paddy McShane. With "The First Mrs. Frazer" and "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" in his mind, I suppose, he had made a note of it in his pocket book for the benefit of a literary exile on the other side who might use it as a title for an Irish play.

### *Shakespeare and the Soviet.*

I see that a new version of "Hamlet" for Russian consumption has just been produced at the Vakhtangof Theatre in Moscow. The producers claim that the play was originally a vigorous melodrama, but that several centuries of capitalist tradition have turned Shakespeare's conception into a heavy moral tract. In order that the tragedy may be brought into line with the progressive culture of the Soviet, it was necessary that it should be stripped of the sentimental philosophy with which actors and scholars had overloaded it. Some western critics, however, who have seen the production are not prepared to concede that this aim, even if it had been justified, has been achieved. They hold, on the contrary, that a great tragedy has been reduced to a riotous farce. In the Soviet "Hamlet" the Prince of Denmark is a vigorous young man, whose main object is to get the crown which his uncle has usurped. Bolsheviks do not believe in the supernatural, so that the ghost had to be represented as a piece of trickery invented by Hamlet to fool the officers of the guard and range them on his side of the quarrel. The simple explanation of Ophelia's madness is that she was not mad at all, but took to drink after the death of her father. It was while drowning her sorrows that she accidentally drowned herself. Coming so soon after the devitalised Soviet version of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," this latest atrocity is said to have roused a good deal of feeling among the English and Americans in Moscow.

### *The Instalments System.*

The great drawback to the hire-purchase system, from the trader's point of view, is the risk that the purchaser may decamp before the instalments are paid. In the case of furniture the stores are reasonably safe, though the system even here has not proved rogue-proof, while in smaller articles such as books, gramophones and wireless sets the trader carries a considerable risk. A new wireless set has now been produced specially for the hire-purchaser, and more especially for the benefit of the dealer. The point about this set is that, unless the purchaser pays his instalments, it will not work. Attached to the set is a coin machine into which the instalments must be inserted at regular periods, or the set will refuse to work. Whether this will prevent the purchaser from removing both himself and the set in the hope that he may be able to redeem his coins without doing any material damage to the set remains to be seen. Revenue authorities might well insist that in future all wireless sets must have an attachment to collect the licence, either annually or quarterly.

### *A New Use for Soldiers.*

A friend of mine who has just returned from a holiday in Algiers tells me that he has often seen men of the French Foreign Legion at work along the railways near Tlemcen and Sidi-Bel-Abbes.

In her Foreign Legion France has a cheap and efficient labour force. It seems that owing to the widespread unemployment many foreigners are flocking to the Legion, despite its reputation for strict discipline and poor pay. No laxity is tolerated among the Legionnaires Latterly, too, there has been a good deal of combing out. The authorities insist on the adoption of a higher mental and physical standard.

Most trades and professions are represented in this famous French regiment, and many of the men now joining are skilled mechanics, who will eventually find their way into the engineer and pioneer companies of the Legion. These companies were formed in 1922 by Marshal Franchet d'Esperay, chiefly for work on railway construction in North Africa. They will be employed in building the railway which is to cross the Sahara desert as soon as the French Government is able to find the money for the project.

### *Coloured Newspapers.*

It must be something of a novelty to have one's morning newspaper "served up" in yellow, green, pink and white alternately. Siamese people, I understand (writes a correspondent), enjoy such "coloured news;" for the vernacular Press of Bangkok exploits a custom to which "local colour" bears more than ordinary significance. The Siamese allot a different colour to every day of the week, and panungs (the native costume) of appropriate colour are worn accordingly. Thus on Sundays the natives turn out in pink, on Mondays in yellow, and so on. The Press subscribes to this attractive colour scheme by publishing its Monday editions on yellow paper, Thursday's on green, Sunday's on pink, and those for the remaining days on white.

### *A Nantucket Sleigh Ride.*

If you have never been on a Nantucket sleigh ride, you never can have one now; for whaling in these days has become a mechanised industry, quite different from what it was in the time of Moby Dick. The Nantucket sleigh ride was the sailor's name for what happened when an angry whale with a harpoon in its back started to "run." When this occurred, the crew unshipped their oars and faced forward, taking a turn of the line around the loggerhead. Sometimes the sleigh ride took the men miles away from their ship. After the whale was tired out, they might have to wait hours, or even days, before they were picked up; occasionally, if a storm came on, the ship never found them. To-day whaling men follow the whale in motor boats and kill him with guns and bombs.

QUIDNUNC.

## MECHANISED ARMY MANŒUVRES.

### AERIAL ACTIVITY.

THROUGHOUT the day-lit hours of yesterday a flight of Irish Free State military aeroplanes swooned and droned over the hills and valleys of four counties seeking glimpses of a lost squadron. The machines were those of a force stationed at Fermoy Aerodrome, and undergoing a month's practical training under the personal supervision of Major Liston, Officer Commanding the Irish Free State Air Force. Their mimic prey was a squadron of armoured cars, twenty-one in number, which, under command of Commandant J. Lawless, left Kilworth Camp, some half a dozen miles to the north-west of Fermoy, early yesterday morning, and disappeared.

The idea underlying the manœuvres was that a hypothetical enemy force had landed overnight on the Southern coast-line of the Free State, somewhere in the vicinity of Waterford. To these imaginary foes, the flight of swift Vesper fighting machines, commanded by Captain Heron, one of the leading pilots of the Force, were attached in the capacity of scouts.

During the hours before noon banks of heavy cloud hung low over the earth and visibility was restricted. Despite these unfavourable conditions, however, the watching 'planes flew low over the lanes and by-roads of East Cork and Tipperary, observing, photographing and recording the progress of the armoured car force, moving to repulse the invaders. A watch system was maintained, an aeroplane taking-off from the aerodrome at Fermoy at the end of every hour, climbing rapidly and flying swiftly in a south-westerly direction towards an imaginary headquarters at Waterford, where a wide circle inland was made to carry out its scouting enterprise. No followers in the wake of the land force were permitted, as the presence of transports and other lines of communication would swiftly indicate the route traversed to watchers overhead, who were free to observe without the attentions of hostile fighting 'planes.

#### AN EARLY START.

Preparations for the setting-out of the armoured car column were begun at Kilworth Camp at five o'clock in the morning, and three and a half hours afterwards the squadron left for the scene of the impending "war." A circuitous route was taken, the twenty-one smoothly-running vehicles, with their deadly weapons protruding from open ports, climbing over the easy rise and fall of the Kilworth mountains into the Suir valley. With the cars strung out over a fifteen mile front, the line of march ran towards Cahir, and thence to Fethard and Clonmel. Headquarters for the night were made by the home forces at New Ross. The manœuvres will be brought to a conclusion to-night, when the armoured car squadron is expected to arrive back at Kilworth Camp.

After two o'clock in the afternoon the function of the aerial forces was changed. From that hour onward they co-operated with the land forces, noting the progress of the imaginary invaders, and searching the coastline for the place where the supposed landing had been effected. During the afternoon heavy banks of mist occasionally lay over districts in the four counties involved in the operations—Cork, Tipperary, Kilkenny, and Waterford—and the scouting 'planes at times were forced to fly a few hundred feet over the railway lines to re-discover their direction.

These manœuvres were carried out by two units at present stationed in County Cork for a month's practical training under service conditions. The headquarters of the armoured car squadron, drafted from the Army Headquarters at the Curragh, is at Kilworth Camp, which yesterday was almost untenanted, the only example of military activity being provided by a tank engaged at target practice at the shooting range on a nearby hillside. The flight of aeroplanes has its base at Fermoy Aerodrome, which is commanded by Captain Murphy. Extensive bombing and machine-gunnery practice are carried out daily under the direction of Major Liston and Captain Heron. No umpires were required during the present manœuvres, and points were not allotted, as the operations were intended to be a source of technical instruction rather than a military competition.

## ARTILLERY "SHOOT."

### DEMONSTRATION AT GLEN IMAAL.

The annual firing practices of the Free State Artillery Corps reached its culmination yesterday at Glen Imaal with a demonstration of artillery and machine-gun fires in two tactical situations, illustrating the uses of these weapons in attack and defence *rôles* in mobile warfare. The units participating were the 1st Field Artillery Brigade, under the command of Commandant P. Maher, and the Machine-Gun Company of the 3rd Infantry Battalion, under Captain J. P. McNally. The batteries comprising the Brigade were the 1st Cork Volunteer Reserve Battery, commanded by Captain James McLoughlin; the 2nd Field (Howitzer) Battery, commanded by Captain B. S. C. Thomson, and the 3rd Field Battery, under Captain D. J. Cody. The demonstration was directed generally by Major P. A. Mulcahy, the director of Artillery.

Ideal weather prevailed, and the demonstration was one of the most successful yet held. A unique feature was the inclusion of the Volunteer Reserve Battery, which was organised only about twelve months ago. Considering the short period of training, the highly technical nature of artillery work in modern warfare, and the fact that the *personnel* was almost exclusively drawn from civilian volunteers, the efficiency of this unit was noteworthy. Indeed, the whole "shoot" was an impressive illustration of the progress of training in the Artillery Corps.

The "shoot" was attended by President de Valera, Mr. Frank Aiken, Minister for Defence; Major-General H. Brennan, Chief of Staff; Major-General Aodh McNeill, Assistant Chief of Staff; Major-General J. Sweeney, General Officer Commanding, Curragh District; Colonel L. Hayes, Adjutant-General; Colonel E. V. O'Carroll, Director of Training; Colonel F. McCorley, Director of Infantry, and two hundred officers from the various units, services and departments.

Adequate broadcasting arrangements were made by the Army Signal *personnel*, under the direction of Commandant J. Smith, Director of Signals. A lucid broadcast of the tactical development of the actions which the "shoot" illustrated was given by Captain C. Trodden, Commandant of the Artillery School.

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## MR. DE VALERA'S MEETING.

A photograph taken from Trinity College showing the crowd that gathered in College Green, Dublin, last night, to hear President de Valera, who spoke from a platform erected outside the Bank of Ireland, on the right.

## DUBLIN'S POOR MARKET.

### LITTLE DEMAND FOR EXPORT.

### CATTLE DRIVEN HOME AGAIN.

THE Dublin Cattle Market yesterday was notable for a considerably larger offering of live-stock than last week, but a supply that was yet only equal to that of the day preceding the impost of the British 20 per cent. tax a fortnight ago.

A very unusual feature of the day also was that the stock that remained unsold and were withdrawn were about equal in number to the increase of the supply over last week. Some reports maintained that the withdrawn animals were 1,000 greater than the number by which yesterday's supply exceeded that of the previous week.

The total number of cattle and sheep exported from Dublin was stated to be 1,600, a figure slightly exceeding that of last week, when the totals were 1,444 (348 cattle and 1,096 sheep and lambs).

The following are the offerings of the last four Thursdays:—

| | July 7. | July 14. | July 21. | July 28. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Beasts | 2,722 | 2,469 | 915 | 1,675 |
| Sheep and Lambs | 11,859 | 7,821 | 4,894 | 8,634 |
| Milch Cows | 267 | 200 | 134 | 145 |
| Pigs | 794 | 720 | 456 | 612 |
| | 15,612 | 11,210 | 6,400 | 11,064 |

#### SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Of the 8,000 odd sheep and lambs on offer, Dublin City and suburban requirements absorbed about 3,500. Little more than half were sold, and the balance taken back to grass.

Of the cattle, little less than half remained unsold, and were driven away.

One man sold fifty or sixty lambs out of a flock of 400, and, declaring that the prices offering were ridiculous, refused to let the balance go by auction. "It is a comparatively a nuple job to send lambs in, and then out, if necessary, by motor lorry, when the market does not appear worth while," he said to an *Irish Times* reporter.

The quality of the animals was only fair. Cattle prices were £1 per head less for best cows at £12 to £14 and heifers at £13 to £15 on the average. There were few shippers in attendance, and little business was done by them.

In all classes of live-stock sellers were reluctant to let their full offerings go. Several withdrew their entire offerings, preferring to "wait and see."

#### MEAT PRICES.

In view of the decline in stock prices, householders are perturbed at the failure of meat prices in the shops to correspondingly react.

The live-weight price of stock expressed in dead-weight (meat) price in the case of lambs to-day is 5d. per lb., and it never exceeds 5½d. per lb. Yet, even in the cheaper shops, the price to the consumer is 9d. at the minimum, and in the bigger shops 1s. to 1s. 6d. per lb. When it is remembered that the consumption of lamb locally goes up in the warm weather, the margin between the wholesale and retail price prevailing is all the more insupportable. On top of this, of course, the householder is now obliged to face the prospect of costlier cooking of meat because of the rise in coal price, which seems general.

Best cattle at 45s. per cwt. may be expressed in a dead-weight (meat) price of from 6d. to 6½d. per lb., cows 3d. to 5d., and sheep 4½d. to 7d.

There has been an 8s. per cwt. drop in the cattle price since two months ago, and that would be expressed as 1½d. per lb. drop in the price of meat. But the most reasonable prices of these commodities prevailing now in Dublin shops are—Best beef, 8d. to 1s. lb.; steaks, 10d. to 1s. 2d.; mutton, 6d. to 1s.

The great army of butchers appears inarticulate upon this widening gap between the wholesale and retail prices of very important articles of Dublin's diet.

### CARRICK FAIR FAILURE.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

*CLONMEL, Thursday.*

Carrick fair was a failure to-day, only eight cattle being on sale.

### ANXIETY AT HOLYHEAD.

#### CALL TO BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

*HOLYHEAD, Thursday.*

"That we, the representatives of the people of Holyhead, appeal to the British Government to take steps to re-open the question of the dispute with the Irish Free State, and come to an amicable settlement as soon as possible. The dislocation of the usual trade via Holyhead is causing considerable privation and suffering, as the port depends principally on the movement of traffic between Great Britain and the Irish Free State."

This was the text of a resolution unanimously passed at a meeting of the local authority here last night.

Mr. Morris, in moving it, said that the position at Holyhead was growing worse as a result of the deadlock between the two countries, and would become even more serious if it continued. It was up to them as a Council to do their utmost towards securing a way out of the present unfortunate position.

"I must say," said Mr. Morris, "that the Irish Free State are spiting themselves. They are our second best customers, and we are their best customers." Holyhead, he added, would be very badly hit if no settlement was arrived at, and they would see their vessels going to and from Ireland empty.

Mr. Robert Roberts, in seconding, declared that tariffs was the whole cause of unemployment throughout the country.

In supporting the motion, Mr. J. M. Hughes said that he wondered if Mr. Morris would agree to the following addendum to his motion:—"That the Irish trouble was only a phase of a bigger trouble, and that until due allowance be made for machinery and invention by a corresponding reduction in hours the problem will never be solved."

Mr. Morris did not think it advisable to accept Mr. Hughes's addendum, and the motion was carried as stated.

#### SALESMEN'S REQUEST.

At a meeting held yesterday in the City Arms Hotel, Dublin, of cattle salesmen, exporters and others, it was decided to ask all those interested in the trade to hold meetings to consider what is best to be done in the present situation, and send representatives to a meeting to be held at Prosperity Chambers, O'Connell street, next Wednesday night. Mr. J. B. Ganly presided.

## SUBSTITUTING TURF FOR COAL.

### MINISTER'S LETTER TO LOCAL AUTHORITY.

The Free State Department of Local Government and Public Health has issued the following circular to all local authorities in the Free State:—

"The Minister for Local Government and Public Health wishes to represent to all local authorities that it would be desirable to give early consideration as to the possibility of substituting turf of suitable quality for imported coal in the institutions or premises under their charge. The Minister is not unaware of the difficulties which would arise in proposing to utilise turf exclusively. In the first instance, however, the local authority should call for an early report from their experienced officers as to the availability of turf, of the monthly fuel requirements in detail, and of the maximum extent to which turf might be substituted, and the probable comparative cost. If it be possible in some localities to avail more fully than hitherto of coal from Saorstat collieries, this important consideration should receive due attention."

## *Hard Labour For Belfast Doctor.*

### *Charged With Illegal Drilling.*

AT the Belfast Custody Court yesterday Dr. Farrell John Leddy, Rockdale street, Belfast, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment with hard labour on a charge of illegal drilling at Harp Hall, near Carnlough, County Antrim, on July 18th.

District Inspector Scott said the prosecution was taken under Regulation 5 of the Civil Authorities Special Powers Act, 1931. Notice of the regulations made under the Act had been published in November of the same year.

The defendant, continued District Inspector Scott, and a number of other young men had been in camp at Harp Hall, near Carnlough, for some time, and they came under the notice of the police there.

On the morning of July 18 two constables concealed themselves in view of the camp, and at ent 0.30 p.m. they saw a number of young men—about twenty-five—form up in military formation, and Dr. Leddy was evidently in charge.

Dr. Leddy, from the dock, said that, as an Irish Republican, he did not recognise the Court.

## SEA FISHERIES.

### WEXFORD PORTS AS NEW LANDING PLACES.

The ports of Rosslare and Wexford are to become depôts for the landing of fish under the scheme of the Sea Fisheries Association as a result of representations made by a deputation from the Wexford Development Association, introduced by Alderman Corish, T.D., to Mr. P. J. Ruttledge, Minister for Lands and Fisheries, yesterday.

Heretofore the port of Waterford has been exclusively used, and the Wexford people considered this meant hardship and loss to them.

In future the boats will land their catches at the most convenient centres It is expected that the trade will be about evenly divided between the ports.

The Minister was accompanied by Mr Rushe, secretary to the Sea Fisheries' Association.

## UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

### FACULTY OF LAW.

#### ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS, SUMMER, 1932.

Law of Property and Contracts, Course "A"—Names omitted from list published yesterday:—Dargan, James E. F., First Class Honours, and Downes, Leonard E. M., Pass.

Course "B."—Name omitted from list published yesterday:—Guihan, Thomas J., First Class Honours.

### CONFIDENCE IN MR. COSGRAVE.

The following resolution has been adopted by the Clontarf branch of Cumann na nGaedheal:—"That we, the members of the West Clontarf branch, Cumann na nGaedheal, condemn the actions of the present Government, which force this country into an economic war with our best customer, Great Britain, thereby causing untold hardships on the people, and especially the poor. We believe that the present tariffs are wholly unnecessary and unjustifiable, causing inconvenience only to our own people. Negotiation could easily have accomplished the desired end, and less incompetence and more understanding could have resulted in negotiation.

"We affirm our confidence in our leader, Mr. Cosgrave, who has done so much for our country, strengthening her good name and credit throughout the world."

## BRIGHTON RECLUSE'S DEATH.

### DUBLIN MAN'S CLAIM TO FORTUNE UPHELD.

Mr. John Fitzpatrick, of South Circular road, Rialto, Dublin, had not heard of his sister, Miss Mary Fitzpatrick, for forty years until he read of her lonely death in her house at Brighton. Mr. Herman Good, the well-known Dublin solicitor, saw British Treasury solicitors on Wednesday on his behalf, and has satisfied them as to his client's claim, and he is to apply for letters of administration at once.

Mr. Good made a thorough examination of the large house in which Miss Fitzpatrick lived the life of a hermit. He was satisfied that there was no trace of a will.

"If one had been found," he added "we should have contested it on the grounds that the lady was not mentally sound. She was, however, a patriotic Irishwoman and a staunch Roman Catholic, as witness the wills she made in favour of Cardinal Bourne and Mr. de Valera." Both these wills were taken to her solicitors by Miss Fitzpatrick. They were duly witnessed, but she insisted on taking them away. There is a will in the possession of the Treasury solicitor, but there are many blanks in it, and it gives no indication as to her wishes with regard to the disposal of her money.

The estate is worth about £5,000. A steel case containing jewellery was found when a search was made after the discovery of the body, which had lain in the house for about three weeks, since death had occurred.

"There have been other claims to the recluse's fortune," Mr. Good added. "Most of them were absurd, and came from all parts—even from France and Italy. There is only one which really seems to have some foundation of truth. This is made by relatives of a woman, who, before her marriage, was called Bridget Fitzpatrick—and Bridget was the name of Miss Fitzpatrick's only sister. I am naturally investigating this case without delay."

Mr. Fitzpatrick, who is seventy-four years of age, is living with a married daughter.

**Carndonagh Lighting.**—A private concern, Messrs. James Kelly and Sons, Carndonagh, to whom permission was granted by the E.S.B. to provide electricity for Carndonagh, is now progressing with the work of installing the generating plant and erecting poles for the lighting of the street of Carndonagh town.

# ON THE WIRELESS

## A RELAY FROM LONDON.

TO-NIGHT, at eight o'clock, a B.B.C. programme from the London Studio will be relayed by the Dublin Station. The item is an orchestral concert, under the direction of Mr. B. Walton O'Donnell, and the *Irish Radio News*, in referring to this broadcast, observes: "We look forward to the time when the free exchange of programmes, not only between Britain and Ireland, but between all countries in the world, will be the rule rather than the exception. Most people are agreed that broadcasting as an aid to international understanding and good-will can have few things to equal it. This platitude is paid lip-service as if by habit, but the occasions in which efforts are taken to cement such international good-will are comparatively few and far between. We are of the opinion that such interchanges should be made a regular feature of the programmes. Monday evenings, say, should be a regular 'exchange' night. On such evenings the Dublin Station would arrange a programme really worthy and representative of the country's culture. This programme could be taken by some other country which, in turn, would relay to us on Friday, say, a programme typical of its national culture."

## OTHER ATTRACTIONS.

**DUBLIN.**
8.0—Relay of Orchestral Concert from London. 9.15—Dramatic and Musical Recital.

**BELFAST.**
4.0—Light Music by the Radio Quartet.

**NORTH REGIONAL.**
8.15—A Concert by the Manchester English Concertina Prize Band.

**NATIONAL.**
9.45—Symphony Concert, Stiles Allen (soprano) and the B.B.C. Orchestra (Section D), conducted by Adrian Boult.

## TO-DAY'S PROGRAMMES.

**DUBLIN 2 RN—(413 Metres).**
1.30-2.0—Time, Stock Exchange List, Weather and Concert.
6. 0—Concert.
6.15—Uair i dTir na nOg.
7. 0—Concert.
7.20—News.
7.30—Time.
7.30—Gardening Talk, G. O. Sherrard.
7.45—Poetry Recital, A. M. Randall.
8. 0—Relay of Orchestral Concert from London.
9.15—Dramatic and Musical Recital.
9.45—Station Sextet.
10. 0—Violet Pearson (soprano).
10.15—Seamus MacAonghusa (Pib) and Frank O'Higgins (traditional fiddle).
10.30—Time, News, Weather and close down.

**BELFAST—242.3 Metres** (1,238 Kc.).
10.15-10.30—The Daily Service.
12. 0—Daventry National Programme.
12.45—Organ Recital by Herbert Westerby.
1.30-2.30—Daventry National Programme.
4. 0—Harry Sharpe (baritone), Philip Whiteway (violin), and the Radio Quartet.
5.15—The Children's Hour.
5.55—Agricultural Market Prices for Northern Ireland.
6. 0—Daventry National Programme.
9.25—Regional News.
9.30-11.0—Daventry National Programme.

**NORTH REGIONAL—479.2 Metres** (626 Kc.)
10.15—The Daily Service.
10.30-11.0—Daventry National Programme.
12. 0—Frank Newman (organ).
1. 0—The New Victoria Cinema Orchestra.
2. 0-3. 0—The Midland Studio Orchestra.
4. 0—Daventry National Programme.
5.15—The Children's Hour.
6. 0—News.
6.30—Dance Music.
7.15—The Steeton Male Glee Union. Arthur Johnson (violin), Arthur Ingham (clarinet).
8.15—A Concert. The Manchester English Concertina Prize Band and Bert Copley (entertainer).
9.15—Vaudeville.
10.15—News.
10.35—Dance Music.
11.0-12.0—Daventry National Programme.

**NATIONAL—1,554.4 Metres** (193 Kc.).
10.15—The Daily Service.
10.30—Time; Shipping Forecast.
10.45-11.0—Topical Talk.
12. 0—The Shepherd's Bush Pavilion Orchestra.
12.45—Organ Recital by Walter S. Vale.
1.30-2.30—New Gramophone Records; Christopher Stone:
4. 0—The Scottish Studio Orchestra.
5.15—The Children's Hour.
5.35—A Summary of the Week's News.
6. 0—"The First News."
6.30—The Foundations of Music.
6.55—Mr. W. Brett: "Your Garden while you are on holiday."
7.15—The B.B.C. Music Critic.
7.30—The Commodore Grand Orchestra.
8.15—A Recital of Miscellaneous Light Gramophone Records.
9. 0—"The Second News."
9.15—The Test Trial Match at Cardiff: An Eye-witness' account, by Howard Marshall.
9.25—Shipping Forecast.
9.30—"Here and Now."
9.45—Symphony Concert: Stiles Allen (soprano) and the B.B.C. Orchestra.
11. 0-12.0—Dance Music.

## WEDDING IN CLONMEL.

### MR. C. D. UMFREVILLE AND MISS B. E. BEST.

In the Church of St. Mary, Clonmel, yesterday the marriage took place of Lieutenant Charles D'Olier Umfreville, R.N., retired, son of Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. H. K. Umfreville, of Old Calton, Norfolk, and Miss Beryl Ethnie Best, only daughter of Mrs. Best and the late Lieutenant-Colonel T. D. Best, and grand-daughter of Mr. T. D. Mortgomery, of Annerville, Clonmel.

The Rev. A. W. Bedford, godfather of the bride, officiated, assisted by the Rev. W. H. Smyth and the Rev. M. A. Byrne. The bride was given away by her grandfather, Mr. Thomas B. Montgomery. She was attended by five small bridesmaids, the Misses Juliet Umfreville, sister of the bridegroom, Patricia Bedford, Joan Constable, Sheila Low, and Roma Knox. The best man was Mr. Michael Umfreville, brother of the bridegroom. The church was beautifully decorated with palms and lilies.

Amongst those at a reception held subsequently by Mrs. Best and Mr. Thomas B. Montgomery at Annerville were—Mrs. Umfreville, Mr. and Mrs. Watkins, Mrs. Bedford, Mrs. T. Montgomery, Mrs. Dwyer, Mrs. Montgomery, the Misses George, Mrs. and Miss T. A. Montgomery, Doctor, Mrs., and Miss D'Olier, Mr. A. Best, Lord and Lady Osborne Beauclerk, Miss Springfield, the Misses Warren, Major and Mrs. W. Perry, enator and Mrs. Bagwell, Senator the Countess of Desart, Lady K. Pilkington, Mrs. and Mrs. Shannon, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Burke, Count and the Hon. Mrs. de la Poer, Lady Goff, Mrs. Purefoy Poe and Miss Poe, Major and Mrs. Morel, Mr. and Mrs. Aulton, Mrs. Reidy.

## MARRIAGE IN CORK.

### MR. H. P. GOODBODY AND MISS E. M. NEWSOM.

The marriage took place on Wednesday, at St. Michael's Church, Blackrock, Cork, of Mr. Harold Perry Goodbody, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Harold Goodbody, Kilcoursey, Clara, and Miss E. Margaret Newsom, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Newsom, Tellingana, Cork. The Rev. R. H. Bodel, assisted by the Rev. T. H. Royse and the Rev. H. Webster, officiated. The church was tastefully decorated for the occasion with pink and mauve sweet peas.

The bride was given away by her father. She was attended by five bridesmaids—Miss Betty Newsom, Miss Daphne Newsom, sisters of the bride; Miss Ruth Goodbody, sister of the bridegroom; Miss Judith Palmer and Miss Charlotte Newsom. Mr. Desmond M. Goodbody, brother of the bridegroom, was best man. There were five ushers—Mr. C. Newsom, brother of the bride; Mr. Douglas Goodbody, brother of the bridegroom; Mr. J. W. Green, Mr. Philip Goodbody and Mr. J. Sugrue.

A reception was afterwards held at the bride's home. Mrs. Newsom wore a gown of purple chiffon and net, with black picture hat, and carried a bouquet of pink carnations. Mrs. Goodbody wore blue georgette and lace, and a black hat trimmed with blue, and carried a bouquet of dark red roses. There was a large and fashionable gathering of friends of the bride and bridegroom.

After the reception the bride and bridegroom left for Madeira.

*She has cleaned her teeth for the last time—*

**TO-MORROW they must come out!**

X-Ray photograph by A. B. Gent, M.S.R.

**See what the X-Rays revealed**

Pyorrhœa is shown in all the teeth. Note the deformity of the roots and the demarkation of same showing shrinkage.

Unobserved...unchecked, grim Pyorrhœa pursues its relentless course, breaking down gum tissues, attacking the bony tooth sockets and surrounding membranes until precious, sound teeth become loose and must be extracted, until beauty, comfort, even health may be lost for ever.

Soft, receding gums that bleed easily may warn you of this approaching menace, but often only the X-rays can with certainty reveal the existence of this dread disease that is contracted by four out of five people past the age of forty.

As you value your health and appearance, guard your priceless teeth with Forhan's for the Gums. Make no mistake, Forhan's will not cure Pyorrhœa in its advanced stages. Only a dentist can stop its progress then but, taken in time, its regular use will check further development.

There's danger in neglect. Start using Forhan's for the Gums to-day. It is for sale at Chemists everywhere.

**Forhan's** MADE IN ENGLAND for the GUMS

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LABOUR AN

A MINISTRY TRANSPOR

WAGE "CUTS" BE RESISTE

VIEWS OF SEN. O'FARRELL

FROM OUR REPORTER.

*CORK, T*

THE Irish Trade Union Congre sumed here to-day, Miss presiding.

A resolution was adopted, ex opinion that the present chaotic transport is inimical to the bes of the country, and calling on t ment to take over all forms of tra place them under the charge of a Transport.

Mr. Murray (N.U.R.) said that port system of the country was insolvency, with dire results to and the workers alike. The onl the railway management at pres reduce wages, but the workers the forthcomng attack by ever their power.

Senator O'Farrell said that were on the verge of bankrupt In the immediate future 500 men their employment on the railwa was the position they were fa road transport was unchecked.

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The late Government allowed to drift into their present positi they were out to help the railw Cumann na nGaedheal Party w to fight the case of the railways, should be on that side with them when this matter involved the em 16,000 men.

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Mr. W. Norton referred to the Senator O'Farrell, and said that Party declined to be made a st the Government. They took exce remission of the bus taxes, but room for the railways and the vided they were co-ordinated.

NATIONAL ECONOMIC CO

A resolution proposing that Economic Council should be est the Government to plan and co industrial, economic, social an organisation of the nation, and to the economic programme of the should be effectively applied, was adopted.

Mr. L. J. Duffy (National E proposing the resolution, said th gramme of the First Dail cantu agitation, not only of the people try, but of every other country. duty of the Congress to ensure th gramme should be a live issue a masses of the people were conce

There was no use in finding new factories and workshops that wou ployment to fifty girls and thro of father out of work. That happening throughout the world, sponsible for the present un problems.

Mr. A. Heron (Civil Service Cl ciation) said that it was futile to there would be any success mechanical progress.

Mr. Samuel Kyle (Belfast) sai Free State Government had unde tion the establishment of Economic Council, and they sho their judgment, how the Council composed. The working classes entitled to at least half of the re on the Council, particularly in fact that the banks controlled the people to-day more than ev vernment could.

Miss Chenevix (Irish Women Union) said that if the Econo were controlled by financiers or who were constantly changing w ments, it would be disastrous. should be representative of pro consumers, and of real scientific economic questions.

SHORTER HOURS

The Congress adopted a resolu on the National Executive to shorter working day, and a fiv without reduction in pay, with counteracting the evil tendency up machinery in modern industry ing the unemployment consequ speeding up.

NATIONAL MINIMUM

The Congress also agreed to instructing the National Executi with the Labour Party, with a v moting legislation for the establis national minimum wage. In th the Executive was instructed to p submit for adoption by the Gov amended formula to secure that and conditions of employment, as by trade union standards, sho served in all public contracts, wh by a Government Departmen authority, or other statutory body State-aided industries.

Mr. E. Mansfield (I.N.T.O.), the resolution, said that the wealth in the country untapped developed. Fertile land was bei into grass, with the result numbers were making their way and towns, thus aggravating the ment and the slum problems. condition of affairs was allowed was useless to talk of work for labourers.

CONTROL OF CREDIT FINANCE.

The National Executive submit tion stating that, in their opini progress could be made whilst th of credits, finance, and curren under the control of private en was used for private gain.

Mr. C. D. Watters (N.U.R.) resolution, and it was seconded by field, who remarked that the Free State were absolutely contr banks in England, which were the English Chancellor of the E The resolution was adopted.

A HOUSING COUN

A resolution was received from Executive asking the Congress proposals in regard to housing planning, and calling for the of a National Housing Council, to adequate financial resources of interest; with power to acqui material, and authorised to pro as social service for workers un economic rents; demanding tha public money for house b given only to applicants who em union labour, paid trade union observed trade union conditions, as possible, used native mat resolution promised to support ment in making good the deplor in housing accommodation.

Mr. J. Hurley (Cork) expres

# LABOUR AND THE RAILWAYS.

## A MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT.

## WAGE "CUTS" TO BE RESISTED.

## VIEWS OF SENATOR O'FARRELL.

FROM OUR REPORTER.

*CORK, Thursday.*

THE Irish Trade Union Congress was resumed here to-day, Miss L. Bennett presiding.

A resolution was adopted, expressing the opinion that the present chaotic system of transport is inimical to the best interests of the country, and calling on the Government to take over all forms of transport, and place them under the charge of a Ministry of Transport.

Mr. Murray (N.U.R.) said that the transport system of the country was verging on insolvency, with dire results to the nation and the workers alike. The only policy of the railway management at present was to reduce wages, but the workers would resist the forthcoming attack by every means in their power.

Senator O'Farrell said that the railways were on the verge of bankruptcy and ruin. In the immediate future 600 men would lose their employment on the railways. That was the position they were facing, while road transport was unchecked.

When the Road Transport Act was going through the Dail, he said, three members of the Labour Party voted for it and three others absented themselves. On the one occasion on which the Labour Party vote would have been of any use in the Dail for the railways it was not given.

The late Government allowed the railways to drift into their present position, but now they were out to help the railways. If the Cumann na nGaedheal Party was prepared to fight the case of the railways, then Labour should be on that side with them, particularly when this matter involved the employment of 16,000 men.

Mr. Anthony said that the Congress should insist on Labour members in the Dail voting against the remission of the duty on buses.

Mr. W. Norton referred to the remarks of Senator O'Farrell, and said that the Labour Party declined to be made a stick to beat the Government. They took exception to the remission of the bus taxes, but there was room for the railways and the buses, provided they were co-ordinated.

### NATIONAL ECONOMIC COUNCIL.

A resolution proposing that a National Economic Council should be established by the Government to plan and reorganise the industrial, economic, social and financial organisation of the nation, and to secure that the economic programme of the First Dail should be effectively applied, was unanimously adopted.

Mr. L. J. Duffy (National Executive), in proposing the resolution, said that the programme of the First Dail captured the imagination, not only of the people of this country, but of every other country. It was the duty of the Congress to ensure that the programme should be a live issue as far as the masses of the people were concerned.

There was no use in finding new industries, factories and workshops that would give employment to fifty girls and three hundreds of father out of work. That had been happening throughout the world, and was responsible for the present unemployment problems.

Mr. J. Heron (Civil Service Clerical Association) said that it was futile to think that there would be any success in fighting mechanical progress.

Mr. Samuel Kyle (Belfast) said that the Free State Government had under consideration the establishment of a National Economic Council, and they should say, in their judgment, how the Council should be composed. The working classes should be entitled to at least half of the representation on the Council, particularly in view of the fact that the banks controlled the lives of the people to-day more than even the Government could.

Miss Chenevix (Irish Women Workers' Union) said that if the Economic Council were controlled by financiers or politicians, who were constantly changing with Governments, it would be disastrous. The Council should be representative of producers and consumers, and of real scientific opinion on economic questions.

### SHORTER HOURS.

The Congress adopted a resolution calling on the National Executive to advocate a shorter working day, and a five-day week without reduction in pay, with a view to counteracting the evil tendency of speeding-up machinery in modern industry, and reducing the unemployment consequent on such speeding up.

### NATIONAL MINIMUM WAGE.

The Congress also agreed to a resolution instructing the National Executive to consult with the Labour Party, with a view to promoting legislation for the establishment of a national minimum wage. In the meantime the Executive was instructed to prepare, and submit for adoption by the Government, an amended formula to secure that fair wages and conditions of employment, as determined by trade union standards, should be observed in all public contracts, whether made by a Government Department, a local authority, or other statutory body, and in all State-aided industries.

Mr. E. Mansfield (I.N.T.O.), speaking to the resolution, said that they had great wealth in the country untapped and undeveloped. Fertile land was being put back into grass, with the result that large numbers were making their way to the cities and towns, thus aggravating the unemployment and the slum problems. While that condition of affairs was allowed to exist it was useless to talk of work for agricultural labourers.

### CONTROL OF CREDITS AND FINANCE.

The National Executive submitted a resolution stating that, in their opinion, no real progress could be made whilst the machinery of credits, finance, and currency remained under the control of private enterprise, and was used for private gain.

Mr. C. D. Watters (N.U.R.) proposed the resolution, and it was seconded by Mr. Mansfield, who remarked that the banks in the Free State were absolutely controlled by the banks in England, which were controlled by the English Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The resolution was adopted.

### A HOUSING COUNCIL.

A resolution was received from the National Executive asking the Congress to approve proposals in regard to housing and town-planning, and calling for the establishment of a National Housing Council, with access to adequate financial resources at a low rate of interest; with power to acquire sites and material, and authorised to provide houses as social service for workers unable to pay economic rents; demanding that grants of public money for house-building be given only to applicants who employed trade union labour, paid trade union wages and observed trade union conditions, and, as far as possible, used native materials. The resolution promised to support the Government in making good the deplorable shortage in housing accommodation.

Mr. J. Hurley (Cork) expressed pleasure that, in moving the resolution, the present Government in a practical way had attempted in the new Housing Bill to remedy some of the evils which they suffered from in regard to housing. It was a problem that should be taken up nationally.

Miss Helena Moloney, Dublin, seconded the resolution.

Mr. Anthony, T.D., criticised the resolution. He said that the workers had the ball at their feet if they wished to kick it, but what did they do at the last election? They voted Fianna Fail or Cumann na nGaedheal. Furthermore, the resolution made no reference to the rural workers, who were badly housed. They were in for hard times in this country, and there was no use holding out to workers the hope that a Housing Council was going to solve the housing and unemployment question. It would do nothing of the kind.

Mr. Norton, T.D., said that if the Government could maintain a big Army, a heavy judiciary and a large Civic Guard Force out of public funds surely they ought to provide funds for housing the people, and should take them from the dens in which they lived, where tuberculosis took a heavy toll. If necessary, money should be conscripted for building houses.

The resolution was passed.

### TARIFFS AND INDUSTRIES.

A resolution was adopted in favour of encouraging home industries in the Free State by means of protective tariffs, and of ensuring that citizens should derive the maximum advantage from the tariff policy.

The Congress urged the Government to enact legislation to prevent profit-seeking monopolies in connection with protected industries; to secure adequate rates of wages, and fair conditions of employment.

Prevention of the extension of foreign industrial and distributing concerns, and the regulation of prices were also urged.

The Conference adjourned until to-morrow (Friday).

## *Pitched Battle At Mullingar.*

### *Police Court Sequel To Attack on Workers.*

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

*MULLINGAR, Thursday.*

THERE were renewed disturbances late last evening between the workers engaged on the site of the new Gaelic Park and five or six hundred people gathered in the vicinity.

The trouble commenced some days ago, when a number of local workers threatened to strike if their wages of 32s. per week were not increased to one shilling per hour. The threat was met by their dismissal and the engagement of men from distant parts of Westmeath and County Longford.

Last night the imported men were working as usual, when a large crowd surrounded the field, among them being a number of local union disemployed men and their supporters.

A strong force of Civic Guards attended, in charge of Chief Superintendent O'Connor and Superintendent Woods.

Suddenly, apparently from different angles of the field, came a whistle, and the crowd charged into the grounds, cheering and yelling, and engaging the men at work.

A regular pitched battle was in progress within a few minutes. Not only fists and feet, but spades, shovels and similar weapons, were used, while stones were thrown in a continuous fusillade. Numbers of women engaged in the stone throwing.

To-day no work was carried out on the site, but a meeting was held between representatives of the local men's union and representatives of the imported workers, but no definite settlement was reached.

At a Special Emergency Court at Mullingar this evening, before District Justice Beatty, John Giff, who claimed to be one of the local union workers, was charged with doing malicious damage to bicycles belonging to some of the imported workers.

Giff was returned for trial to the November Circuit Court. Bail was refused.

Superintendent Woods, in opposing bail, said that, without prejudice to the men's dispute, unless mob law were to be allowed to take the place of Constitutional methods, strong measures of a preventive nature would have to be taken.

## *Armagh City Council Fined.*

### *Pollution of River Callan.*

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

*ARMAGH, Thursday.*

CONSIDERABLE interest centred in the hearing of a summons at Armagh Petty Sessions to-day, before Mr. J. C. Austin, R.M., in which Andrew King, Inspector of Fisheries, summoned Armagh City Council for unlawfully causing to flow into the river Callan "a deleterious liquid, to wit, sewage, which was in a state poisonous to fish using the waters of said river."

Mr. F. J. Anderson, solicitor, appeared for complainant, and Mr. Hugh Lavery for defendants. At the outset of the case Mr. Lavery said defendants were relying on the fact that the matter admitted into the river from Armagh Sewage Disposal Works had been properly filtered, and was not deleterious.

Mr. Andrew King, Inspector of Fisheries, said that the filter beds were not working well. The sewage, instead of filtering through the cinders, was flowing over them. The discharge would kill fish.

Mr. John Hawthorne, analytical chemist, proving to examining samples submitted to him, said that the sample taken at the particular point where pollution was alleged contained matters of the nature of crude sewage or of partially-treated sewage. It was particularly below the general standard, and he did not think fish could have lived in the liquid.

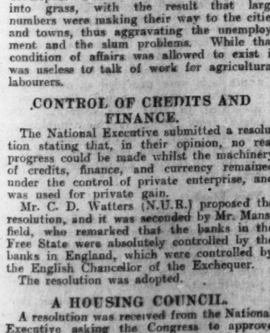
Mr. Charles McMullen, analyst for defendants, deposed that he was doubtful if fish could live in the sample submitted to him and which was taken at the same point as the sample referred to by Mr. Hawthorne, but the sample of effluent as taken after discharge from the land treatment was not deleterious.

Mr. James Lennon, Town Clerk, gave evidence that the sewage matter was properly treated with the filtering tanks and land treatment. There had been deaths of fish in various parts of the Callan, and a large amount of trout had been poisoned on 12th July last a considerable distance upstream from the Council's works.

Mr. Austin held that it was proved that the discharge from the works was deleterious. He believed the City Council were doing their best, but they would have to exercise more care. A fine of £1 and eight guineas costs and witnesses' expenses was imposed.

**Egg Prices.**—In Lurgan market yesterday hens' eggs sold at 8d. per lb., and duck eggs 10d. per dozen, a slight decrease in both since last week. There were good supplies. Butter sold at 1s. 1d. per lb.

**New Potatoes.**—At Dunglow (Co. Donegal) new potatoes sold at 1s. per stone, country butter was 1s. per lb., and creamery butter 1s. 6d. per lb.


Have Brighter Floors

'Mansion,' the economical wax preparation, gives such a mirror-like brilliance to Linoleum and Stained or Parquet floors. Made in the IRISH FREE STATE.

In Tins, 8d., 10½d. and 1/6. Also large Household Tin containing 3lbs. nett 3/-.


# FOOD AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

***Dublin—Cattle, big numbers unsold in absence of shippers, best qualities Sheep steady, no export trade for Lambs, and 2/- to 5/- per head cheaper, sharp drop of 4/- to 8/- per cwt. in Pigs, Dairy Cattle £1 per head lower and only half supplies sold. York—All Irish Cattle from Northern Ireland and supply equal to demand. Butter at Copenhagen 5/7 cheaper. Rubber dearer. Wheat firm. Tin and Copper strong.***

### CATTLE.

DUBLIN (METROPOLITAN).

| | Numbers on sale this week as compared with last | | Corresponding weeks of 1930 | 1931 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Beasts .... | 1,675—Increase | 760 | 4,597 | 4,235 |
| Sheep and Lambs. | 8,349—Increase | 3,468 | 11,071 | 12,366 |
| Calves. | 2—decrease | 4 | 7 | 3 |

Our cattle market this week was rather seriously handicapped by a substantial increase in supplies on last week. Numbers offered, however, were over 4,000 head less than corresponding market last year. There was a full attendance of home buyers, but few exporters put in an appearance. In the latter interest we had two buyers for Belgium, who were unable to make any purchase, even at the lower prices ruling, as offers could not be entertained by owners, being about £4 to £5 per head less than the market value of the beast. Of course, it cost about £7 expences to land a beast in Belgium from our market. Only two or three English buyers came on market, but their purchases up to 10 o'clock were practically nil. Business opened very slow for local wants, which, however, proved disappointing for week preceding Horse Show. Best heifers were bid for at 1s. to 2s. per cwt. less than last week, at which prices all on offer cleared, after which a complete slump set in. Some really good heavy weight bullocks were cashed around 32s. to 33s. per cwt. for contract purposes, after which there seemed to be no want, and coming on to 10 o'clock fully 75 per cent. of supplies were uncashed with no buyers seemingly in want, apart from the low prices ruling. Our cross-Channel support was sadly missed this week, prices being 5s. to 6s. per cwt. less than corresponding market last year, and supplies over 4,000 head less, most of which failed to sell up. Beef cows experienced a sharp set back since last week. Trade for Belfast was fair, but prices were much lower in most cases, value showed a drop of 20 per cent., at which prices market filled to sell up. Prime medium bullocks 34s. to 35s., extra 36s., good heavy bullocks 32s. to 33s., others not wanted. Beef cows 16s. to 26s., according to quality.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.—Supplies to this market were 3,455 head more than last week, but over 4,000 down on corresponding market last year. Market was dominated by a more distinctly idle and depressed disposition, there being a veritable dry up in export inquiry for lambs, which were 2s. to 5s. per head cheaper. Notwithstanding the lower prices ruling there was a big carry over of unsold animals. Business opened with a steady trade for choice wethers for local wants, and on scarcity prices closed fairly steady, but old ewes or dealers lots were impossible to turn into money. Local trade in lambs was slower, and off-take in this direction was disappointing for week preceding Horse Show. Prices over this day's proceedings worked out around the following:—Prime wether mutton 7d. to 7½d. lb., heavier 6d. to 6½d., ewes 4d. to 5d., and lambs 12s. to 20s., with a few small fancy lots up to 26s. 6d. per head.

DAIRY CATTLE.—Offerings of dairy cattle totalled 143 head, which was slightly over last week's gathering. There were few shippers in attendance, but very little business passed, except at a further reduction of, say, £1 per head on best cows and heifers. Business here is being badly hit by the English tariff, which continues to be paid at this end by owners, as beasts sold to-day at, say, £16 per head were worth £23 a month ago. Notwithstanding this few beasts were taken for export, and with poor support from local buyers half the supplies remained unsold; in fact, useful sort of cattle were not even bid for. Cows, best, £12 to £14 per head, with a few fancy lots around £15 to £18; heifers, £13 to £15; extra, £16; good classes, £10 to £12; others unsaleable.

PIGS.—Our pig market gave a gathering of 612 head to draw upon, being an increase of close on 160 on previous market. In the absence of exporters there was a sharp collapse in prices of bacon pigs, and salesmen being handicapped with larger supplies were obliged to accept 4s. to 5s. per cwt. less than last week's, this fall being predicated on our report last week if supplies showed any considerable increase. Many useful pigs were not even bid for. Sows were weaker also, and slips and bonhams are not wanted at almost give away prices. Market proved a bad selling one with many lots carried over unsold. Prime light weight porkers 36s. and 40s. per cwt., medium bacon 46s. to 48s., heavier 36s. to 40s., sows 30s. to 33s., and slips and bonhams 5s. to 12s. 6d. per head.

YORK.—Many more Irish cattle—all from North of Ireland—than had been expected, and supply quite equal to demand. Highest price for useful bullocks was £22 10/-, and others varied from £19 to £20 10/-, from £16 10/-. English strikes were difficult to sell. Poor trade for calving and milch cows, highest price for which was £23.

BRISTOL.—Quite a holiday market, and prices scarcely quotable. A small consignment of eighteen Irish milch cattle from Fishguard were sold to go to Dorset. About 150 English cattle of secondary quality. Very few sold. No mutton or lamb at the market.

BIRMINGHAM PIG.—Supplies continue fair, with a few Irish pigs coming along. Trade moderate and values steady. Bacons 10/6, cutters 10/- to 10/6, and sows from 7/- to mainly, 7/6 per score, dead-weight.

**DONNELLY, DUBLIN.**

Only Sows and Heavy Pigs, 30/- per cwt., dead-weight. Subject to our terms of buying. —(Advt.)

*Send your Pigs and Lambs to* **COSGRAVE, RANELAGH.** *Highest Current Prices Paid.* —(Advt.)

### GRAIN.

FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES (BALTIC).—WHEAT cargoes—The general tone of the floating and forward sections was one of stability, and prices were further advanced, following the firmness of Winnipeg and Chicago cable advices. Sellers adopted a reserved attitude, but buyers were reluctant to follow the upward trend. North American and Australian grades marked an advance of 9d. per quarter, while Pacific sorts were 6d. dearer; No. 2 Northern Manitoba, Vancouver shipment, July, sellers at 27/-; soft white and Western Pacific, August-September, 27/-; Southern Australian, August, 27/3; Western Australian, afloat, 27/- per quarter of 480lb. Parcels displayed firm features, and prices again advanced on higher centres cables, but demand slow to develop. The few inquiries circulating being restricted to afloat and early shipment. Canadian descriptions showed an advance from 7½d. to 1/4½ per quarter; Australian kinds 9d. up; La Plata sorts 6d. dearer; Russian qualities 1/5 and German grades 1/3 higher; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, Vancouver shipment, July, sellers at 28/4½; No. 2 ditto, 27/-; No. 3 ditto, 26/9; No. 4 Manitoba, Vancouver shipment, July, 26/4½; No. 1 Australian Manitoba, Atlantic shipment, July, 29/4½; No. 2 ditto, 27/3; No. 3 ditto, 26/4½; hard winter, on sample, July, 26/9; Southern Australian, afloat, 27/-; Plate, 6/6, August, 26/3; Barsum, 64lb., August, 25/3; Russian, on sample, September, 25/-to 26/6; German, August-September, 23/- per quarter of 480lb. Futures market further improved on higher first-hand offers and a fair demand, prices showing an advance of 10d. to 11d. per quarter. Quotations per quarter of 480lb.—Manitoba grade, July, 28/11½; August, 25/6; October, 25/10½; November, 26/4; January, 26/8; London grade, September, 24/6; December, 24/11. Sales—Manitoba grade, August, at 25/9 to 25/8; November, 26/4; January, 26/7. MAIZE—Cargoes reservedly offered at 1½d. to 3d. per quarter advance for La Plata grades, and African qualities 5d. up in sympathy with the wheat position; La Plata, afloat, sellers at 19/9; July, 19/3; September, 19/10½; October, 20/3; November, 20/6 per quarter of 480lb. Parcels maintained a steady level, with fair inquiries; La Plata, afloat, sellers at 19/3; July-August, 19/3; August-September sold at 19/3; September-October, sellers at 19/4½; October-November, 19/7½ per quarter of 480lb. Maize Meal meets with fair attention, and sellers reported generally steady prices; yellow South African, July-August, sellers at £4 17/6; August-September, £4 17/6; August-October, £4 18/-; white South African, August-September, £5 1/3 per ton.

MARK LANE CORN.—Flour 6d. per sack dearer. London stranded at 24/3 per sack for country delivery and 27/3 London terms.

LIVERPOOL.—The sharp rise in Winnipeg and Chicago, which was mainly attributed to continued unfavourable weather in Canada and America, was reflected here, and forward deliveries of wheat advanced from the outset, with moderate fluctuations, under sterling exchange aiding the upward movement and, although not finishing quite at best, marked a heavy gain on Wednesday's final rates, late afternoon cables being encouraging. Parcels wheat 6d. to 3/- dearer, but business confined to hard winter Atlantic afloat, which sold at 26/9 per qr. C.I.F. parcel River Plate maize also dearer, afloat and July-August realising 19/4½ to 19/6, August 19/3 to 19/6, September 19/4½ to 19/7½, and October-November 19/10½ per qr. WHEAT on the spot firm at 2d per central advance. MAIZE—Spot parcels firmer at 1/4½ to 4/5 per central for River Plate. FLOUR firm, with an upward tendency. Graded wheat futures opened 1½d. to 1½ per central dearer; further advanced, with moderate fluctuations, until 2½d. to 3d. advance has been realised, closing, however, firm at 2½d. to 2¾d. rise on the day. Values—July 5/3½, October 5/4½, December 5/6½, March 5/7½ per central. Sales—250 loads.

### PROVISIONS.

LIVERPOOL.—BACON—Continental remains firm, and a good business reported at 3/- to 5/- per cwt. over the official quotations, Danish being most affected. American and Canadian unchanged, and Irish still quoted at open prices. HAMS quiet, and short cut American easier at 74/- to 80/- per cwt. Shoulders steadily held. LARD on the spot reduced 6s. in sympathy with easier c.i.f. rates. Prime steam now 44/6 to 45/-, and American refined 46/- to 47/6 per cwt., but little business reported. CHEESE quiet at 1/ decline. Canadian new, white and coloured, offered at 56/- to 62/-; New Zealand white 57/- to 60/-, and coloured 56/- to 59/- per cwt. BUTTER quiet and lower. Danish now 120/- to 124/-; Irish and New Zealand, 107/- to 111/-. Australian and Canadian, 104/- to 109/-; and Swedish, 114/- to 118/- per cwt. EGGS quiet at 10/- to 10/6 for extra selected Irish hens, 9/6 to 10/- selected, 9/- to 9/3 mediums, and 9/3 to 9/9 for duck per 120.

LONDON CENTRAL MEAT.—Supplies to market, 2,004 tons—469 tons British and Irish produce, and 1,545 tons imported. Slow demand for beef, with prices easier for fresh-killed and firmer for chilled. BEEF (national mark prices):—English long sides, select 5/6 to 5/8, ditto prime 5/2 to 5/6 ditto good 5/2. General prices (including national mark):—English long sides 5/2 to 5/6, ditto hindquarters, forerib and flank, 6/- to 6/6. PORK: Trade quiet, at about late rates. Pork:—English 4/6 to 4/6.

CARDIFF.—Trading on this market has, so far, been affected very little by the duties on imports from Ireland. Irish bacon is extremely scarce, with prices nominal. Wholesale quotations delivered in Cardiff district: BACON, Irish baled nominal, Danish 4/- to 5/- dearer at 57/- to 65/- per cwt. Hams: American 5/- cheaper at 77/- to 87/- per cwt. BUTTER: Irish 2/- dearer, creameries 110/- to 114/-, separators 107/- to 108/-, factories 101/- to 106/- per cwt. Danish nominal. EGGS: Irish hen, best 1/3, easier at 10/3 to 10/9 per 120. POULTRY: Chickens 9d. to 1/1, hens 6d. to 9d. per lb.

BRISTOL.—BACON was in steady demand, and although Irish remained unchanged Continental brands were officially advanced, with Danish 4/- to 6/-, and Polish and Swedish also 4/- to 6/- up. American bellies sold steadily. HAMS were quiet, and about 2/- lower. LARD experienced a steady trade, and prices are about 6d. to 1/- higher on the week. CHEESE was quietly steady for Canadian, but New Zealand makes definitely favoured buyers. BUTTER was in good demand, with Colonial and Danish firm.

DUBLIN VEGETABLE.—Supplies somewhat smaller, and met a freer sale and earlier clearance with any advance on recent poor prices. Sales—York cabbage 3/- to 10/-, large load, small 2s. to 4/-, rhubarb 1/- to 1/6 dozen, cauliflowers 2/- to 2/6, seconds 9d. to 1/-, carrots 1/9 to 2/3, onions 4d. to 6d. bunch, scallions 4d. to 5d., peas 3/- to 4/6 bag, sack 7/- to 10/-, turnips 3d. to 5d. bunch, tomatoes 7d. to 9d. lb., parsley 4d. to 6d. tray, raspberries 7/- to 9/3 box, thyme and mint 2d. bunch, currants, black 3d. to 4d. lb., red 2d. to 3d., and cucumbers 4/- to 5/- dozen.

DUBLIN POTATO.—Demand shows little or no improvement and continues dull. Supplies very heavy, and late rates are difficult to maintain. Best qualities 4/- to 5/- per cwt.

CORK BUTTER.—Creameries 135/- per cwt.

COPENHAGEN.—BUTTER is quoted at 170 kroner per 100 kilos, which is equivalent to £4 14/3 per cwt., being a decrease of 5/7, compared with the previous week.

DUBLIN FISH.—Extra heavy supplies from Dublin steam trawlers, two boats landing 378 boxes mixed catch. Also on offer 25 packages salmon, 35 crates lobsters, 17 boxes mackerel, and a small amount from country and local seaders. Supplies much in excess of demand, and a clearance difficult to effect at the following almost give away prices.—Salmon 1/2 to 3/4 lb., grilse 1/- to 1/1, lobsters 10/- to 12/6 per 15 large, medium 4/- to 5/-, small 1/- to 2/-, soles 29/- to 30/- per nine pairs large, medium 10/- to 14/-, slips 2/6 to 4/-, turbot 1/- to 5/- each, brill 6d. to 2/6, mackerel 12/6 to 15/-, plaice 20/- to 50/- half-box, cod 5/- to 25/-, whiting 4/- to 20/-, white soles 15/- to 20/-, conger eels 2/6 to 8/-, gurnard 1/- to 2/6, ray 5/- to 12/-, haddock 15/- to 35/-, pollock 5/- to 15/-, hake 6/- to 30/-, and ling 4/- to 6/-.

BILLINGSGATE FISH.—Salmon, English 13d. to 15d., Scottish 14d. to 16d., Irish 12d. to 14d., soles 16d. to 26d., slips 16d. to 24d. per lb., draught turbot 8/- to 10/6, plaice 5/- to 12/-, halibut 9/- to 12/-, lemon soles 6/- to 12/6, hake 6/- to 8/-, haddocks 1/6 to 5/-, skate wings 4/- to 5/- per stone, live eels 15/- to 17/-, dead 10/- to 12/-.

### PRODUCE.

LONDON.—SUGAR—Only quiet trade inquiries, holiday influence being asserted in this and many other markets. Prices for British refined and inland granulated unaltered. Chief item of interest at the moment is paucity of offers regarding near actual refining sugars. Terminal section decidedly quiet. December sold 6/3, March 6/6, foreign 9/3 per cent. centrifugal August to the United Kingdom quoted 6/2¾ c.i.f. COFFEE—Market generally dull and without new feature. No. 7 Rio quoted 54/-. C. and F. Santos nominal. No offers. COCOA quiet, steady for both spot and forward Accra G/F July 27/6, mid-crop 22/3, new Nov.-January 26/3 c.i.f. terminal. 60 tons sold September 26/9. MARGARINE—Firmer. RUBBER firmer. Spot Ceylon sheet sold 2¾d. to 2¾d., October-December 2½d. to 2¾d., January-March 2¼d. to 2¾d., April-June 2¾d. to 2¾d., July-September 2¾d. to 2¾d. TEA—In auction, 12,893 packages Java and Sumatra were catalogued. Fair competition prevailed, with but trifling change to note in prices. Grades up to 4½d. occasionally 1d. per lb. dearer, fine making good values, but otherwise slight irregularity ensued at times. Pekoe sold 4½d. to 6½d., broken ditto 4½d. to 5½, orange Pekoe 5½d. to 1/10, broken orange 4½d. to 5s. fine 2/0½ to 2/2½, finest 3/9½, fannings 3½d. to 1/3, fine 1/9 per lb. JUTE—A subdued tone pervaded this market, and prices eased slightly. Firsts July-August to Continent quoted £15 2/6, August-September sold £15 2/6, new August-September at £15 12/6, Dundees old crop quoted £14 15/-, new sellers £15 2/6, hearts old £14 5/-, new £14 10/- per ton c.i.f. SHELLAC dull T.N. spot 27/-, August sold 45/- to 46/6, October buyers 47/-, December 48/6, July-August shipment quoted 46/- c.i.f.

OILS.—Linseed firmer. Spot sellers 16/6, August 13/3, September-December sold 13/6 to 13/7½, January-April 14/6. Rape quiet. Crude spot 28/-, refined 30/-. Cotton steady. Crude Egyptian spot 21/3, common edible 24/3, deodorised 26/3. Coconut quiet. Ceylon spot drums 27/6, July-August 22/-. Turpentine quiet. American spot 60/3 per cwt. OILSEEDS—Linseed firmer on reserved offers and a fair Continental demand. Calcutta to London August-September quoted 29 12/6, Plate to Hull July-August £7 18/9, August-September £8 2/6, September-October £8 3/9, October-November £8 5/-. Rapeseed steady. Toria July-August, £11. Cottonseed firmer on light offerings and firm Alexandria advices. Egyptian black to Hull July also August £6 15/-, new crop October 27, with white sorts at 5/- per ton less, respectively. Groundnuts firmer on sustained Continental inquiries. Coromandel machined August sold £15 10/-, September quoted £16 12/6, October £15 13/9, Chinese August £14 17/6. Soya Beans steadier. Manchurian afloat also for shipment up to October 26 18/9 per ton.

LIVERPOOL.—August holiday markets closed from this (Friday) evening until Tuesday morning next, 2nd August. CANE SUGAR very steady, with sellers asking 6/3 per cwt. c.i.f. for August-September shipments to U.K. COCOA—West African kinds on spot remain very quiet and buyers generally holding off. Fine fermented Accra ex store in bond nominally unaltered at 27/6 per cwt. new crop to Continent, c.i.f. terms; sellers good fermented Accra 26/6, and Lagos 24/6. 25/5 August-December shipments per 50 kilos, and buyers 6d. less; later forward positions 3d. dearer all round. Futures steady and generally 3d. advance on the previous close; business done September 26/-, and March 26/6 per cwt. JAPANESE PEAS steady, with £25 wanted for store lots, and £20 per ton c.i.f. for afloat and early shipments. RICE BRAN—Burmah held for 97/6 per ton ex ship terms August-September shipments, but the demand still limited. OIL CAKES—Imported descriptions steadily maintained in value, but demand continues rather quiet, American linseed held for 27 c.i.f. River Plate for £7 5/- c.i.f. July-August shipments; Egyptian undecorticated cottonseed in the same position quoted £4 5/- ex ship terms. PALM KERNELS—Prices rather favouring sellers, and £10 13/9 wanted for July-August, August-September shipments, and buyers at 2/6 below this figure; sales made £10 13/9 per ton September-October shipments, later £10 15/-; sellers July-August, August-September, buyers £10 12/6 per ton. TALLOW—Quiet, steady, but slow for South American. No. 1 Irrigoffic 21/9 c.i.f., quoted for August shipments; Australian good colour mixed forward shipments unchanged at 22/3 to 23/- per cwt. c.i.f.

LIVERPOOL SUGAR.—Tate and Lyle's (Ltd.) quotations—Crystals, ones 22/3; granulated, standard 19/10½; yellow, thirds 19/9.

### LONDON METALS MARKET.

TIN—Eastern cables were again firmer, and here prices further improved on a better demand and reserved offers. On balance official quotations marked a net rise of 40/- to 42/6 for cash, and 42/6 per ton forward. Standard cash quoted £129 2/6 to £129 5/-, three months £130 12/6 to £130 17/6; settlement price £129 5/-. Sales amounted to 600 tons, cash at £129, £129 5/- and £129, three months £131, £130 10/- and £130 15/-. English ingots quoted £130 15/- to £132 15/-. Business was reported in the East at £135 c.i.f. COPPER—Prices responded to a better demand, though slightly irregular at times, and sellers showed more reserve. On balance official quotations were advanced by 20/- per ton, both cash and forward. Standard cash quoted £26 2/6 to £26 3/6, three months £26 12/6 to £26 13/6; settlement price £26 2/6. 1,300 tons changed hands, cash at £26 3/6 to £26 2/6, three months £26 7/6, £26 17/6 and £26 15/-. Electrol quoted £26 15/- to £29 5/-, wire bars 29 5/-, best selected £27 10/- to £28 15/-. LEAD market firmer, with dealings on a larger scale. 800 tons sold good soft foreign pig August £10, September £10 1/3, October £10 2/6 to £10 3/6; settlement price £10 1/3, 1,000 tons sold. SPELTER also in better request and prices firmer in sympathy with other metals. 700 tons sold August £13 18/9 to £13 19/-, September £13 1/3, October £12 5/-, £12 3/6, £12 6/3 and £12 5/- settlement price £12 2/6. Tin Plates—1/c coke prompt and forward 15/- to 15/3 per box f.o.b. Swansea. Second Session—Tin firm. 175 tons sold. Cash quoted £129 10/-, three months sold at £131 to £131 5/-. Copper firm. 500 tons sold, cash buyers £26 6/3, three months sold at £25 17/6 to £25 18/6. Lead quiet. 50 tons sold good soft foreign pig August £10. Spelter quiet. 25 tons sold November £12 7/6.

**Stray Pigeon.**—A homing pigeon has arrived at Zephyr Lodge, Kells, where it is being cared for. On a ring on its foot is the inscription 4258 I.U.F.F. 32.


Thousands of ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house. Those who use them recommend them; hence their enormous sale. Price 5s. Sold by all Chemists and Stores; or post free from proprietors, Martin, Chemist, Southampton. —(Advt.)



You can't grow oranges or pineapples in the garden

but for a few pence, and at any time of the year, you can enjoy the refreshing flavours of these and many other fruits in their most delectable form as a jelly.

*For quality's sake, insist on*

WHITE'S JELLY CRYSTALS

Flavoured with fruit concentrates prepared in our own works.


## ENNISCORTHY SHOW.

### ENTRIES EXCEED 1,000.

### BEST CATTLE SEEN FOR YEARS.

FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT.

*ENNISCORTHY, Thursday.*

INCLUDING the newly introduced section for dogs, and also the jumping competitions, there were over a thousand entries at the sixty-fourth annual show of the County Wexford United Agricultural Society, held in the County Show Grounds here to-day. The cattle, though not so numerous as usual, were far above the average in merit, the shorthorns and registered dairy shorthorns showing remarkable uniformity and breed character. Mr. Timothy O'Sullivan, who acted as judge, described the cattle as easily the best he had seen here during the past six years. When it came to awarding the shorthorn breed medal, Mr. R. A. Latta's beautiful roan March calf, Ballinkiln Princely Leader, was selected. This is a bull of great promise, whose sire was reserve champion in Perth last season, when he changed hands at £2,000 guineas. The reserve for this honour went to Mr. William Doyle's two-year-old bull, Roan Prince. In addition to his champion, Mr. Latta won several other prizes, including a first for his 1,699 gallon red registered dairy shorthorn cow, Looby. A number of other heavy milk cows were exhibited.

Hunters of young horses, suitable for hunters, as usual, made quite a good turnout. Light-weight hunters were especially creditable. They were led by Miss Joan O'Connor's Carcross, a useful looking five-year-old, by St. Louis, while Mr. T. W. Jefferies was second, and Mr. W. Leacy third with horses by that well-bred stallion, Free Return. The Donishall Cup, for three-year-old hunters, bred in County Wexford, was carried off by Mr. Thomas Kavanagh, with his bay filly, by Cyllenus, dam by Count. Mr. John Kehoe's brown gelding by Marengo, dam by Scotch Sign, was placed reserve.

In 31 classes there were 194 entries of utility poultry and dead fowl, the show in this department being the largest which has ever been made within sight of Vinegar Hill. Miss Mangan, of Clonmel, was the judge, and was pleased with the general quality of the exhibits. This is the second show within a week at which I have seen poultry coming into their own. The other show was at Clonmel.

There was a good display of butter, made in farm dairies, and also a lot of excellent honey.

Dogs, for an initial fixture, made a large display, the entries being 263. These were distributed as follow:—Aisatians, 43; fox terriers (wire), 36, smooth, 33; Pekingese, 32. Cairns, 27; cockers, 22; greyhounds, 13; Irish terriers, 3; with others in lesser numbers.

The weather was favourable. There was a fairly good attendance in the afternoon, and the arrangements made by the Hon. Sec., Mr. W. K. Stamp, worked smoothly. Chief award:—

### HUNTERS AND HARNESS HORSES

Hunters, to carry 11st. 7lb. or upwards—1, Lieut.-Colonel Hudson Kinahan, Ferns—Saucer; 2, C. F. Tisdall, Borris—Bay Gelding; 3, D. W. Reynolds, Carnew—Stephen.

Hunters, to carry 11st. 7lb. to 13st. 7lb.—1, Miss Joan O'Connor, Wexford—Carcross; 2, T. W. Jefferies, Adamstown—The Otter; 3, W. Leacy Cusanstown—Bay.

Four-year-olds likely to make hunters—1 Thomas Stafford, Davidstown—B.G.; 2, R. Jacob, Dunsinane—B.M.; 3, Mrs. Eustace-Duckett, Tullow—Rob.

Three-year-olds likely to make hunters—1, M. J. Verdon, Saleville—B.G.; 2, James Ball, The Daphne—B.G.; 3, William Leacy, The Ballagh—Ch. G.

Hunter Brood Mares—1, Lieut.-Colonel Hudson Kinahan—Sister Peggy; 2, George McDonald Macmine Brown; 3, P. O'Gorman, Ballytyrland—B.M.

Two-year-old Hunter Geldings—1, N. Codd, Wood lands—Bay; 2, R. Rackard, Killanne; 3, John Kehoe, Glenbrien—Bay.

Two-year-old Hunter Fillies—1, J. Leary, Kiltealy—B.; 2, Martin Morrissey, Kiltiane—Br.; 3, John Crean, Churchtown—Br.

Yearling Hunter Colts or Geldings—1, D Murphy, Ferns—Ch.; 2, Thomas Furlong, Adamstown; 3, do.

Yearling Hunter Fillies—1, G. Flood, Clonroche; 2, Thomas Kavanagh, Killane; 3, Thomas Curran, Clonroche.

Cobs and Ponies, 14.2 to 15.1 hands—1, T. J. Rourke, Ferns—B.M.; 2, J. Mernagh, Glenbrien—Grey; 3, T. J. Rourke—Ch.

Cobs, 14.2 and under, ridden by children—1, M L. Hickey, Foulksmills—Br. M.; 2, D.

## PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.


**GAIETY THEATRE.**
NEXT WEEK: HORSE SHOW WEEK.
SIX NIGHTS, MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.30.
CHARLES B. COCHRAN presents
"BITTER SWEET,"
"BITTER SWEET,"
"BITTER SWEET."
Cast includes:
KATHLYN HILLIARD, ARTHUR LUCAS,
RENEE REEL.
With the Entire Production from His Majesty's and Palace Theatres, London.
Prices for this engagement: Dress Circle, 6/6; Parterre, 4/-. Now Booking.

**OLYMPIA THEATRE.**
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9
Sam Lingfield Presents
"BOOT VILLA,"
A Comedy Act, with a kick in it.
THE LUCERNE SKATERS.
MARK LANE, Singing Blackfaced Comedian.
W. H. BRAND. JOAN VALLE.
HIND SISTERS and REVEL.
Box Office, 11-4.30. 'Phone: 23292.

**ABBEY THEATRE.**
TO-NIGHT (THURSDAY) and Following Nights at 8. MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
FIRST PRODUCTION OF
"ALL'S OVER, THEN?"
A Play in Three Acts, by LENNOX ROBINSON.
Booking at Theatre 10.30 to 6.

**METROPOLE.**
CONTINUOUS ..... 2.0 to 11.0 P.M.
WILL ROGERS in
"BUSINESS AND PLEASURE."
DAILY, at 2.10, 4.40, 7-10 and 9.40 p.m.
Also
"A HOLY TERROR,"
With GEORGE O'BRIEN and SALLY EILERS.

METROPOLE BALLROOM.

HORSE SHOW WEEK ATTRACTIONS.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3rd,
EAST GALWAY HUNT BALL,
10 to 4 O'CLOCK. TICKETS, £1 1/-.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 5th,
BRITISH LEGION BALL,
10 to 4 O'CLOCK. TICKETS, £1 1/-.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 6th.
FAREWELL GALA DANCE,
8 to 12 O'CLOCK. TICKETS, 7/6.
Including Buffet Supper and Souvenir for Ladies.
BOOKING AT METROPOLE.

**GRAFTON** DAILY At 2.50, 5.15, 7.30 and 9.40.
WARNER BAXTER and LEILA HYAMS, in
"SURRENDER."
A Drama that will hold you Enthralled.

**THEATRE ROYAL.**
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
JOE PEANUTS
AND HIS SIMIAN GIGOLOS.
Peter Fanoan, Elmer and Elsie, Percy Val, Norman and Arnold, Presco and Campo, Earle and Eddie Franklin.
WILLIAM BOLAND and MABEL BAKER.
RUPERT HAZEL and ELSIE DAY.

**PAVILION** DUN LAOGHAIRE. 3.30 to 10.30.
WALTER HUSTON,
With HELEN CHANDLER & KENT DOUGLASS, in
"A HOUSE DIVIDED."
A Tense, Powerful Drama, Superbly Acted.
At 4.15, 6.45 and 9.20. Eve. Ufstone, Gazette.
SLIM SUMMERVILLE, in "First to Fight," etc.

**CAPITOL.**
DAILY, 2.15 TO 11 O'CLOCK, CONTINUOUS.
EDGAR WALLACE'S FAMOUS STORY.
"THE FRIGHTENED LADY,"
Featuring Norman McKinnell, Cathleen Nesbitt.
A Famous Play now brought to the Screen, with all the Artistry of the Master of Thrills.
ON THE STAGE:
GIOVANNI, FRISBY and TRAINER,
No Funny Business. 2 Singing Newsboys.
THE CAPITOL QUARTETTE IN THE
WEDDING SCENE from "ROMEO AND JULIET."
THE CAPITOLIANS AND CAPITOL GIRLS.
CAPITOL CAFES OPEN TO THE PUBLIC ALL DAY.

**CORINTHIAN.**
CONTINUOUS ..... 2.30 till 11.
GEORGE O'BRIEN and VICTOR McLAGLEN, in
"THE GAY CABALLERO,"
With CONCHITA MONTENEGRO.
Also HAROLD FRENCH, in
"STAR REPORTER."

SATURDAY SUPPER DANCE,
TO-MORROW NIGHT, 8 TILL 12.
CLERYS BALLROOM.
CLERYS OWN FAMOUS BAND:
THE RHYTHMANIACS.
COVER CHARGE 3/6 EVENING DRESS.
Tax 3d. extra.
BOOK YOUR TABLE NOW!
THE M.C.C. AND GENTLEMEN OF IRELAND CRICKET TEAMS HAVE BEEN INVITED.
BILLY AND MARJORIE WALKER are in charge of the Dance arrangements, and give Lessons in Ballroom Dances by appointment.
CLERYS RESTAURANT 'Phone:- 44886.

"Ireland's Equine Event."
DUBLIN HORSE SHOW,
AUGUST 2, 3, 4, 5, 1932.
GREAT INTERNATIONAL MILITARY JUMPING CONTESTS
BLOODSTOCK SALES.
AUGUST 2, 3 and 4.
627 YEARLINGS.
Inter-Hunt Parade and Jumping Contest.
National Exhibition of Irish Manufactures in Pembroke Hall.
The Royal Horticultural Society of Ireland's Summer Show—Sandymount Hall, August 3, 4 and 5.
National Art, Higgins Bequest, and Taylor Art Displays in Pembroke Hall.
The World's Famous St. Hilda's Band.
The Army No. 1 Band.
Miss Annie Fagan's String Orchestra.
Catering by Mills, Ltd., Dublin, and Mrs. Lawlor, Naas.
FULL SEASON TICKET, £1 each, if purchased this week.
RESERVED SEATS NOW BOOKABLE. Early application advisable.
EDWARD BOHANE, Director.
Ballsbridge, Dublin.

**SAVOY CINEMA.**
UPPER O'CONNELL ST., DUBLIN.
Week-days—Continuous, 2 to 11.
"THE BEAST OF THE CITY,"
DRAMATIC AND SENSATIONAL EXPOSE OF THE UNDERWORLD AT WORK. THE GANGSTER PICTURE THAT IS DIFFERENT.
SHOWING AT 2.40, 5 o'c., 7.25, 9.45.
Also GEORGE ROBEY in
"THE TEMPERANCY FETE."
A COMEDY HOWL! AN INIMITABLE COMEDIAN AT HIS BEST!
SHOWING AT 2, 4.10, 6.30, 8.50.
C. PHILIP DORE in a WAGNER MUSIC DRAMA On the SAVOY ORGAN.
SUNDAY, 3 p.m. and 8.30. Book for the 8.30 Performance.
VISIT THE SAVOY RESTAURANT.
Open till 12 midnight.
The Modern System of Ventilation assures your Comfort.


## GOVERNMENT NOTICES

### TAR AND BITUMEN FOR USE ON ROADS.

DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND PUBLIC HEALTH.
LOCAL AUTHORITIES (COMBINED PURCHASING) ACT, 1925.

The Minister for Local Government and Public Health hereby gives public notice that he will receive applications on or before the 22nd day of August, 1932, from persons desirous of being appointed under the above-mentioned Act to be Official Contractors during the period 1st day of October, 1932, up to the 30th day of September, 1933, for the supply to Local Authorities in Saorstat Eireann of the commodities set forth in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder. In Column 2 of the Schedule is set forth opposite each commodity the estimated total quantity required for use on the roads during the period specified. Applications for appointment as Official Contractor must be made on the prescribed Form of Application, copies of which can be obtained from the Office of the Department of Local Government and Public Health (TRADE DEPARTMENT), Room 44a, Custom House, Dublin, and should be forwarded to this address, ENCLOSED AND SEALED IN THE OFFICIAL ENVELOPE, which is issued for the purpose, with the prescribed Form. Particulars and specifications of each of the commodities set forth in the Schedule hereunder may also be obtained from the above address. The commodities are to be supplied in accordance with conditions set forth in the Local Authorities (Combined Purchasing) Regulations, 1926 to 1930, and, in particular, in accordance with the Regulations of 1930. Where an applicant proposes to supply a proprietary preparation as a substitute for, or form of the commodity in respect of which he is desirous of appointment, he must state so in his application. He must also give particulars of the composition of such preparation. Expert opinion will be taken as to the relative value of any such preparation. The Minister will require every person appointed, as a condition of his appointment, to enter into an undertaking (included in the Application Form) to accept as correct the results of any analysis or test by the State chemist of the commodity supplied. Before making an appointment the Minister will take into consideration not only the price for which the commodity is offered by each applicant, but also the quality of the goods manufactured or supplied by him, the period from the date of each order within which the applicant undertakes to make delivery, the stocks proposed to be held in this country, the records of the applicant, and any other such relevant matter. The Minister does not undertake to appoint the applicant whose price is the lowest, or any applicant.

| Col 1. SCHEDULE. | Column 2 (Gallons). |
|---|---|
| 1. Bitumen for Surface Dressing... | |
| 2. Bitumen for Bituminous Concrete ..... | 1,200,000 |
| 3. Dehydrated and Refined Tar (No. 1) ..... | |
| 4. Dehydrated and Refined Tar (No. 2) ..... | 1,804,600 |
| 5. Tar Bitumen Mixture..... | 3,500,000 |
| 6. Bitumen Emulsion ..... | 500,000 |
| 7. Cut-Back Bitumen ..... | 50,000 |

By Order of the Minister for Local Government and Public Health.—E. P. McCARRON, Secretary. 27/7/1932. 24/C.4348. W.H.Co.

LOCAL APPOINTMENTS COMMISSION.
POSITIONS VACANT.

Application Forms for and particulars of the undermentioned posts may be obtained from the Secretary of the Commission, 45 Upper O'Connell street, Dublin, C.8.:—

(i.) RESIDENT MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT, Enniscorthy District Mental Hospital, Co. Wexford (whole-time and pensionable). Salary £700 a year, with unfurnished apartments.
(ii.) HOUSE SURGEON, County Hospital, Croom, Co. Limerick (whole-time and non-pensionable). Salary £100 a year, with board and residence. Appointment will be for two years.
(iii.) VISITING SURGEON DENTIST (Registered), Letterkenny District Mental Hospital, Co. Donegal (part-time and non-pensionable). Salary £45 a year.
(iv.) MIDWIFE, Castlemartyr Dispensary District, Co. Cork (part-time and pensionable). Salary £50-£1-£57 a year.

Latest date for receiving completed Application Forms, 12th AUGUST, 1932. 24/C.4351 W.H.Co.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTHERN IRELAND.

### ULSTER SAVINGS CERTIFICATES.

FOURTH ISSUE.

The Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland hereby gives notice that Ulster Savings Certificates of the Fourth Issue will be on sale at Post Offices and Banks in Northern Ireland on and after TUESDAY, 2nd AUGUST, 1932.

The purchase price of each unit Certificate will be 16/-, and the value will increase to £1 in 7 years. Multiple Certificates are also obtainable.

Each purchaser will, on the occasion of his first purchase of a Fourth Issue Certificate, be provided with a new book bound in a pink cover. Registered Holders already possessing Number Cards should hand them to the Issuing Officer for insertion in the new books.

The conditions relating to freedom from income tax, maximum number (£500) to be held by any one person, and all other general conditions governing the previous (Third) issue, remain unchanged, and are set out in a pamphlet (form U.S. 110D.), obtainable from Post Offices, Banks, Ministry of Finance, 15 Donegall square, West, Belfast, and Stormont, Belfast.

Ministry of Finance, Stormont, Belfast.
27th July, 1932.

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
I, HARRY EASTWOOD, LISMORE, COUNTY WATERFORD, intend to apply for a Bookmaker's Licence.

ADVERTISEMENT INDEX.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|---|---|---|---|
| Amusements ..... | 6 | Machinery ..... | 12 |
| Apartments ..... | 12 | Medical Appointments | 1 |
| Auctions ..... | 12 | Miscellaneous ..... | 12 |
| Bicycles ..... | 2 | Money & Partnership | 1 |
| Business Premises ... | 12 | Music, Pianos ..... | 12 |
| Cattle & Live Stock | 12 | Opticians ..... | 12 |
| Dogs ..... | 12 | Poultry, Eggs ..... | 12 |
| Dress ..... | 12 | Public Notices ..... | 6 |
| Employment Wanted | 1 | Representatives ..... | 1 |
| Fishing, Sporting ... | 12 | Seaside and Country | 12 |
| Furniture ..... | 12 | Sea Trips ..... | 1 |
| Garden ..... | 12 | Shipping ..... | 1 |
| Hotels ..... | 1 | Situations Vacant ... | 1 |
| Houses and Lands ... | 12 | Sporting Articles ... | 12 |
| Houses & Lands for Sale & Wanted ... | 12 | Stabling ..... | 12 |
| Houses to Let ..... | 12 | Timber ..... | 12 |
| Legal Appointments. | 1 | Tuitions ..... | 1 |
| Legal Notices ..... | 6 | Wireless ..... | 12 |
| Lost and Found ..... | 1 | Yachts ..... | 12 |


Telephone No. 23055

## LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
ANNE FRANCES ELLEN BOLTON, late of Brook Lodge, in the County of Waterford, Spinster, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors of, or otherwise to have any claim or demand, against the Estate of the said Anne Frances Ellen Bolton, who died on the 2nd day of January, 1932, are hereby required on or before the 24th day of September, 1932, to furnish in writing particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned solicitors for Sir Charles Alexander Anderson, K.C.B., K.C.I.E., A.M., of Moor Cross House, Cornwood, in the County of Devon in England, Lieutenant-General (retired), one of the executors named in the will of the said Deceased, and to whom Probate thereof was granted forth of the Waterford District Probate Registry on the 27th day of May, 1932.

And Notice is hereby further given that after the said 24th day of September, 1932, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated this 21st day of July, 1932.
DOBBYN and McCOY, Solicitors, 5 Colbeck street, Waterford.

IN THE GOODS OF
HENRY MARTIN JOHNSTON, late of Stranorlar, County Donegal, Medical Doctor, Deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate are required to furnish forthwith particulars of same in writing to the undersigned.

Dated this 27th day of July, 1932.
WILSON and SIMMS, Solicitors, Strabane.

Notice of Sitting for Proof of Debts—98.
SAORSTAT EIREANN.
HIGH COURT OF JUCTICE.
IN BANKRUPTCY.
In the Matter of
JAMES A. FLANAGAN, of Ballymote, in the County of Sligo, Auctioneer and Publican, a Bankrupt.

A Public Sitting in this matter will be held before the Chief Registrar at the Four Courts, Inns Quay Dublin, on Friday, the 12th day of August, 1932, at the hour of eleven o'clock, forenoon, for the Proof and Admission of Debts. The Account of the Official Assignee and the Vouchers for the same will also be examined.

A Creditor may prove his debt at the sitting, or send his affidavit of debt in the prescribed form, or his detailed account to the under-named Official Assignee four days previously to the sitting, in order to have the same admitted.

Owing to the destruction of papers in the burning of the Four Courts all proofs of debt and the records of claims sent to the Official Assignee before May, 1922, have been destroyed, and, therefore, a creditor who sent in a claim before that date must now send in a duplicate, otherwise the Court can have no knowledge of his demand.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1932.
JOHN C. MARLOWE, Bankruptcy Clerk.
A. G. HOLLINSHEAD, Official Assignee, Four Courts, Dublin.
HORAN and DEVINE, Solicitors for the Bankrupt, 12 Dame street, Dublin.


# The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1932.


## NEWS SUMMARY.

### IRELAND.

Addressing a public meeting in Dublin last night, President de Valera warned farmers that failure to pay the land annuities would be followed by a host of evils that would hit the farmers most heavily. —(Page 7.)

The Irish Trades Union Congress at Cork yesterday passed resolutions in favour of the control of all Free State transport by a Ministry of Transport, the establishment of a National Economic Council, the introduction of a shorter working day and a five-day week, the establishment of a national minimum wage, and State control of credits, finance and currency.—(Page 5.)

There were only 1,675 cattle in the Dublin Market yesterday, and, as comparatively few animals were taken for export, a good many cattle and sheep were taken home again.—(Page 4.)

A fine was imposed at Armagh Petty Sessions yesterday on the Armagh City Council for polluting the River Callan by allowing the discharge of inadequately filtered sewage.—(Page 5.)

At Belfast Custody Court yesterday Dr. F. J. Leddy, of Belfast, was sentenced for illegal drilling at Harp Hall, Co. Antrim, on July 18th.—(Page 4.)

Yesterday evening a man was charged at a special emergency court at Mullingar in connection with the serious disturbances of the previous day, when men working on the site of a new Gaelic park were attacked by a crowd some five hundred strong.—(Page 5.)

There were over one thousand entries at the Enniscorthy Agricultural Show which was held yesterday.—(Page 5.)

### ABROAD.

The British case submitted to the Imperial Economic Conference points out the barriers the Dominions have erected against British manufactures, and the necessity for adequate markets for those products if she is to continue to exist.—(Page 7.)

Troops had to be called to evict the "bonus army" from Washington, after the police had failed to drive them out even after firing upon them.—(Page 7.)

### SPORTING.

At Galway yesterday Silver Sea won the Corrib Plate, Irish Knight II. the Galway Blazers' Plate, Knuckleduster the Galway Hurdle, Orange Girl His Majesty's Plate, Calendio the Renmore Plate, and Modest Study the Oranmore Plate.—(Page 10.)

At Goodwood yesterday Brulette won the Goodwood Cup. Brown Jack was second and Ut Majeur third.—(Page 10.)

At Worcester Young Native won the City Handicap Plate.—(Page 10.)

### FINANCIAL.

At the National Bank meeting in Dublin yesterday Mr. J. B. Meers said it was matter for great satisfaction that the banks were able in the difficult times through which we are passing to present such clean and satisfactory balance-sheets. The reduced dividend was largely due to extra taxation.—(Page 3.)

London Stock Markets were firm. British Funds were easier, but Rubbers and many Industrials improved.—(Page 3.)

Money Market rates remained very easy.—(Page 3.)

In Dublin the feature was the rise in Guinness units on the unexpectedly favourable dividend, which totals 29 per cent., against 35 per cent. in 1930-31.—(Page 3.)

### Progress at Ottawa.

The deliberations at Ottawa, which seemed a few days ago to be forfeiting their chance of success, have regained a prosperous tone. As might be expected, Great Britain, with her huge market, is proving the focal point of the discussions. South Africa can enter into trade arrangements with Canada with comparative ease; Australia, New Zealand and Southern Rhodesia, doubtless, will find a formula without excessive difficulty. Britain's trouble, however, is that she cannot dare to commit herself without the most meticulous study of her prospects. Whatever happens, she, alone of all the members of the British Commonwealth, cannot leave herself short of supplies of food from abroad; and it so chances that the principal export of virtually all the Dominions consists of food or foodstuffs. While Britain seeks to obtain a foothold for her manufactures in the Dominions' markets, the Dominions seek to ensure that they will receive heavy preferences for their foodstuffs in Britain. It is one thing to state these programmes on paper: it is quite another thing to put them into practice. The Dominions are not anxious to sacrifice their own incipient industries to the policy of inter-imperial trade; Britain, on her part, is reluctant to abandon her foreign sellers without guarantees that the change will be worth her while. Amid these claims and counter-claims the delegates must steer a profitable course.

Meat and wheat are the commodities which give the greatest trouble. These, as our readers know, were the two commodities which were excepted deliberately from the British Government's list of dutiable articles, published at the beginning of this year. Britain still is faintly disinclined to impose tariffs on meat and wheat from other than Empire sources; either she distrusts the ability of the Dominions to supply them, or she is dubious about the quality of their goods. On the other hand, as some of the Dominions have made clear, these are the only commodities on which they desire to receive a British preference. The discussions on this subject are still in process. In the matter of meat, apparently, the Dominions are not anxious so much that Britain shall impose a tariff on foreign supplies as that she shall establish a quota system for Empire produce. Britain, in return, designs to overcome the prejudice of the Dominions in favour of their own manufactured goods. She pleads that substantial sacrifices are due to her. Ninety *per cent.* of Britain's imports from the Dominions, according to a statement made yesterday by Mr. Stanley Baldwin, are admitted free, while virtually no British goods may approach the markets of the Dominions without payment of duty. If Ottawa is to succeed, the balance must be redressed. While one part of the Empire nourishes a grievance against another, that delicate equilibrium which is the essence of inter-imperial trade cannot be established, and the system will be wanting.

Yet it is impossible that something shall not come of Ottawa, even if the result, in some cases, should take years in its accomplishment. A rumour yesterday was that Britain would do her share in accordance with a particularly subtle scheme. She demanded that the Dominions should allow preferences to British goods which would increase annually over a period of ten years. In return, she would impose taxes on her imports of foreign produce, which similarly would increase, until at the end of ten years they should be virtually prohibitive. A scheme of this kind would afford the Free State all the opportunity that she wished to develop her infant industries—or such of them as are capable of development—and it would assure her an unshakeable grip on her share of the British market for live-stock and foodstuffs. The pity of it is that, thanks to Mr. de Valera's obstinacy in the matter of the land annuities, the Free State must view this possibility only as a receding dream. Not all the trade arrangements which she can make with the remote Dominions will compensate for the loss of the English market. Her once flourishing cattle trade is at the point of annihilation. The number of cows on sale at the Dublin Cattle Market yesterday was less than half the number for the corresponding week last year, and both buying and prices were pitiful. Yet this condition could have been avoided so easily. A sound agreement with England, whether at Ottawa or anywhere else, would have put the Free State in a happier position than any other part of the British Empire.

### Germany's Choice.

When the forecasting of election results is required, the attitude in most countries is that of extreme caution. In Germany, however, prognostications concerning next Sunday's poll have been reduced by the *cognoscenti* to mere mathematics. Observers are reminded that, in the second ballot of the Presidential election of April 10th, the Nazis received thirteen and a half million votes, of which two millions had been cast in the first ballot for the Nationalist candidate. This result is accepted by local experts as a pointer to Sunday's voting. There are five hundred and eighty seats in the Reichstag, and the Nazis, if they are to secure an absolute majority, must obtain eighteen million votes, which, on the basis of one deputy for every sixty thousand pollers, represent three hundred seats. Thus the problem is simple. Can the Nazis increase their supporters by about five thousand? The suggested answer is that they cannot. On the contrary, Herr Hugenberg's Nationalists, in company with the People's Party, the Agrarian Party and the Economic Party, are expected to occupy some seventy seats in the new Reichstag. If they poll thirteen million votes, the Nazis will be able to add some two hundred and sixteen deputies to their seventy, and a small increase, therefore, will give a final majority to the forces of the Right. The margin against the Right—286 to 294—is not great, but here the difference between the first and second ballots in the Presidential elections must be borne in mind. If the Nazis could boast thirteen and a half million supporters in the second ballot, this feat was due to the retiring of the Hugenberg candidate—in other words, to a gift of two million votes. More important, however, than the election itself is the disquieting readiness with which the Fatherland's citizens have received General von Schleicher's jingoist broadcast. Even the Democratic newspapers have received it with complacency. Accordingly, the world must recognise that Germany, if called upon to act by her leaders, is prepared to break the Treaty of Versailles in the matter of armaments. That her case is a good case we do not deny; it is her method of approach which we deplore. Thus we must hope for a statement in the Reichstag which will enable Herr von Papen and President von Hindenburg to conduct affairs according to their own lights. Though General von Schleicher's speech was sinister enough, a Nazi or Communist Germany would be infinitely more dangerous. Herr von Papen can control his Minister for Defence. Under any other *régime* no control, except from outside, will be possible.

### Ireland's Beauty Spots.

Beauty spots are transient things. The essentials of scenic beauty cannot be killed, but they can be maimed with extreme and lamentable ease. Ireland is fortunate not only in the number of her lovely places, but in their comparative immunity from the intentional and unintentional destroyer. Yet we must not delude ourselves that this immunity can endure; for this is an age of destruction, of standardising, and of rapidly increasing urbanisation. Unless the process, which has begun in Ireland, is controlled, there is every danger that the Irish beauty spots will have lost three-quarters of their charm within a very few years. The danger comes not so much from people who have no feeling for fine scenery, as from the people who have such a feeling. These are the people who, finding a lovely spot untenanted, proceed to popularise it without any real regard for what they are doing. The Free State Government's Planning Bills, when they appear, will help to combat this danger; if administered by men of taste and feeling, they will save Ireland altogether. Yet there are certain spots which must remain as aloof from the hand of the planner as from that of the vandal—some parts, for instance, of the west coast, where sea and mountain meet. Surely these places could be taken in trust by the State or by some delegated authority, and kept as national preserves. The English people have taken over several such places, and are preserving them in their natural state for the public; the need, though less urgent, is just as great here. As for the other and more popular places, we can only hope that the rapid operation of the Planning Bills will secure them against the vandal, the jerry-builder and the careless squatter.

### A Westmeath "Find."

We print to-day an interesting description of important excavations that are being made in County Westmeath. In the neighbourhood of Moate a large mound in the middle of a bog has been recognised by the local inhabitants for a long time as a *crannog*, or lake dwelling, and recently the owner of the property on which it is situated discovered a Viking sword in the course of drainage operations. This "find" aroused the interest of the experts, and two young American archæologists from the University of Harvard have been working on the *crannog* for the last six weeks. These young men, who are working under the supervision of the National Museum authorities, have achieved remarkable success. They have established the fact that the *crannog* is a relic of the ninth century, and have unearthed a number of objects in an almost perfect condition of preservation. One of the most important is a bronze lamp of Celtic design, while canoes and paddles establish a direct link with the lake dwellers of the earliest times. Strangely enough, the excavators have found not only ancient relics, but also such comparatively modern things as Elizabethan pipes and Jacobite coins. Although the work is being done by the Harvard men, all the discoveries will go to the National Museum in Dublin. Work of this kind is of the greatest national value, and we are glad that the archæologists are "carrying on" in the midst of our political excursions and alarums. From the archæologist's point of view Ireland is one of the most interesting countries in the world. It is a treasure house of antiquities, and there is a vast field of excavation that hitherto has remained untouched.

## COURT AND PERSONAL.

Yesterday Prince George visited the Olde English Fayre, which the Rotary Club of Bedford organised in support of the Mayor of Bedford's "Help and Self-Help Fund for the Unemployed."

The Queen's Doll's House is one of the attractions announced in connection with the opening of the State apartments at Windsor Castle during next month. Sailors, soldiers, airmen, and naval, military and Air Force nurses in uniform will be admitted free of charge.

The Duke of Connaught and Princess Ingrid of Sweden have left London for Bagshot Park. It is expected that Princess Ingrid will leave next week on her return to Sweden.

The Archduke Otto of Hapsburg, who has been studying at Louvain University under the *incognito* of the Duke de Bar, has taken his degrees in social and political science.

The Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorne is entertaining a family party at Glamis Castle, and yesterday presented the prizes at the annual Show of the Angus Agricultural Society.

Countess Fitzwilliam has arrived at Coolattin Park from England. Sir Thomas and Lady Ainsworth have arrived at Killiney, where they have taken a house for the Horse Show. The Knight of Glin is at Lahinch, County Clare, where he will spend the summer and autumn.

Mr. Walter Edge, United States Ambassador to France, who has been spending some weeks in America, has returned to the Embassy in Paris. The Venezuelan Minister has returned to London from Geneva. During the absence of the Spanish Ambassador from London Senor Don Bernardo Rolland is acting as *Chargé d'Affaires*.

Admiral of the Fleet Earl Beatty and Viscount Borodale have left London for Mimizau. Priscilla Countess Annesley left London yesterday for Cowes. Other departures for Cowes include Lady M. Williams-Buikeley, the Hon. Ernest and Mrs. Guinness, the Hon. Mrs. George Lascelles and Mrs. Mostyn-Campbell.

The Marquess of Lansdowne continues to make satisfactory progress. There is no change in the Rev. the Marquess of Normanby's condition. The Hon. Mrs. Brooke is doing well.

An engagement is announced, and the marriage will take place quietly in October, between Eric William, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Harris-Martyn, Sunnyside, Co. Longford, and Julia Beryl, youngest daughter of Rev. Andrew Cooper, M.A., and Mrs. Cooper, 193 Howth road, Dublin.

Dr. E. T. Freeman has left town until the end of August.

Dr. H. G. Westropp has returned to 115 Strand road, Sandymount.

Mr. D. L. Rogers has left Dublin until the 1st September.

All this week and next, a beautiful collection of smart Model Hats and Copies, suitable for the Horse Show and Race Meetings, will be shown at Switzers.

Invitation to Holmes' Autumn Show, irrespective of an immediate purchase.—Of 71 George's street, Dublin. New Dressmaking, Tailoring Models copied in our workrooms.

Last two days of Sale. Further genuine reductions.—W. Leon, 24 Grafton street, 21 Henry street.

New Models are being shown in our Salons for the Horse Show.—W. Leon, 24 Grafton street and 21 Henry street.

Wards have just received a beautiful selection of new season's Evening Gowns.—8 Grafton street, Dublin.

PASSENGERS BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

Among the arrivals were:—Major Jacob, Captain Hodson, G. W. Weir, Mrs. J. Sullivan, Mrs. T. Purcell, Mr. and Mrs. R. Dodd, the Misses J. Fitzpatrick, J. Healy, Lieutenant-Colonel G. Brabazon, Miss M. Powell, Miss E. Jameson, Dorothy Carter, Mr. and Mrs. Cooper, Margaret McLaughlin, Elizabeth Cobb, Joan Fisher, Dorothy Young, Katherine Woods, Phyllis Spence, Lucia Woodworth, Captain and Mrs. Nolan, and Dr. and Mrs. Corcoran.

Among the departures were:—H. S. Elliott, William J. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. Parke Reeves, Mrs. Hodgson, Mr. O'Brien, Miss Mary O'Brien, Dr. J. A. Page, Mrs. W. B. Sanderson, Miss B. Fawcett, Miss R. Fawcett, Major and Mrs. H. J. W. Fitzmaurice, Brian Fitzmaurice, Captain D. Bennett, S. B. Stokes, J. Rhodes, and S. Byrne.

PASSENGERS BY B. AND I. LINE, VIA LIVERPOOL.

Among the arrivals were:—Dr. Atteridge, Captain Tim Goodbody, Major Warren, Captain Trench, Dr. Malley, R. Maxwell, P. W. Payne, Miss J. Riordan, Mr. and Mrs. Warren, Mr. Van Leeuwen, C. G. Tench, R. C. Taylor, Miss H. St. G. Smith, Colonel Ketone, W. P. Kinman, Miss D. Lyons, J. B. R. Aimers, Mrs. and Miss Fowell, E. Greenbough, T. Firth, V. Emerson, Mrs. M. Jopp, Miss Buckley, Mrs. M. Chilhanes, Mrs. D'Arcy Clarke, Dr. T. J. Cronin, M. B. Cooke, Miss Feeney, P. C. Gorman, Miss L. Craig, Mrs. Hill, H. Hoey, Mrs. A. L. Tomlinson, and Mrs P. Metcalfe.

Among the departure were:—Brigadier-General Burrowes, Major Dalziel, the Rev. — Blandford, the Rev. Dr. Doyle, Father O'Herlihy, Mrs. E. Wood, Father Cunningham, Father Furey, George Down, the Rev. E. Redmond, C. Kretzenzer, Mrs. Bernard, R. E. Stokes, Mrs. O. G. Gibson, Mrs. J. Markland, Mrs. Dorrington, Mrs. Dutton, Miss G. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Mont, R. J. Nash, Mrs. Judd, Miss Melville, James Holden, E. Townsend, G. Gerrard, Miss Govenor, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Boyliss, C. Kenny, Mrs. McCarthy, J. Carroll, R. Moore, Mrs. Roughan, Dr. Fogarty, F. A. Wyatt.

Mumford's Sale Costumes, Coats, Knitwear. Last week. Further reductions.—13 Suffolk st.

Somax (Reg.), the shirt with the reputation. Tailor-made. Every shirt guaranteed by the manufacturers. Made in Dublin.

Carpets Lifted, Shaken and Cleaned.—Millar and Beatty, Ltd., 14 Grafton street.

Davis and Co.—Last few days of sale. Bargains in every department.—45/6 Grafton street.

## TO-DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

High Courts and Circuit Courts — Four Courts, 11 a.m.
Circuit Criminal Court — Green street, 11 a.m.
Senate—11.30 a.m.
Summer Course in Music Concert—School of Music, Chatham row, 8.15 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

Olympia Theatre—"Boot Villa."
Abbey Theatre—"All's Over, Then?"
Metropole Cinema—"Business and Pleasure" and "A Holy Terror."
Grafton Cinema—"Surrender."
Theatre Royal—Variety.
Pavilion Cinema, Dun Laoghaire—"A House Divided."
Capitol Cinema — "The Frightened Lady" and Variety.
Corinthian Cinema—"The Gay Caballero" and "Star Reporter."
Savoy Cinema—"The Beast of the City."

### HONOUR FOR PREMIER'S DAUGHTER.

Miss Sheila R. Macdonald, daughter of the Prime Minister, who is at Somerville College, Oxford, has obtained a second class in the Honour School of Philosophy, Politics, and Economy.

## DUBLIN HORSE SHOW.

### A GLIMPSE BEHIND THE SCENES.

Dublin Horse Show is unique in the world of similar shows, in view of the fact that all horses pass through a veterinary examination, and no animal is awarded a prize in the various classes of the show unless the veterinary surgeons have certified it as being sound.

To carry this through successfully no less than eleven veterinary surgeons and three veterinary referees are appointed for this work, and they will commence duty on Monday next to ensure that the examinations are expedited as speedily as possible to enable the judging to be completed at a reasonable hour on the first day of the Show.

To provide a satisfactory test a ploughed gallop is introduced in the Veterinary Enclosure, together with dark rooms for eyesight tests, also concrete and cinder tracks to enable the veterinary surgeons to have the horses tried under various conditions which would display any serious defects.

This part of the Show premises is reserved exclusively for the purpose, and is not open to the public. When the work is in full operation the scene is an extremely busy one. No horse is finally rejected as unsound until one of the referees has been called in to verify or otherwise the opinion of the veterinary surgeon, but the high standard set by Dublin Horse Show can be gauged by the disqualifications in the aggregate being very few.

THE INTER-HUNT COMPETITION.

The following are the competing teams in the Inter-Hunt Jumping Competition at the Show on Wednesday, the second day of the Show:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Ward Union Hunt. | Mid-Antrim Harriers. |
| South Union Hunt. | East Antrim Harriers. |
| Limerick Hunt. | Bray Harriers. |
| Ormond Hunt. | Fingal Harriers. |
| Duhallow Hunt. | South County Dublin Harriers. |
| Louth Hunt. | |
| Longford Harriers. | |

Each of the hunts will be represented by a team of two horses, and there will be a parade of the teams immediately before the competition. Mr. Justice Wylie, Master of the Ward Union Hunt, has agreed to the invitation that the hounds of this famous hunt should head the parade.

Two silver cups value £15 each will be presented to the winning team, and two silver cups value £10 each to the second team. In addition the entrance fees, together with £20, contributed by the R.D.S., will be equally divided among the four best teams.

## CONVERSION RUSH.

### BANK OF ENGLAND'S VAST MACHINE.

A last hour rush is expected for the conversion on the best terms of the 5 p.c. War Loan to the new 3½ p.c. War Loan.

In its stock transfer offices the Bank of England has about 4,000 clerks working nightly from 5 until 10 in handling the many thousands of applications pouring in daily.

All applications whose postmark shows they had been posted before or on July 31 will qualify for the one per cent. bonus.

## OBITUARY.

### LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR CHARLES BURTCHAELL.

Lieutenant-General Sir Charles Henry Burtchaell, Honorary Surgeon to the King, and Colonel-Commandant R.A.M.C., died suddenly yesterday after an operation in Queen Alexandra's Military Hospital, Millbank, at the age of 65, says *The Times*. The son of Mr. Peter Burtchaell, of Brandon Dale, Co. Kilkenny, he graduated in Arts and Medicine at Trinity College, Dublin, and entered the Army in 1891. When in May, 1918, Lieutenant-General Sir A. T. Sloggett retired, Major-General Burtchaell, who had been from the outbreak of the war Assistant Director of Medical Services in France, was appointed to succeed him. As Director-General of Medical Services, British Armies in France, he brought to this post an extensive knowledge of the administration and organisation not only of the Army Medical Service, but of the Army as a whole. In 1925 he was appointed Colonel-Commandant, R.A.M.C., and he was Honorary LL.D. of Dublin and Honorary F.R.C.S.I.

### ALDERMAN E. BURKE, CLONMEL.

The death took place at his residence yesterday, after a short illness, of Alderman Edward Burke, T.C., Clonmel, one of the leading bacon curers and merchants in the South. His firm has been in existence since 1848. He was an old member of Clonmel Corporation, a director of the *Clonmel Nationalist*, a member of the Clonmel Rowing Club, a supporter of Clonmel Horse Show Society, and a most industrious and up-to-date business man.

### THE LATE EARL OF ANTRIM.

PROPOSED MEMORIAL.

It was announced yesterday that friends of the late Earl of Antrim propose to erect as

# PRESIDENT DE VALERA'S WARNING TO FARMERS.

## EVILS OF DELAY IN ANNUITY PAYMENTS.

## THE DISPUTE WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

## NO PANIC LEGISLATION BY THE GOVERNMENT.

PRESIDENT DE VALERA, addressing a great public meeting in College Green, Dublin, last night, issued a warning to the farmers as to the necessity for the payment of their land annuities. Failure, he said, would bring in its trail a whole host of evils.

As to the dispute with Great Britain, he said that the line taken by the Free State Government was less a line of retaliation upon England than one of construction. It would make the people stronger in the future, so that they would not fear such a crisis again.

Mr. de Valera announced that the Government was going to give outside countries opportunities of sending their goods here on terms not less favourable than they gave in the past to Britain.

The rumours that the Government here was about to take panicky action he declared to be groundless.

## ENGLISH STATESMEN'S POLICY

President de Valera, who was enthusiastically received, said that it had been the policy of successive generations of English statesmen to reduce this country to be, on the one hand, a cattle ranch, in order to supply the British table with cheap food, and, on the other hand, a dumping ground for British manufactured goods. It did not require very much thought to see what such a policy was bound to lead to as far as this country was concerned. Looking forward to the operation of such a policy, one could have predicted what it would result in. Looking back upon its operation, they had no doubt whatever as to its effect.

It was obvious that such a policy meant for Ireland, in time of crisis or strained relations with Britain, utter weakness, because Britain had only, on the one hand, to refuse to buy our products, or, on the other hand, to cut off our supplies. No man who had the interest and welfare of the country at heart could be satisfied with such a position. In normal times the position was equally bad, because in normal times, having but one customer for our products, they had practically to sell to that customer at the lowest price that we could produce the goods in competition with all the countries of the world. The result of it was that they were thrown back upon agriculture, and they had to compete with countries like the Argentine and others.

"During the last election we went before the people with a policy to remedy that," the President declared. "We asked the people to enable us, as a Government, to lead the country into a policy of self-sufficiency as far as was possible."

The President added that they told the people that they proposed to remedy their position of dependence on the British market for agricultural produce by, as a first step, reserving the home market, in so far as it consisted of agricultural produce, for the Irish farmer. They had pointed out that the millions of pounds' worth of agricultural produce imported into the country could be produced at home, and that, if the home market could not absorb all their agricultural products, arrangements would be made whereby the Government would try and get alternative markets.

The home market at the moment showed that it still remained to be captured by the Irish farmer. The Government had done its part, and it remained for the farmers to take advantage of the protection they had got and produce the food. By doing so the farmer would be helping to take himself out of the position of utter dependence on the foreign market.

The President said that the Free State was importing annually three million pounds' worth of foodstuffs of animal origin; their farmers could supply all. They were importing almost eight million pounds' worth of cereals and feeding-stuffs, and, although they could not produce all, they could start by producing one and a half million pounds' worth of flour which they at present imported, and produce as large a proportion as possible of the one and a half million worth of wheat they imported. If they were to make all their own flour they would probably require £3 million worth of wheat, £2½ million worth of maize and maize products, and they should try gradually to substitute this by home-grown cereals—barley and oats. Extended flour-milling would give offals to replace the corn offals imported into this country annually. He declared that this programme was not impossible within a reasonable period. Soon all the flour consumed in the country could be made at home. In the next season they could plan to produce at least half a million worth of wheat at home; wipe out the imports of £300,000 worth of corn offals; produce £200,000 worth of oaten products and substitute from half to one million worth of cereals and imported maize.

Obviously the first step towards self-sufficiency was to produce these goods. Under present conditions a market of £8,000,000 in this country was not to be despised. Its value was that it gave an alternative market to the farmer, the best market, a home market that could not be taken from him by any outside action. (Cheers.) The Government had done its part by legal action and locked to the farmer to take advantage of it.

### MARKETS ABROAD.

As regards alternative markets abroad, the Government was doing everything in its power to try to find and to establish them. He would like to point out that the action which had been taken by Britain would have been taken by her for any cause whatsoever and as long as it was possible to take such action this State was in an unsafe position. It was for that reason that at the election times they had put forward the policy of self-sufficiency. They proposed to work that policy quietly over a number of years, because they realised that otherwise the change in their national economy would give rise to a certain amount of dislocation and hardship. They wished to minimise that hardship by extending the period of change, but the action of the British had left them no choice as regarded time.

What they had meant to spread over a period of five years had to be done in a short time. That meant energetic action on the part of the Government, and wise action on the part of the citizens. This situation had got to be met with cool, calm courage. (Cheers.) It was not to be met by panic action. The worst thing that could happen at the moment was for the people to get needlessly excited, and to be rushed into taking steps that could not be easily retraced.

The best way to meet the present situation was to practice the simple virtue such as spending their money wisely. Money spent on necessities was far more beneficial to the community than money spent on luxuries or amusements. They should meet their financial obligations promptly, as any delay was bound to embarass those who gave credit. Make cash payments wherever possible. They should meet their obligations, not merely to their fellow-citizens, but also to the local authorities, and pay their rates. The health and general well-being of the community depended upon it. The Government in a time of crisis needed its revenue, without which it could not take the steps that might be necessary for the defence of the community.

He wished to issue a word of warning to the farmers. There had been a campaign, the object of which was to try and indirectly persuade them not to pay their land annuities. Failure to pay the land annuities would bring in its trail a whole host of evils that would fall most heavily on the farmer. There were debts due by the individual farmer to the State. With these moneys the State could give relief to farmers and help, if necessary, to tide over the present situation.

### BUY IRISH GOODS.

At the present time Saorstat Certificates would enable a person to earn 24s. in ten years—that is, sixteen shillings would become 24s. in ten years, whereas with British Certificates it would take eleven years for sixteen shillings to become 23s. Above all, they could help by buying the products of Irish industry. "When you go into a shop to buy any article," continued the President, "I would appeal to the women in particular to ask for Irish manufacture. It was surprising how many Irish articles could be found if looked for. It should be everybody's business to know what articles of home manufacture could be obtained."

The Government had given the Irish manufacturer his chance and wanted him to take advantage of it. The individual citizen should make it possible for him to expand his business by giving a preference to articles of Irish manufacture. These were what the President termed the simple virtues, which he urged the people to practice. It was not necessary to do anything spectacular.

### STANDING TOGETHER.

He hoped that the present crisis would bring about a consciousness of the fact that each depended on the other.

"We are all brothers in this," declared the President; "that no one of us can suffer for any length of time without that suffering reflecting on the rest of us.

"It is our duty to stand by one another. We must also keep down imports. If our exports are diminishing, then it is our duty to restrict our imports as far as possible. We can do that, as I have indicated, by buying Irish goods in the first instance and as far as possible."

Continuing, the President said that the line of action taken at the present time was less one of retaliation upon England than one of construction. It would make the people stronger in the future, so that they should never fear a crisis such as the present again. If they approached the crisis in that spirit, then the hardships they might have to endure would prove ultimately for the benefit of the country.

### OUTSIDE COUNTRIES.

The Government was going to give outside countries an opportunity of sending their goods to the Saorstat on terms not less favourable than given in the past to England. These preferences for British goods could no longer be continued. The Saorstat had to put herself in a strong position regarding trade with foreign countries.

The cutting off of those preferences on British goods, in the case of articles for which there was an alternative source of supply, ought not, continued Mr. de Valera, to result in any increase in cost to the community. The Government, in a time like this, ought to be vested with powers beyond the powers with which a Government normally was vested. The Government had asked to be vested with such powers, and had been vested with them, but the fact that they had those powers did not mean that they were going to exercise them except when necessary. They hoped that, so far as their own people were concerned, they would not be necessary. They hoped that every citizen in the country would realise how necessary it was for them all to stand together. Rumours of various kinds of a panicky character, suggesting that the Government was going to take this or that wild action were absolutely without foundation, and he asked his hearers not to help to circulate such rumours.

### TERMS WITH BRITAIN.

"Another thing I would like to warn you against is this," concluded Mr. de Valera. "You hear suggestions as to how easy it would be to come to terms with Great Britain. As one who has tried, and tried hard, I would like to dispel any such idea. For some reason or another that I cannot understand, the British Government apparently wants to press this fight, and when a person or a Government is prepared to do a thing like that, then it is the height of foolishness to think that any good-will on your side would prevent it.

The only thing we can do, under these circumstances, is, as quickly as we can, to take measures to defend ourselves—(applause)—and I would like to urge those who are looking vainly for a settlement from Britain to devote themselves and their energies to devising means by which this nation can pass through unscathed, or at least pass through successfully, such dangers as are at present

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# BRITISH CASE AT OTTAWA.

## EMPIRE BARRIERS TO TRADE.

## MUST HAVE MARKET FOR MANUFACTURES.

FROM REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

*OTTAWA, Thursday.*

TO-DAY Mr. Baldwin handed to the President of the Imperial Economic Conference a statement on trade between the United Kingdom and the Dominions.

From this it appeared that the proportion of imports from the Dominions still enjoying free entry in some cases exceeded ninety per cent. On the other hand, since the change of fiscal policy only thirty per cent. of foreign imports were admitted free.

In regard to imports from the United Kingdom into four principal Dominions there was to-day virtually no free entry. Further tables showed, it was contended, that the visible trade balance in favour of the Dominions was nearly one hundred million pounds, while during the year 1930 imports into the Dominions from foreign countries amounted to nearly 350 million pounds.

### VITAL FOREIGN TRADE.

The United Kingdom delegation sought to urge on the Dominions that the rate of duty charged should be so graduated as to give to products of the United Kingdom a reasonable chance of competing on even terms, and duties against United Kingdom products should be fixed for protective purposes no higher than necessary to give a reasonably efficient industry in the Dominions a fair chance.

The United Kingdom delegation desired to emphasise the fact that the United Kingdom was so highly industrialised that it was vital to the physical existence of her people to find adequate markets for her products, and, in fact, more than half her export trade was taken by foreign countries.

Any suggestion that the United Kingdom had been backward in developing or assisting Dominion trade, or that concessions on the side of the Dominions had not been fully reciprocated both in the letter and the spirit, would be wholly unwarranted by the fact that the representatives of the United Kingdom had entered the Conference with the intention of making their full contribution to a still further extension of Empire trade, and would examine all statements with an unprejudiced mind.

The statement is welcomed in Conference circles as a reasoned and well-tempered exposition of the British case, for which the Conference had been waiting. It is designed to correct an impression which has been sedulously circulated, and which received a strong fillip following on Mr. Bruce's remarks at the opening ceremony, that, whereas the Dominions had done much for Great Britain in the way of preferences, the United Kingdom had done comparatively little in return.

### MEAT TAX CRUX.

Speculation is rife in the absence of any official announcement regarding the Meat Committee's decision. The meats tax is regarded as the pivotal point of the Conference, and the United Kingdom's reply to the Dominions, when it comes, will have the maximum effect on all other discussions. It is understood that the Committee attaches far greater importance to quantitative restriction than to heavy protection.

Strenuous efforts are being made by Canadian timber interests to secure from Britain restrictions on Russian lumber imports. Australia is making similar efforts as regards the dumping in Britain of Russian wheat. South Africa is stated to be not unsympathetic to the Australian demands, while it is declared that the Irish Free State openly endorses them.

There is no concealment of the recognition on the part of the Dominions that if Britain should decide to depart from her traditional fiscal policy besides meeting the Dominions as regards Russia, which some Canadian quarters believe likely, then important concessions will have to be made on the part of the Dominions.

# INTERVIEW WITH MR. SEAN T. O'KELLY.

## MUTUAL TRADING HOPES.

In an interview with Reuter's Special Correspondent Mr. Sean T. O'Kelly said that the relations of the Free State delegation with all the other delegations were most cordial. The Free State had initiated talks with the other delegations regarding mutual trade, and they are continuing in the most friendly manner, said Mr. O'Kelly. Only last evening he had met a prominent Canadian representative, and found that Canada was anxious to develop her trade with the Free State.

At the present time the Free State, he continued, took £2,000,000 worth of wheat, bacon, timber and other things from Canada, and he hoped that in return she would be able to send to Canada increasing quantities of her woollens and manufactured goods, such as linens and whiskey.

The Free State had joined with the other Dominions in negotiations as regards butter, dairy produce and meat, and the joint propositions have all been put up to Great Britain. Later on they will probably assume the form of particular representations by each Dominion.

"What will happen then I can't tell. That remains to be seen."

### A VIGOROUS DEBATE.

The important Committee on Monetary and Financial Questions met this afternoon and heard statements by the heads of the delegations. The discussion that followed was of a vigorous character, but the official *communiqué* issued at the close of the meeting merely stated that it had centred round the decline in commodity price levels and the instability of exchange rates. The discussion will be continued to-morrow.

# GUINNESS FINAL DIVIDEND.

## 12 P.C. AND 5 P.C. BONUS.

## BIG RISE IN SHARES.

The final dividend and bonus of Arthur Guinness, Son and Co. is 12 per cent. and 5 per cent. bonus—17 per cent. in all—making with the interim 29 per cent., as compared with a total of 35 per cent., all less tax, paid last year. £35,000 is again allotted to depreciation and £846,000 is carried forward, against £960,417 last year. Nothing is carried to the reserve fund this year, and that figure remains at £2,500,000.

A less satisfactory result was expected by dealers in the Ordinary Stock, and when the figures came out there were buyers all round the market. The price rapidly rose to 79s. per unit, showing an advance of 5s. on the day. The 6 per Cent. Preference Stock, at 13¾, gives a good yield of over 4½ per cent. for an absolutely gilt-edged industrial security.

# TROOPS EVICT U.S. "BONUS ARMY."

## AFTER POLICE FAIL.

## WARLIKE SCENES IN WASHINGTON.

## FIXED BAYONETS, TEAR-GAS AND TANKS.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

*WASHINGTON, Thursday.*

EXCITING scenes were witnessed to-day, when the military had to be called out to evict the remnant of the "bonus-marchers'" army from the capital.

This drastic step was only taken when the police had failed to dislodge the war veterans, despite opening fire upon them.

One of two wounded ex-Service men has died, and a constable seriously injured by a brick is reported to be in a critical condition.

All available police were ordered to concentrate on Pennsylvania avenue, the principal thoroughfare of the capital, when a detachment of the bonus-marchers, who for some weeks have been encamped in their thousands on waste ground and in derelict buildings in the city, came into contact with the police.

### UGLY CLASHES.

Several scuffles developed as the police attempted to dislodge them from Government property on Pennsylvania avenue, and by noon the situation was very threatening.

A party of ex-soldiers started pelting the police with bricks, and after one of their number had been seriously injured the police opened fire, wounding two. There was a number of ugly clashes between the rioters and the police before the military were asked for.

Squadrons of cavalry rushed from Fort Myer, on the farther side of the Potomac River, in the direction of the White House, the residence of the President. They arrived to find the bonus army in a very angry mood as a result of being fired on. The massed police were having a desperate struggle to restrain the rioters.

Within a short time there were 200 cavalrymen, a machine-gun section, five tanks and a battalion of infantry concentrated near the White House.

### THE ATTACK.

The Secretary for War, Mr. Hurley, issued the following message to the general commanding:—"The President has informed me that the Civil Government of the District of Columbia reported that it was unable to maintain law and order. You will instruct United States troops to proceed immediately to the scene and co-operate with the police. Surround the affected area and clear it without delay. Use all humanity consistent with the due execution of this order."

With their swords drawn, cavalry trotted in squadron line down the broad Pennsylvania avenue, to the cheers of the spectators.

Near the area occupied by the bonus soldiers the cavalry halted and extended across the avenue, facing a body of a hundred ex-soldiers. The tanks followed behind them, then another squadron of cavalry, and last, a machine-gun troop.

The rioters greeted the troops with catcalls, cheers and boos.

The machine-gun section then set their weapons in position opposite the buildings occupied by the bonus army, and some of the roiters hastily picked up their bundles of belongings and departed.

Others were defiant, and a self-appointed leader shouted, "Get down on your stomachs, boys."

### ADVANCE UNDER GAS.

After cavalry had cleared the pavements of Pennsylvania avenue of thousands of spectators a company of infantry with fixed bayonets and tin hats advanced at the double, and cleared a band of the bonus soldiers out of the occupied area, to the accompaniment of songs and cat-calls from the rioters.

One group of bonus soldiers was driven into a compact bunch, and refused to move an inch, whereupon parties of infantry donned gas masks and hurled tear-gas bombs into the snarling, shouting mass, and drove them back.

Soon a blue haze of tear-gas rose from the stronghold of the bonus army, amid the half-wrecked buildings they were occupying.

Ex-soldiers, and even policemen, rushed away from the gas zone as the masked infantrymen advanced quickly. The fumes spread throughout the neighbourhood, and shops shut their doors and windows to keep out the gas. Many spectators and policemen retired from the scene with streaming eyes.

### SHACKS SET ON FIRE.

In a scene reminiscent of the Great War the extended line of infantry, followed by tanks, moved through the buildings, advancing inexorably towards the last corner of the bonus army's positions.

Flames shot up from some temporary shacks and quickly spread, but the fire brigade was immediately called out and the danger was checked.

The first phase of the "war" was over. The bonus soldiers had been cleared out of the occupied area.

The casualties so far are:—Veterans—One shot dead, two shot and seriously wounded, three slightly gassed, and one gashed with a sabre. Federal forces—One policeman seriously wounded by a brick, two policemen slightly gassed, and one Army sergeant burned on the hand.

The "bonus army" of ex-Service men, who demand the immediate payment of their war bonus certificates, worth £400,000,000, and the unemployed "hunger marchers," number in all about 15,000 men and women. Daily demonstrations have taken place for almost a fortnight since the adjournment of Congress till December without passing legislation for the cashing of the certificates, and although the Government has undertaken to pay their fares home, many have refused to evacuate the city.

# IMPORT TAXES AND "RAW MATERIALS."

## LIST OF EXEMPTIONS EXPECTED.

FROM A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

So many representations have reached the Free State Government from influential quarters as to the amount of immediate unemployment which will be created by strict adherence to the 20 per cent. "economic war" levy on imports from Great Britain and Northern Ireland, that the announcement of a comprehensive list of exemptions may soon be anticipated.

Such exemptions will probably include pig-iron, steel and iron plates, and a variety of other imports, without which local manufacturers of engineering materials would be obliged to cease important operations and suspend considerable numbers of workers.

Similar influences will also probably extend the forthcoming list of exemptions to a variety of materials, the absence of which would paralyse the work of contractors for housing and other contracts in progress for local authorities.

# TRADE STILL DWINDLING.

## GAS COMPANIES' DIFFICULTY.

## MARKED DEPRESSION AT WATERFORD.

A DOWNWARD trend continued in the shipping at the Port of Dublin yesterday, and anticipations are that to-day's arrivals will be fewer.

Coal imports are following the tendency of general cargoes, and within a few days may cease altogether from across Channel.

Yesterday only three colliers entered the port with 1,400 tons, as against eight colliers on Wednesday with 2,400 tons. Only two colliers are, so far, advised for to-day.

Five passenger and general cargo boats arrived, including one from Liverpool, with maize meal.

Representatives of thirty-nine gas undertakings in the Free State were received at the Ministry of Industry and Commerce yesterday by Mr. Ferguson. They desired to point out the serious effects which 5s. tax on coal would have on their business, and they claimed to be exempted from the tax on the grounds of the public services which they rendered to the community. Moreover, they stated that they had entered into long contracts.

Mr. Ferguson promised to convey their representations to the Minister.

### INSURANCE AGAINST RIOT.

#### ACTIVITY IN FREE STATE.

It appears that within the last few days a considerable amount of business has been done in the way of insuring property against the risk of loss through riot or civil commotion, says an *Irish Times* reporter. The rates demanded vary from 5s. to 10s. per cent., according to the kind of property concerned.

A member of a prominent firm of insurance brokers stated yesterday that this class of risk is generally covered free of charge in English policies, but that it has not been so included in Irish policies in recent years. Now, however, it is being covered on the payment of a small extra premium. He did not consider that the rates now charged were very high, and he pointed out that during the civil war period they were as much as £4 or £5 per cent.

The Press Association learns authoritatively that property in the Free State valued at over £1,000,000 has been insured against the risk of "riot and civil commotion" during the coming winter. It includes all types of business premises and private houses, and since the business could not be transacted by ordinary insurance companies, it has been carried out by underwriters.

In view of the rush of applications for policies, adds the Press Association, it has been found necessary to increase the rates, and in some cases the premiums have been doubled. The explanation given by clients to the underwriters for the sudden rush is the uneasiness that is felt throughout the Free State because of difficulties of the economic situation and its possible consequences.

### URGENCY OF EARLY SETTLEMENT.

#### DUBLIN CHAMBER'S PLEA APPROVED.

At a general meeting of the Committee of the Dublin Mercantile Association, Ltd., held at 5 Burgh quay yesterday, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

"That this meeting of the Committee of the Dublin Mercantile Association, Ltd., approves of the following resolution, recently passed by the Council of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce:—

"'The Council of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce looks forward with profound apprehension to the effects of an economic war between the Irish Free State and Great Britain, which must prove disastrous to the best interests of all concerned.

"'The Council hereby calls for, and demands that, a settlement of the matters in dispute between the Irish Free State and Great Britain shall be brought about by some means without further delay. The points at issue cannot possibly justify the adoption of courses which are bound to inflict irreparable injury.'"

### WATERFORD PORT.

#### DECLINE OF SHIPPING AND TRADE.

The trade of Waterford port (says our local correspondent) has received a further blow in yesterday's announcement by the Clyde Shipping Company of the cancellation of the sailings. The steamer Tuskar arrived to-day with a small inward cargo, principally of flour on licence and sugar. Of the latter there were only eight tons. She will not sail according to her usual schedule on Saturday next for Liverpool. The return voyage from Liverpool to Waterford on the following Wednesday is also off. What will happen afterwards is uncertain. Meanwhile the Tuskar will remain tied up at Waterford, and it is understood that her crew will be paid off this morning.

One boat from Glasgow to Waterford has also been cut off. This vessel used also to take in Newhaven and Southampton. Already the Clyde Company have cancelled all sailings between Waterford and Bristol, and the steamship Skerries has been lying idle at Waterford for a fortnight, whilst her crew wander despondently about the streets or the now almost empty wharves.

Unemployment has become acute, and the numbers on the Employment Exchange books are increasing daily.

So far as the Clyde Company is concerned, there is only one sailing weekly between Waterford and Liverpool instead of two. The like applies in the case of Waterford and Glasgow, whilst Bristol is completely cut off. From next week onwards it is expected that the Great Western Company will reduce their sailings between Waterford and Fishguard from three to two weekly.

The only outward live-stock cargo carried by the steamship Great Western from Waterford to Fishguard yesterday was 29 pigs.

### LIMERICK BACON TRADE ACTIVE.

There has been a considerable increase in the number of pigs slaughtered in the Limerick bacon factories this week. One of the factories has almost doubled its staff, and another has taken on men who were discharged when the British duty was first imposed. The additional killing, it is stated, is due to the non-exportation of live pigs. The top price for pigs yesterday was 58s. per cwt.

### COAL-OWNERS' ATTITUDE.

The coal-owners, at a meeting in London yesterday, had under consideration, among other matters, the new duties on British coal entering the Irish Free State. It was stated authoritatively that the owners are not taking any special action in regard to the duties, but they are watching the Free State situation in relation to coal supplies, and are not unduly alarmed.

**No Export.**—At Ballinacarrick (County Donegal) Fair the supply exhibited was very small. No cattle were bought for export. There was a heavy drop in the price of sheep.

# ANTIQUARIAN "FINDS" NEAR MOATE.

## THE HOUSE IN THE BOG.

## ITS CURIOUSLY VARIED CONTENTS.

## THE HARBOUR AND THE LAMP.

A REMARKABLE series of discoveries made by excavators on the estate of Colonel Bayley, Ballinderry House, Moate, County Westmeath, is described to-day by our special representative.

The Viking sword which Colonel Bayley found four years ago has led to the unearthing of a curiously constructed house, a primitive harbour, a remarkable lamp, and a whole series of ornaments, utensils, implements of bronze and iron, and remains of animal bones, from which the experts hope to reconstruct an interesting chapter in our island story.

## WHAT THE SPADE REVEALED.

BY OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.

The spade and pick-axe again have come to the aid of historian and scientist, and another chapter has been added to the gradually accumulating store of our knowledge of ancient Ireland and the world of which it formed a part.

Four years ago Colonel Bayley, of Ballinderry House, near Moate, County Westmeath, made a remarkable "find." While supervising the deepening of a dyke that cut through the centre of a bog on his estate, he discovered a Viking sword, of excellent craftsmanship. This weapon now is in the National Museum, and for four years antiquaries and archæologists have pondered, perhaps, as to how some long-dead Norseman or Dane came to leave his sword in a Westmeath bog.

### A VARIED FIND.

Now, as the result of excavations carried out at the scene of the discovery—an extensive artificial mound, or *crannog*, in the centre of a bog—the antiquaries' questions can be answered, fully and correctly. Moreover, the excavators have unearthed such a multitude of ornaments and utensils—wooden, bone, stone and metal—as well as traces of age-old food and agricultural produce, that their labour is likely to go down in Irish archæological history as being among the most valuable of the century. In addition, they have established beyond doubt that that which locally has long been regarded as a mound of clay was actually an immense wooden building, erected on a platform of logs in the centre of a lake (now dried up), and surrounded by a high palisade of stakes. Accumulated rubbish, as well as the continual changing and uprising of the bogland, apparently, have covered this structure over during the passing of the years, but there is no doubt that for a full period of at least a thousand years it housed successive generations of Irish people—probably, as many as forty of a clan or family at a time. Indeed, since the discoveries include such widely separated articles as combs made from the shank-bones of animals, and bronze ornaments of A.D. 800, as well as more modern objects, such as Elizabethan pipes, coins of James II., and even cartridges of a much later date, the inference is obvious.

Perhaps the most important discovery to date, however, is a bronze heart-shaped oil lamp, possibly more than a thousand years old, and beautifully ornamented in Celtic design. It is slung on three slender chains, depending from a central ring, and, at their lowest ends, circling three bronze animal heads, spaced at equi-distant points on the outside of the lamp itself. These animal heads so closely resemble that on the famous Tara brooch that the "find" is regarded as of supreme importance.

### THE EXCAVATORS.

The "diggers" who have laid bare these secrets of the past are two young American men of letters. Dr. Hugh O'Neill Hencken, and Mr. H. L. Movius, both of Harvard University. Dr. Hencken, who is a direct descendant of the family from which sprang the famous Hugh O'Neill, Prince of Tyrone, has carried out several important excavations in various parts of the world, and is an author of some note. His companion has come direct to the present scene of operations from Palestine, where, as a member of a large party of archæologists, he was concerned in the valuable discovery near Haifa earlier this year.

The Ballinderry excavation, it must be added, is being conducted by Harvard University, on behalf and under the supervision of the National Museum of Ireland, to which latter institution all "finds" will go. Operations commenced on June 10 last, when, with a staff of twenty-five men recruited locally, Dr. Hencken undertook the primary work of damming, and thereafter diverting the stream which bisects Ballinderry bog and cuts through the *crannog*. Pumping apparatus was then installed, and the work of digging down commenced.

### WHAT THE HOUSE WAS LIKE.

After six weeks' work the greater part of the process of "laying bare" has been completed, and it is possible to get a rough indication of the ground plan of the structure, as well as some idea of the life of the inhabitants. Somewhere about A.D. 800 the original builders made a sub-structure of huge logs, laid horizontally and raft-like, side by side; on top of this they laid brushwood, peat stones, light boughs, clay, and, indeed, anything that came to hand. Having thus created an artificial island in the centre of a shallow lake, they erected upon it a great horse-shoe shaped wooden house, with an open door facing almost due south; in the centre of this building they formed an immense hearth of clayey material and stone.

Around this hearth the communal life of the colony, or family, revolved, and the whole building was completely surrounded by a high palisade to keep out human, or possibly animal, intruders. Members of the colony probably had ingress and egress by means of a double ladder, which could be pulled up by those inside. An interesting fact is that the palisade runs close to the house wall on all sides of the building, except on the north-east. Here (the side furthest away from the prevailing wind) the members of the colony apparently killed and ate red and roe deer, wild boar and other animals. Immense quantities of animal bones have been discovered at this spot.

### THE WHARF AND THE LAMP.

On the north-west side of the palisade there were found remains of a wooden wharf, to which the boats would moor, and here it must be mentioned was discovered, too, the bronze lamp described above.

There is food for thought in the fact that the lamp was found deep down in the peat and almost at the level of what was the lake bottom, where it apparently fell. Was it, perhaps, hung out at night as a beacon to guide returning lake-dwellers, and did they, failing to find its rays, loose their way in the dark?

Of the people who inhabited this remarkable structure it is as yet scarcely possible to say much. The original inhabitants, however, were undoubtedly Kelts, perhaps with an Iberian or Aryan strain. Their language was Erse, and they were fighters, hunters and herdsmen. The Viking sword, previously mentioned, was probably captured by them in a battle or an ambush of the Norsemen who in A.D. 841 plundered and sacked the monastery of Clonmacnoise, not far distant. Their actual life within the stockade may have been somewhat enlivened by piscatorial pursuits; for among the discoveries made have been some of fish vertebræ.

### ABANDONED.

The excavations show that the original house in which they lived was abandoned a century or two after it was built, and, having been covered over with brushwood (some of which was woven into *fascines*, or wicker-work), a new building, much smaller and poorer, was erected, the builders using much of the old material, including portions of a canoe and paddles, in the reconstruction. There is also evidence of a third house having been constructed, while at one time fire apparently caused damage to the building.

The excavation of the *crannog* is, of course, not yet nearly complete. Nevertheless, the "finds" up to the present have been so numerous and varied that it will take months for biologists, anthropologists, geologists and other men of science to catalogue, tabulate and assign the different objects to their own particular period or class.

### SOME OF THE "FINDS."

Among the various articles discovered are:—

Stones for grinding grain.
Three iron axes.
A great many bronze pins (some of which are ornamented).
Smooth stones for sharpening knives.
A great many bone combs (made from small animals).
Iron knives.
Scraps of iron and bronze.
Two lorry loads of animal bones (including those of deer or elk, wild boar and most of the domestic animals).
Portions of two dug-out canoes carved from tree trunks.
Two paddles.
Many wooden tubs and barrels, all in excellent preservation and showing evidence of having been made with very good tools.

Further reports of the excavations are awaited with interest.

# PROPOSED PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

## TO-DAY'S DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

BY OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

The Senate had not concluded its business when it rose last night at 11 o'clock. It will meet again at 11.30 this morning.

During the sitting the Old Age Pensions Bill and the Housing Bill were passed through all stages. The Control of Manufactures Bill was then taken up in Committee. Twenty-five amendments were disposed of, and the balance—about as many more—remains on the Order paper for discussion to-day.

On the report stage of the Finance Bill a number of recommendations were passed, including one affecting publications and periodicals.

Interest still centres in the motion which Senator Counihan has put down, calling on the Government to proceed to direct negotiations with the British Government regarding the financial dispute, and to appoint accredited representatives to conduct such negotiations.

It is not certain whether President de Valera will take part in the debate.

It is understood that the President, if possible, will take part in the Croagh Patrick Pilgrimage on Sunday.

**Sudden Death.**—Cornelius Byrne, Dunkineely, Co. Donegal, a rural postman, dropped dead while dressing at the shore after bathing. An inquest was considered unnecessary.

# "THE MAN IN THE U-BOAT."

## REPORTED DEATH DENIED.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

*MARYBOROUGH, Thursday.*

The report from London of the death of Mr. Joseph Dowling, "the man in the U-boat," was incorrect. I was told to-day by his mother, Mrs. Dowling, of Hill View, Maryborough, that her son has been ailing for some time, and three weeks ago underwent a rather serious operation. Since then his condition has been a cause of anxiety.

(Note.—Mr. Joseph Dowling, an ex-sergeant in Sir Roger Casement's Irish Brigade, continued to be a keen member of the Irish Republican Army after the Rising of 1916, and in 1918 he landed in Ireland from a submarine with a message for the Executive of the I.R.A.)

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# DON LETTER.

## LANSBURY'S ISOLATION.

9 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
THURSDAY NIGHT.

sbury's appeal for unity in the vement falls on deaf ears. Mr. d his four political friends have n of subscribing to the Labour nding orders, which would mean sacrifice of their individuality m of parliamentary and political rthermore, according to all e appeal of the leader of the will not affect the expressed he Independent Labour Party o break away from the official rty—a secession which the vast f the former is disposed to the week's end Bradford con- f this organisation decides upon policy of complete isolation, it an almost desperate task. It ting not only the Labour Party cal entity, but the great trade co-operative movements as well ts which are far bigger reali- lives of the workers than any odies.

*es at Burnley.*

s labour troubles will not im- position in the cotton industry, been losing markets and money Many mills are in the hands of or official receiver, and the have been forced to reduce work- o keep trade alive. Economies have sought to introduce are, ases, a last effort to stave off . The present set-back is all egrettable, in view of the en- prospects of trade revival with market which has been almost t. Distinct improvements in exports to that part of the East ed during the last six months, rnley's action is followed by atives generally, instead of re- er old position, Britain will the vigorous competition of the ries of Italy, Japan and India

*Public Services.*

tive members who formed a mbers' Economic Committee the House rose for the recess ng their vacation in order to s early as possible a drastic economies in the health, educa- using services. It is not with- nce that Sir William Ray, who of the official Government in- local government expenditure, to assume, and accepted, the ip of the members' committee— on of official and party duties, Opposition intends to raise in the House resumes. It is the economy scheme which is in formulation will be advanced for presentation to the of the Exchequer on his return , and all available back-bench ll be brought to bear on the to give it practical effect either prorogation or early in the new The new Parliament, accord- ent arrangements, will get in the end of November or the December.

k.

llows Goodwood in quick suc- d heralds the close of the n on. Weather treated the t unkindly; in fact, the meet- ly was washed out, and f pounds' worth of ladies' utterly ruined by sudden rain nusual violence. It does not be much better during the for which a great fleet of ll types and dimensions has n the roads. The King was rd the Britannia to-day, and t attaches in yachting circles nour of the ancient cutter, now s of her mainsail has been lex spread of new canvas, art of the season's fitting-out, ent trials to impede speed, ments now have been made in restoring to the yacht her old lities.

*England.*

rse of the next few days the ll all the big football teams the country will be in full usual number of transfers is t no very large sums seem to ed hands, such as have been some past seasons. Trial listed for the 13th August, ming struggles in the League ill take place on the 27th. general lack of funds, which easational financial transac- act, few clubs are in a really tary condition. ricket clubs, incidentally, are season with dismay. The started operations with little n hand, and the weather has any matches that difficulty will ed in making both ends meet. d weather is assured for the eason it is doubtful whether will come through with credit

*ikers."*

l system for ramblers making road has been developed to a in Germany, and is making other parts of the Continent gland. When the news was Denmark recently that there hundred hostels in England were provided at one shilling many young Danes were o visit this country. One Denmark, now making a our to British beauty spots, ty, and several other parties arrive within the next few

nd marines are busy in the ports with preparations for which begins with the Bank part from inspections of every ship in the Royal Navy, all ertainments are staged for the isitors; but the ships them- ar and away the main attrac- few exceptions, all the units e Fleet will be on view, in- largest battleships and battle- past years about three out of sitors have been women. Navy e that feminine curiosity is by the fact that cooking, wash- the other details of house- n be run efficiently for male , which sometimes exceed a without female labour or week usually produces from 220,000 for naval charities.

*in Clubland.*

ion of the special general meet- National Liberal Club to admit members is another reflection times which for the last few ubland" has endured. The iberal was far and away the organisation in the country, long time in its history a condition of great financial Through no fault of its own, fell on evil days, and, in th other institutions, both d social, it has experienced lling off of members that t be opened to the unorthodox together. The new incursion o 750, all of whom must be by two serving members as nd socially desirable.

hall in Enniskillen, called the has had its floor completely ome unknown persons. Jazz lso found slashed apparently as en cut with a knife. The police nvestigations.

# PRESIDENT DE VALERA'S WARNING TO FARMERS.

## EVILS OF DELAY IN ANNUITY PAYMENTS.

## THE DISPUTE WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

## NO PANIC LEGISLATION BY THE GOVERNMENT.

PRESIDENT DE VALERA, addressing a great public meeting in College Green, Dublin, last night, issued a warning to the farmers as to the necessity for the payment of their land annuities. Failure, he said, would bring in its trail a whole host of evils.

As to the dispute with Great Britain, he said that the line taken by the Free State Government was less a line of retaliation upon England than one of construction. It would make the people stronger in the future, so that they would not fear such a crisis again.

Mr. de Valera announced that the Government was going to give outside countries opportunities of sending their goods here on terms not less favourable than they gave in the past to Britain.

The rumours that the Government here was about to take panicky action he declared to be groundless.

## ENGLISH STATESMEN'S POLICY

President de Valera, who was enthusiastically received, said that it had been the policy of successive generations of English statesmen to reduce this country to be, on the one hand, a cattle ranch, in order to supply the British table with cheap food, and, on the other hand, a dumping ground for British manufactured goods. It did not require very much thought to see what such a policy was bound to lead to as far as this country was concerned. Looking forward to the operation of such a policy, one could have predicted what it would result in. Looking back upon its operation, they had no doubt whatever as to its effect.

It was obvious that such a policy meant for Ireland, in time of crisis or strained relations with Britain, utter weakness, because Britain had only, on the one hand, to refuse to buy our products, or, on the other hand, to cut off our supplies. No man who had the interest and welfare of the country at heart could be satisfied with such a position. In normal times the position was equally bad, because in normal times, having but one customer for our products, they had practically to sell to that customer at the lowest price that we could produce the goods in competition with all the countries of the world. The result of it was that they were thrown back upon agriculture, and they had to compete with countries like the Argentine and others.

"During the last election we went before the people with a policy to remedy that," the President declared. "We asked the people to enable us, as a Government, to lead the country into a policy of self-sufficiency as far as was possible."

The President added that they told the people that they proposed to remedy their position of dependence on the British market for agricultural produce by, as a first step, reserving the home market, in so far as it consisted of agricultural produce, for the Irish farmer. They had pointed out that the millions of pounds' worth of agricultural produce imported into the country could be produced at home, and that, if the home market could not absorb all their agricultural products, arrangements would be made whereby the Government would try and get alternative markets.

The home market at the moment showed that it still remained to be captured by the Irish farmer. The Government had done its part, and it remained for the farmers to take advantage of the protection they had got and produce the food. By doing so the farmer would be helping to take himself out of the position of utter dependence on the foreign market.

The President said that the Free State was importing annually three million pounds' worth of foodstuffs of animal origin; their farmers could supply all. They were importing almost eight million pounds' worth of cereals and feeding-stuffs, and, although they could not produce all, they could start by producing one and a half million pounds' worth of flour which they at present imported, and produce as large a proportion as possible of the one and a half million worth of wheat they imported. If they were to make all their own flour they would probably require £3 million worth of wheat, £2½ million worth of maize and maize products, and they should try gradually to substitute this by home-grown cereals—barley and oats. Extended flour-milling would give offals to replace the corn offals imported into this country annually. He declared that this programme was not impossible within a reasonable period. Soon all the flour consumed in the country could be made at home. In the next season they could plan to produce at least half a million worth of wheat at home; wipe out the imports of £300,000 worth of corn offals; produce £200,000 worth of oaten products and substitute from half to one million worth of cereals and imported maize.

Obviously the first step towards self sufficiency was to produce these goods. Under present conditions a market of £8,000,000 in this country was not to be despised. Its value was that it gave an alternative market to the farmer, the best market, a home market that could not be taken from him by any outside action. (Cheers.) The Government had done its part by legal action and looked to the farmer to take advantage of it.

### MARKETS ABROAD.

As regards alternative markets abroad, the Government was doing everything in its power to try to find and to establish them. He would like to point out that the action which had been taken by Britain would have been taken by her for any cause whatsoever and as long as it was possible to take such action this State was in an unsafe position. It was for that reason that at the election times they had put forward the policy of self-sufficiency. They proposed to work that policy quietly over a number of years, because they realised that otherwise the change in their national economy would give rise to a certain amount of dislocation and hardship. They wished to minimise that hardship by extending the period of change, but the action of the British had left them no choice as regarded time.

What they had meant to spread over a period of five years had to be done in a short time. That meant energetic action on the part of the Government, and wise action on the part of the citizens. This situation had got to be met with cool, calm courage. (Cheers.) It was not to be met by panic action. The worst thing that could happen at the moment was for the people to get needlessly excited, and to be rushed into taking steps that could not be easily retraced.

The best way to meet the present situation was to practice the simple virtue such as spending their money wisely. Money spent on necessities was far more beneficial to the community than money spent on luxuries or amusements. They should meet their financial obligations promptly, as any delay was bound to embarass those who gave credit. Make cash payments wherever possible. They should meet their obligations, not merely to their fellow-citizens, but also to the local authorities, and pay their rates. The health and general well-being of the community depended upon it. The Government in a time of crisis needed its revenue, without which it could not take the steps that might be necessary for the defence of the community.

He wished to issue a word of warning to the farmers. There had been a campaign, the object of which was to try and indirectly persuade them not to pay their land annuities. Failure to pay the land annuities would bring in its trail a whole host of evils that would fall most heavily on the farmer. There were debts due by the individual farmer to the State. With these moneys the State could give relief to farmers and help, if necessary, to tide over the present situation.

### BUY IRISH GOODS.

At the present time Saorstat Certificates would enable a person to earn 24s. in ten years—that is, sixteen shillings would become 24s. in ten years, whereas with British Certificates it would take eleven years for sixteen shillings to become 23s. Above all, they could help by buying the products of Irish industry. "When you go into a shop to buy any article," continued the President, "I would appeal to the women in particular to ask for Irish manufacture. It was surprising how many Irish articles could be found if looked for. It should be everybody's business to know what articles of home manufacture could be obtained."

The Government had given the Irish manufacturer his chance and wanted him to take advantage of it. The individual citizen should make it possible for him to expand his business by giving a preference to articles of Irish manufacture. These were what the President termed the simple virtues, which he urged the people to practice. It was not necessary to do anything spectacular.

### STANDING TOGETHER.

He hoped that the present crisis would bring about a consciousness of the fact that each depended on the other.

"We are all brothers in this," declared the President; "that no one of us can suffer for any length of time without that suffering reflecting on the rest of us.

"It is our duty to stand by one another. We must also keep down imports. If our exports are diminishing, then it is our duty to restrict our imports as far as possible. We can do that, as I have indicated, by buying Irish goods in the first instance and as far as possible."

Continuing, the President said that the line of action taken at the present time was less one of retaliation upon England than one of construction. It would make the people stronger in the future, so that they should never fear a crisis such as the present again. If they approached the crisis in that spirit, then the hardships they might have to endure would prove ultimately for the benefit of the country.

### OUTSIDE COUNTRIES.

The Government was going to give outside countries an opportunity of sending their goods to the Saorstat on terms not less favourable than given in the past to England. These preferences for British goods could no longer be continued. The Saorstat had to put herself in a strong position regarding trade with foreign countries.

The cutting off of those preferences on British goods, in the case of articles for which there was an alternative source of supply, ought not, continued Mr. de Valera, to result in any increase in cost to the community. The Government, in a time like this, ought to be vested with powers beyond the powers with which a Government normally was vested. The Government had asked to be vested with such powers, and had been vested with them, but the fact that they had those powers did not mean that they were going to exercise them except when necessary. They hoped that, so far as their own people were concerned, they would not be necessary. They hoped that every citizen in the country would realise how necessary it was for them all to stand together. Rumours of various kinds of a panicky character, suggesting that the Government was going to take this or that wild action, were absolutely without foundation, and he asked his hearers not to help to circulate such rumours.

### TERMS WITH BRITAIN.

"Another thing I would like to warn you against is this," concluded Mr. de Valera. "You hear suggestions as to how easy it would be to come to terms with Great Britain. As one who has tried, and tried hard, I would like to dispel any such idea. For some reason or another that I cannot understand, the British Government apparently wants to press this fight, and when a person or a Government is prepared to do a thing like that, then it is the height of foolishness to think that any good-will on your side would prevent it.

The only thing we can do, under these circumstances, is, as quickly as we can, to take measures to defend ourselves—(applause)—and I would like to urge those who are looking vainly for a settlement from Britain to devote themselves and their energies to devising means by which this nation can pass through unscathed, or at least pass through successfully, such dangers as are at present

(Continued on Page 8, Column 4.)

# BRITISH CASE AT OTTAWA.

## EMPIRE BARRIERS TO TRADE.

## MUST HAVE MARKET FOR MANUFACTURES.

FROM REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.
*OTTAWA, Thursday.*

TO-DAY Mr. Baldwin handed to the President of the Imperial Economic Conference a statement on trade between the United Kingdom and the Dominions.

From this it appeared that the proportion of imports from the Dominions still enjoying free entry in some cases exceeded ninety per cent. On the other hand, since the change of fiscal policy only thirty per cent. of foreign imports were admitted free.

In regard to imports from the United Kingdom into four principal Dominions there was to-day virtually no free entry. Further tables showed, it was contended, that the visible trade balance in favour of the Dominions was nearly one hundred million pounds, while during the year 1930 imports into the Dominions from foreign countries amounted to nearly 350 million pounds.

### VITAL FOREIGN TRADE.

The United Kingdom delegation sought to urge on the Dominions that the rate of duty charged should be so graduated as to give to products of the United Kingdom a reasonable chance of competing on even terms, and duties against United Kingdom products should be fixed for protective purposes no higher than necessary to give a reasonably efficient industry in the Dominions a fair chance.

The United Kingdom delegation desired to emphasise the fact that the United Kingdom was so highly industrialised that it was vital to the physical existence of her people to find adequate markets for her products, and, in fact, more than half her export trade was taken by foreign countries.

Any suggestion that the United Kingdom had been backward in developing or assisting Dominion trade, or that concessions on the side of the Dominions had not been fully reciprocated both in the letter and the spirit, would be wholly unwarranted by the fact that the representatives of the United Kingdom had entered the Conference with the intention of making their full contribution to a still further extension of Empire trade, and would examine all statements with an unprejudiced mind.

The statement is welcomed in Conference circles as a reasoned and well-tempered exposition of the British case, for which the Conference had been waiting. It is designed to correct an impression which has been sedulously circulated, and which received a strong fillip following on Mr. Bruce's remarks at the opening ceremony, that, whereas the Dominions had done much for Great Britain in the way of preferences, the United Kingdom had done comparatively little in return.

### MEAT TAX CRUX.

Speculation is rife in the absence of any official announcement regarding the Meat Committee's decision. The meats tax is regarded as the pivotal point of the Conference, and the United Kingdom's reply to the Dominions, when it comes, will have the maximum effect on all other discussions. It is understood that the Committee attaches far greater importance to quantitative restriction than to heavy protection.

Strenuous efforts are being made by Canadian timber interests to secure from Britain restrictions on Russian lumber imports. Australia is making similar efforts as regards the dumping in Britain of Russian wheat. South Africa is stated to be not unsympathetic to the Australian demands, while it is declared that the Irish Free State openly endorses them.

There is no concealment of the recognition on the part of the Dominions that if Britain should decide to depart from her traditional fiscal policy besides meeting the Dominions as regards Russia, which some Canadian quarters believe likely, then important concessions will have to be made on the part of the Dominions.

# INTERVIEW WITH MR. SEAN T. O'KELLY.

## MUTUAL TRADING HOPES.

In an interview with Reuter's Special Correspondent Mr. Sean T. O'Kelly said that the relations of the Free State delegation with all the other delegations were most cordial. The Free State had initiated talks with the other delegations regarding mutual trade, and they are continuing in the most friendly manner, said Mr. O'Kelly. Only last evening he had met a prominent Canadian representative, and found that Canada was anxious to develop her trade with the Free State.

At the present time the Free State, he continued, took £2,000,000 worth of wheat, bacon, timber and other things from Canada, and he hoped that in return she would be able to send to Canada increasing quantities of her woollens and manufactured goods, such as linens and whiskey.

The Free State had joined with the other Dominions in negotiations as regards butter, dairy produce and meat, and the joint propositions have all been put up to Great Britain. Later on they will probably assume the form of particular representations by each Dominion.

"What will happen then I can't tell. That remains to be seen."

### A VIGOROUS DEBATE.

The important Committee on Monetary and Financial Questions met this afternoon and heard statements by the heads of the delegations. The discussion that followed was of a vigorous character, but the official *communiqué* issued at the close of the meeting merely stated that it had centred round the decline in commodity price levels and the instability of exchange rates. The discussion will be continued to-morrow.

# GUINNESS FINAL DIVIDEND.

## 12 P.C. AND 5 P.C. BONUS.

## BIG RISE IN SHARES.

The final dividend and bonus of Arthur Guinness, Son and Co. is 12 per cent. and 5 per cent. bonus—17 per cent. in all—making with the interim 29 per cent., as compared with a total of 35 per cent., all less tax, paid last year. £35,000 is again allotted to depreciation and £846,000 is carried forward, against £960,417 last year. Nothing is carried to the reserve fund this year, and that figure remains at £2,500,000.

A less satisfactory result was expected by dealers in the Ordinary Stock, and when the figures came out there were buyers all round the market. The price rapidly rose to 79s. per unit, showing an advance of 5s. on the day. The 6 per Cent. Preference Stock, at 13½, gives a good yield of over 4½ per cent. for an absolutely gilt-edged industrial security.

# TROOPS EVICT U.S. "BONUS ARMY."

## AFTER POLICE FAIL.

## WARLIKE SCENES IN WASHINGTON.

## FIXED BAYONETS, TEAR-GAS AND TANKS.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.
*WASHINGTON, Thursday.*

EXCITING scenes were witnessed to-day, when the military had to be called out to evict the remnant of the "bonus-marchers'" army from the capital.

This drastic step was only taken when the police had failed to dislodge the war veterans, despite opening fire upon them.

One of two wounded ex-Service men has died, and a constable seriously injured by a brick is reported to be in a critical condition.

All available police were ordered to concentrate on Pennsylvania avenue, the principal thoroughfare of the capital, when a detachment of the bonus-marchers, who for some weeks have been encamped in their thousands on waste ground and in derelict buildings in the city, came into contact with the police.

### UGLY CLASHES.

Several scuffles developed as the police attempted to dislodge them from Government property on Pennsylvania avenue, and by noon the situation was very threatening.

A party of ex-soldiers started pelting the police with bricks, and after one of their number had been seriously injured the police opened fire, wounding two. There was a number of ugly clashes between the rioters and the police before the military were asked for.

Squadrons of cavalry rushed from Fort Myer, on the farther side of the Potomac River, in the direction of the White House, the residence of the President. They arrived to find the bonus army in a very angry mood as a result of being fired on. The massed police were having a desperate struggle to restrain the rioters.

Within a short time there were 200 cavalrymen, a machine-gun section, five tanks and a battalion of infantry concentrated near the White House.

### THE ATTACK.

The Secretary for War, Mr. Hurley, issued the following message to the general commanding:—"The President has informed me that the Civil Government of the District of Columbia reported that it was unable to maintain law and order. You will instruct United States troops to proceed immediately to the scene and cooperate with the police. Surround the affected area and clear it without delay. Use all humanity consistent with the due execution of this order."

With their swords drawn, cavalry trotted in squadron line down the broad Pennsylvania avenue, to the cheers of the spectators.

Near the area occupied by the bonus soldiers the cavalry halted and extended across the avenue, facing a body of a hundred ex-soldiers. The tanks followed behind them, then another squadron of cavalry, and last, a machine-gun troop.

The rioters greeted the troops with catcalls, cheers and boos.

The machine-gun section then set their weapons in position opposite the buildings occupied by the bonus army, and some of the rioters hastily picked up their bundles of belongings and departed.

Others were defiant, and a self-appointed leader shouted, "Get down on your stomachs, boys."

### ADVANCE UNDER GAS.

After cavalry had cleared the pavements of Pennsylvania avenue of thousands of spectators a company of infantry with fixed bayonets and tin hats advanced at the double, and cleared a band of the bonus soldiers out of the occupied area, to the accompaniment of songs and cat-calls from the rioters.

One group of bonus soldiers was driven into a compact bunch, and refused to move an inch, whereupon parties of infantry donned gas masks and hurled tear-gas bombs into the snarling, shouting mass, and drove them back.

Soon a blue haze of tear-gas rose from the stronghold of the bonus army, amid the half-wrecked buildings they were occupying.

Ex-soldiers, and even policemen, rushed away from the gas zone as the masked infantrymen advanced quickly. The fumes spread throughout the neighbourhood, and shops shut their doors and windows to keep out the gas. Many spectators and policemen retired from the scene with streaming eyes.

### SHACKS SET ON FIRE.

In a scene reminiscent of the Great War the extended line of infantry, followed by tanks, moved through the buildings, advancing inexorably towards the last corner of the bonus army's positions.

Flames shot up from some temporary shacks and quickly spread, but the fire brigade was immediately called out and the danger was checked.

The first phase of the "war" was over. The bonus soldiers had been cleared out of the occupied area.

The casualties so far are:—Veterans—One shot dead, two shot and seriously wounded, three slightly gassed, and one gashed with a sabre. Federal forces—One policeman seriously wounded by a brick, two policemen slightly gassed, and one Army sergeant burned on the hand.

The "bonus army" of ex-Service men, who demand the immediate payment of their war bonus certificates, worth £400,000,000, and the unemployed "hunger marchers," number in all about 15,000 men and women. Daily demonstrations have taken place for almost a fortnight since the adjournment of Congress till December without passing legislation for the cashing of the certificates, and although the Government has undertaken to pay their fares home, many have refused to evacuate the city.

# IMPORT TAXES AND "RAW MATERIALS."

## LIST OF EXEMPTIONS EXPECTED.

FROM A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

So many representations have reached the Free State Government from influential quarters as to the amount of immediate unemployment which will be created by strict adherence to the 20 per cent. "economic war" levy on imports from Great Britain and Northern Ireland, that the announcement of a comprehensive list of exemptions may soon be anticipated.

Such exemptions will probably include pig-iron, steel and iron plates, and a variety of other imports, without which local manufacturers of engineering materials would be obliged to cease important operations and suspend considerable numbers of workers.

Similar influences will also probably extend the forthcoming list of exemptions to a variety of materials, the absence of which would paralyse the work of contractors for housing and other contracts in progress for local authorities.

# TRADE STILL DWINDLING.

## GAS COMPANIES' DIFFICULTY.

## MARKED DEPRESSION AT WATERFORD.

A DOWNWARD trend continued in the shipping at the Port of Dublin yesterday, and anticipations are that to-day's arrivals will be fewer.

Coal imports are following the tendency of general cargoes, and within a few days may cease altogether from across Channel.

Yesterday only three colliers entered the port with 1,400 tons, as against eight colliers on Wednesday with 2,400 tons. Only two colliers are, so far, advised for to-day.

Five passenger and general cargo boats arrived, including one from Liverpool, with maize meal.

Representatives of thirty-nine gas undertakings in the Free State were received at the Ministry of Industry and Commerce yesterday by Mr. Ferguson. They desired to point out the serious effects which 5s. tax on coal would have on their business, and they claimed to be exempted from the tax on the grounds of the public services which they rendered to the community. Moreover, they stated that they had entered into long contracts.

Mr. Ferguson promised to convey their representations to the Minister.

### INSURANCE AGAINST RIOT.

#### ACTIVITY IN FREE STATE.

It appears that within the last few days a considerable amount of business has been done in the way of insuring property against the risk of loss through riot or civil commotion, says an *Irish Times* reporter. The rates demanded vary from 5s. to 10s. per cent., according to the kind of property concerned.

A member of a prominent firm of insurance brokers stated yesterday that this class of risk is generally covered free of charge in English policies, but that it has not been so included in Irish policies in recent years. Now, however, it is being covered on the payment of a small extra premium. He did not consider that the rates now charged were very high, and he pointed out that during the civil war period they were as much as £4 or £5 per cent.

The Press Association learns authoritatively that property in the Free State valued at over £1,000,000 has been insured against the risk of "riot and civil commotion" during the coming winter. It includes all types of business premises and private houses, and since the business could not be transacted by ordinary insurance companies, it has been carried out by underwriters.

In view of the rush of applications for policies, adds the Press Association, it has been found necessary to increase the rates, and in some cases the premiums have been doubled. The explanation given by clients to the underwriters for the sudden rush is the uneasiness that is felt throughout the Free State because of difficulties of the economic situation and its possible consequences.

### URGENCY OF EARLY SETTLEMENT.

#### DUBLIN CHAMBER'S PLEA APPROVED.

At a general meeting of the Committee of the Dublin Mercantile Association, Ltd., held at 3 Burgh quay yesterday, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

"That this meeting of the Committee of the Dublin Mercantile Association, Ltd., approves of the following resolution, recently passed by the Council of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce:—

"'The Council of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce looks forward with profound apprehension to the effects of an economic war between the Irish Free State and Great Britain, which must prove disastrous to the best interests of all concerned.

"'The Council hereby calls for, and demands that, a settlement of the matters in dispute between the Irish Free State and Great Britain shall be brought about by some means without further delay. The points at issue cannot possibly justify the adoption of courses which are bound to inflict irreparable injury.'"

### WATERFORD PORT.

#### DECLINE OF SHIPPING AND TRADE.

The trade of Waterford port (says our local correspondent) has received a further blow in yesterday's announcement by the Clyde Shipping Company of the cancellation of the sailings. The steamer Tuskar arrived to-day with a small inward cargo, principally of flour on licence and sugar. Of the latter there were only eight tons. She will not sail according to her usual schedule on Saturday next for Liverpool. The return voyage from Liverpool to Waterford on the following Wednesday is also off. What will happen afterwards is uncertain. Meanwhile the Tuskar will remain tied up at Waterford, and it is understood that her crew will be paid off this morning.

One boat from Glasgow to Waterford has also been cut off. This vessel used also to take in Newhaven and Southampton. Already the Clyde Company have cancelled all sailings between Waterford and Bristol, and the steamship Skerries has been lying idle at Waterford for a fortnight, whilst her crew wander despondently about the streets or the now almost empty wharves.

Unemployment has become acute, and the numbers on the Employment Exchange books are increasing daily.

So far as the Clyde Company is concerned, there is only one sailing weekly between Waterford and Liverpool instead of two. The like applies in the case of Waterford and Glasgow, whilst Bristol is completely cut off. From next week onwards it is expected that the Great Western Company will reduce their sailings between Waterford and Fishguard from three to two weekly.

The only outward live-stock cargo carried by the steamship Great Western from Waterford to Fishguard yesterday was 29 pigs.

### LIMERICK BACON TRADE ACTIVE.

There has been a considerable increase in the number of pigs slaughtered in the Limerick bacon factories this week. One of the factories has almost doubled its staff, and another has taken on men who were discharged when the British duty was first imposed. The additional killing, it is stated, is due to the non-exportation of live pigs. The top price for pigs yesterday was 58s. per cwt.

### COAL-OWNERS' ATTITUDE.

The coal-owners, at a meeting in London yesterday, had under consideration, among other matters, the new duties on British coal entering the Irish Free State. It was stated authoritatively that the owners are not taking any special local action in regard to the duties, but they are watching the Free State situation in relation to coal supplies, and are not unduly alarmed.

**No Export.**—At Ballinacarrick (County Donegal) Fair the supply exhibited was very small. No cattle were bought for export. There was a heavy drop in the price of sheep.

# ANTIQUARIAN "FINDS" NEAR MOATE.

## THE HOUSE IN THE BOG.

## ITS CURIOUSLY VARIED CONTENTS.

## THE HARBOUR AND THE LAMP.

A REMARKABLE series of discoveries made by excavators on the estate of Colonel Bayley, Ballinderry House, Moate, County Westmeath, is described to-day by our special representative.

The Viking sword which Colonel Bayley found four years ago has led to the unearthing of a curiously constructed house, a primitive harbour, a remarkable lamp, and a whole series of ornaments, utensils, implements of bronze and iron, and remains of animal bones, from which the experts hope to reconstruct an interesting chapter in our island story.

## WHAT THE SPADE REVEALED.

BY OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.

The spade and pick-axe again have come to the aid of historian and scientist, and another chapter has been added to the gradually accumulating store of our knowledge of ancient Ireland and the world of which it formed a part.

Four years ago Colonel Bayley, of Ballinderry House, near Moate, County Westmeath, made a remarkable "find." While supervising the deepening of a dyke that cut through the centre of a bog on his estate, he discovered a Viking sword, of excellent craftsmanship. This weapon now is in the National Museum, and for four years antiquaries and archæologists have pondered, perhaps, as to how some long-dead Norseman or Dane came to leave his sword in a Westmeath bog.

### A VARIED FIND.

Now, as the result of excavations carried out at the scene of the discovery—an extensive artificial mound, or *crannog*, in the centre of a bog—the antiquaries' questions can be answered, fully and correctly. Moreover, the excavators have unearthed such a multitude of ornaments and utensils—wooden, bone, stone and metal—as well as traces of age-old food and agricultural produce, that their labour is likely to go down in Irish archæological history as being among the most valuable of the century. In addition, they have established beyond doubt that that which locally has long been regarded as a mound of clay was actually an immense wooden building, erected on a platform of logs in the centre of a lake (now dried up), and surrounded by a high palisade of stakes. Accumulated rubbish, as well as the continual changing and uprising of the bogland, apparently, have covered this structure over during the passing of the years, but there is no doubt that for a full period of at least a thousand years it housed successive generations of Irish people—probably, as many as forty of a clan or family at a time. Indeed, since the discoveries include such widely separated articles as combs made from the shank-bones of animals, and bronze ornaments of A.D. 800, as well as more modern objects, such as Elizabethan pipes, coins of James II., and even cartridges of a much later date, the inference is obvious.

Perhaps the most important discovery to date, however, is a bronze heart-shaped oil lamp, possibly more than a thousand years old, and beautifully ornamented in Celtic design. It is slung on three slender chains, depending from a central ring, and, at their lowest ends, circling three bronze animal heads, spaced at equi-distant points on the outside of the lamp itself. These animal heads so closely resemble that on the famous Tara brooch that the "find" is regarded as of supreme importance.

### THE EXCAVATORS.

The "diggers" who have laid bare these secrets of the past are two young American men of letters. Dr. Hugh O'Neill Hencken, and Mr. H. L. Movius, both of Harvard University. Dr. Hencken, who is a direct descendant of the family from which sprang the famous Hugh O'Neill, Prince of Tyrone, has carried out several important excavations in various parts of the world, and is an author of some note. His companion has come direct to the present scene of operations from Palestine, where, as a member of a large party of archæologists, he was concerned in the valuable discovery near Haifa earlier this year.

The Ballinderry excavation, it must be added, is being conducted by Harvard University, on behalf and under the supervision of the National Museum of Ireland, to which latter institution all "finds" will go. Operations commenced on June 10 last, when, with a staff of twenty-five men recruited locally, Dr. Hencken undertook the primary work of damming, and thereafter diverting the stream which bisects Ballinderry bog and cuts through the *crannog*. Pumping apparatus was then installed, and the work of digging down commenced.

### WHAT THE HOUSE WAS LIKE.

After six weeks' work the greater part of the process of "laying bare" has been completed, and it is possible to get a rough indication of the ground plan of the structure, as well as some idea of the life of the inhabitants. Somewhere about A.D. 800 the original builders made a sub-structure of huge logs, laid horizontally and raft-like, side by side; on top of this they laid brushwood, peat stones, light boughs, clay, and, indeed, anything that came to hand. Having thus created an artificial island in the centre of a shallow lake, they erected upon it a great horse-shoe shaped wooden house, with an open door facing almost due south; in the centre of this building they formed an immense hearth of clayey material and stone.

Around this hearth the communal life of the colony, or family, revolved, and the whole building was completely surrounded by a high palisade to keep out human, or possibly animal, intruders. Members of the colony probably had ingress and egress by means of a double ladder, which could be pulled up by those inside. An interesting fact is that the palisade runs close to the house wall on all sides of the building, except on the north-east. Here (the side furthest away from the prevailing wind) the members of the colony apparently killed and ate red and roe deer, wild boar and other animals. Immense quantities of animal bones have been discovered at this spot.

### THE WHARF AND THE LAMP.

On the north-west side of the palisade there were found remains of a wooden wharf, to which the boats would moor, and here it must be mentioned was discovered, too, the bronze lamp described above.

There is food for thought in the fact that the lamp was found deep down in the peat and almost at the level of what was the lake bottom, where it apparently fell. Was it, perhaps, hung out at night as a beacon to guide returning lake-dwellers, and did they, failing to find its rays, loose their way in the dark?

Of the people who inhabited this remarkable structure it is as yet scarcely possible to say much. The original inhabitants, however, were undoubtedly Kelts, perhaps with an Iberian or Aryan strain. Their language was Erse, and they were fighters, hunters and herdsmen. The Viking sword, previously mentioned, was probably captured by them in a battle or an ambush of the Norsemen who in A.D. 841 plundered and sacked the monastery of Clonmacnoise, not far distant. Their actual life within the stockade may have been somewhat enlivened by piscatorial pursuits; for among the discoveries made have been some of fish vertebræ.

### ABANDONED.

The excavations show that the original house in which they lived was abandoned a century or two after it was built, and, having been covered over with brushwood (some of which was woven into *fascines*, or wicker-work), a new building, much smaller and poorer, was erected, the builders using much of the old material, including portions of a canoe and paddles, in the reconstruction. There is also evidence of a third house having been constructed, while at one time fire apparently caused damage to the building.

The excavation of the *crannog* is, of course, not yet nearly complete. Nevertheless, the "finds" up to the present have been so numerous and varied that it will take months for biologists, anthropologists, geologists and other men of science to catalogue, tabulate and assign the different objects to their own particular period or class.

### SOME OF THE "FINDS."

Among the various articles discovered are:—

Stones for grinding grain.
Three iron axes.
A great many bronze pins (some of which are ornamented).
Smooth stones for sharpening knives.
A great many bone combs (made from small animals).
Iron knives.
Scraps of iron and bronze.
Two lorry loads of animal bones (including those of deer or elk, wild boar and most of the domestic animals).
Portions of two dug-out canoes carved from tree trunks.
Two paddles.
Many wooden tubs and barrels, all in excellent preservation and showing evidence of having been made with very good tools.

Further reports of the excavations are awaited with interest.

# PROPOSED PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

## TO-DAY'S DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

BY OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

The Senate had not concluded its business when it rose last night at 11 o'clock. It will meet again at 11.30 this morning.

During the sitting the Old Age Pensions Bill and the Housing Bill were passed through all stages. The Control of Manufactures Bill was then taken up in Committee. Twenty-five amendments were disposed of, and the balance—about as many more—remains on the Order paper for discussion to-day.

On the report stage of the Finance Bill a number of recommendations were passed, including one affecting publications and periodicals.

Interest still centres in the motion which Senator Counihan has put down, calling on the Government to proceed to direct negotiations with the British Government regarding the financial dispute, and to appoint accredited representatives to conduct such negotiations.

It is not certain whether President de Valera will take part in the debate.

It is understood that the President, if possible, will take part in the Croagh Patrick Pilgrimage on Sunday.

**Sudden Death.**—Cornelius Byrne, Dunkineely, Co. Donegal, a rural postman, dropped dead while dressing at the shore after bathing. An inquest was considered unnecessary.

# "THE MAN IN THE U-BOAT."

## REPORTED DEATH DENIED.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
*MARYBOROUGH, Thursday.*

The report from London of the death of Mr. Joseph Dowling, "the man in the U-boat," was incorrect. I was told to-day by his mother, Mrs. Dowling, of Hill View, Maryborough, that her son has been ailing for some time, and three weeks ago underwent a rather serious operation. Since then his condition has been a cause of anxiety.

(Note.—Mr. Joseph Dowling, an ex-sergeant in Sir Roger Casement's Irish Brigade, continued to be a keen member of the Irish Republican Army after the Rising of 1916, and in 1918 he landed in Ireland from a submarine with a message for the Executive of the I.R.A.)

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# RUSH OF WORK IN THE SENATE

## APPALLING SIDELIGHT ON LIFE IN THE SLUMS.

## BIRTH IN IRELAND MAKES A "NATIONAL."

THE Old Age Pensions Bill and the Housing Bill passed their final stages in the Free State Senate yesterday.

On the motion of Sir Edward Bigger, an amendment was introduced into the Housing Bill to ensure special consideration for families living in one-room dwellings, one or more of whose members suffered from tuberculosis.

Sir Edward cited a number of cases of an appalling character which came under his personal observation during an inspection of the slums.

The Finance Bill was passed through its final stages. A recommendation to exempt from duty metal frames for doors, windows, etc., was adopted.

In Committee on the Control of Manufactures Bill, a recommendation was made defining a national as a person born in Ireland, and not merely in the Saorstat.

Consideration of the 73 proposed amendments to the bill had not been concluded when the Senate at a late hour adjourned until to-day at 11 a.m.

## CONTROL OF MANUFACTURES.

The Committee stage of the Housing (Finance and Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill was taken.

Mr. STAINES moved an amendment to give local authorities the same facilities as were given to utility societies and other bodies.

Mr. DERRIG, Minister for Education, in charge of the bill, said the point was already covered in the bill.

Mrs. WYSE-POWER believed that if the amendment were accepted it would do away with utility societies. Utility societies encouraged civic spirit, and deserved to be supported. Voluntary assistance was the salt of every movement, and there was the work of the society of which the Rev. Canon Hall was the leader, which was a fine example to them all.

Mr. STAINES said he did not suggest that money should be taken from utility societies; he wanted others who were engaged in house building to be given similar facilities. Under the local authority scheme 200 houses were being built in Clonmel at a cost of £200 each, and the rent, including rates, would be 3s. 11d. per week. He was positive that they must help everybody who wanted to build houses.

Mr. FARREN said the local authorities should look after the clearance of the slum areas, and the provision of houses for persons in those areas who could least afford to pay for them.

Mr. DERRIG, opposing the amendment, said that if it were accepted it would do away with the principle of concentrating on the slums. The Government were giving far more to local authorities under the bill than they would under Mr. Staines's amendment.

The amendment was rejected.

Mr. STAINES moved an amendment to make the grants for reconstruction, not exceeding £40, available in urban areas as well as rural areas.

The MINISTER, resisting the amendment, said that the necessity for reconstruction in urban areas did not exist, as landlords were compelled to re-condition houses. They had received more applications for reconstruction already than applications for grants for building. The reconstruction of houses was going to cost the same as, or more than, the building of new houses.

The amendment was carried by 19 votes to 15.

### APPALLING SLUM CONDITIONS.

Sir EDWARD COEY BIGGER moved a new section, providing that not less than 20 per cent. of the dwellings for which grants are made shall be allocated for the provision of housing accommodation for families living in one-roomed dwellings at the date of the making of such grants, where either (a) one or more members of any such family is, or are, suffering from tuberculosis; or (b) one or more members of such family, exclusive of parents, has, or have, attained the age of 16 years; or (c) such dwelling has been condemned as being unfit for human habitation.

Supporting the amendment, Sir Edward Coey Bigger said that words would fail him to describe the appalling conditions in some of these one-room dwellings, and no person who had not visited these places could have any idea of the conditions under which human beings lived there. In one instance he had seen a father and mother and seven children living in one room, 12ft. by 14ft. The mother suffered from tuberculosis, had been in a sanatorium, and was attending a tuberculosis dispensary. One of the children was also in a sanatorium. Could anyone suggest a surer way of propagating this dread disease than by permitting families to live under such conditions? What was the use of providing sanatorium benefits if persons were compelled to go back and live in these awful conditions? The eldest girl was 19 years of age, and the eldest boy was 17. In another case, a father and mother and nine children, the eldest of whom was 16 years of age, lived in a room 16ft. by 13ft. and 8ft. high. Members of this family were also affected by tuberculosis. In a third case a father and mother and eight children, the eldest of whom was a girl sixteen years of age, lived in a room 16ft. by 15ft. The father had been four times in a sanatorium. These were among the instances that came to his notice during an inspection of the slums, and, surely, they should do all in their power to terminate such awful conditions of life. He gave every credit to the past and present Governments for their liberal financial assistance, and he felt sure that it was given with the object of providing healthy living accommodation for people such as he had mentioned.

Mr. T. DERRIG, Acting Minister for Local Government and Public Health, accepted the principle of the amendment, and said that he would deal with it on the next stage. The intentions of the amendment, he said, were fully covered in the housing policies of the past and present Governments, but he did not think it wise to limit it to twenty per cent.

The amendment stood for the report stage, and the committee stage was then passed.

On the report stage, Mr. DERRIG submitted an amendment giving preference wherever practicable to the three classes mentioned in Sir Edward Coey Bigger's amendment, and deleting the limitation of percentages.

The report and final stages of the bill were passed.

### OLD AGE PENSIONS BILL.

The Old Age Pensions Bill passed its final stages.

## FINANCE BILL.

### DUTY ON METAL FRAMES DELETED.

On the Report stage of the Finance Bill,

Sir JOHN KEANE moved a recommendation to delete the duty on metal frames for doors, windows and such irons as were used in building materials. He suggested that, from the point of view of cheapness and quality, this country from its own resources was not in a position to supply the articles in question. He thought it was wrong that heavy duties should be placed upon these goods, when the source of supply was so restricted.

Mr. HUGO FLINN, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Finance, said that he would say deliberately, as one who recognised the narrowness of the resources of this country and the greatness of her necessities, that they would have to put up with the things they had until they could get the things they wanted. That was the answer that would be given to every objection to any of the tariffs. There was a firm in Ireland that was capable of making these frames, and with a certain amount of variety.

Mr. JAMESON asked how the Government could reconcile its policy of providing cheap houses with that of increasing by tariffs the cost of some of the items that were vital in construction.

Mr. GUINNESS said that, in the interest of cheap building, the tariff of 50 per cent., with 23 per cent. preference, should be reduced.

Mr. DOUGLAS complained that the method adopted by the Government in almost every case of tariffs was to go slap-bang for the whole thing, and hope for the best.

Mr. CROSBIE suggested that metal work for schemes under the new Housing Bill might be allowed in free.

### "SMALL NATION" ARGUMENT.

Sir JOHN KEANE asked why the nation should suffer for want of choice in articles required just because it was a small nation. According to the Parliamentary Secretary, because they were a small nation they must be limited and standardised in their tastes.

Mr. H. FLINN said that the Government were fully conscious of everything that could be stated against tariffs, and had decided on the balance between good and evil. Sir John Keane had asked why small nations should suffer through lack of variety. The answer was that otherwise the small nations would not survive. If Irishmen were to be employed only in the manufacture of something which could not be made cheaper in any other country, then the small nation would disappear.

Miss BROWNE said that the results of the tariff policy of the Government were going to be more devastating than had been the great famine.

Mr. COMYN—We cannot lose three millions of a population anyhow.

The recommendation was passed by 24 votes to 14.

### NEWSPAPER TAX DELETED.

Sir JOHN KEANE asked why was the tax on newspapers necessary. Was it for revenue, or to limit thought and the stimulus for reading. Why was it limited to certain papers and not to ordinary-sized newspapers? The more intellectual and thoughtful papers were taxed. There seemed to be no policy or purpose except the very potent factor that the Government, perhaps, could not afford to antagonise the more powerful daily papers by taxing them. He moved that the tax be deleted.

Mr. CONNOLLY, Minister for Posts and Telegraphs, said that trade, craft, scientific, educational and religious journals were exempted from the tax.

Miss K. BROWNE said that a large number of boys were growing up as rebels against the Government on account of the tax on boys' papers. (Laughter.)

Mr CONNOLLY said a great many periodicals coming in were not desirable type for the country, as they had a biassed and anglicising tendency.

Sir JOHN KEANE said that the Minister had not given them much information about the revenue-earning capacity of this tax or the employment it would give. People in country districts who gave a lot of employment and who were very law-abiding were being annoyed beyond measure by this policy. If three periodicals were imported by an individual in a wrapper through the post, was he not liable for duty plus the ordinary sixpenny tax?

Mr. FLINN—It means that anyone who prefers to get an English newsagent to send him these periodicals will have to pay three shillings, whereas by getting them from an ordinary newsagent in Dublin they would only cost him threepence.

Sir JOHN KEANE—It would be a day later.

Mr. FLINN—So that is the argument. Is the whole policy of the Government to be altered so that a magazine may arrive a day earlier?

The recommendation was carried on a show of hands.

### TAX ON NOVELS STANDS.

Sir JOHN KEANE moved a recommendation for the exemption from tax of novels printed in the English language.

Mr. FLINN said that the tax was giving employment, and there was a firm in Dublin turning out excellently-bound novels. He read one every night of his life, and they were the best bound and the easiest to read novels of their kind. They cost 1s. each.

The recommendation was withdrawn.

On the motion that the bill pass,

Miss BROWNE asked was it the policy of the Government to confiscate the property of farmers who, owing to the extra taxation imposed, might be compelled to dispense with some of their employés.

Sir JOHN KEANE asked, on behalf of another Senator, if any definite information were yet available regarding the proposed cuts in salaries of Civil Servants.

Mr. CONNOLLY, Minister for Posts and Telegraphs, said that Sir John Keane's question hardly arose on that bill. The whole question of these "cuts" was under review, and negotiations were proceeding with the representatives of the Civil Service. Regarding Miss Browne's query, he did not think the question of confiscation arose at all.

Miss BROWNE—It arises out of a remark made by the Minister for Finance in the Dail.

Mr. CONNOLLY—I have not heard anything suggested in the way of confiscation in any measure—financial or otherwise.

The bill passed its final stages.

## MANUFACTURES BILL.

### ITS LATE ARRIVAL AT THE SENATE.

Mr. T. W. WESTROPP BENNETT, Chairman, made a statement regarding the Control of Manufactures Bill, the Committee stage of which was on the order paper.

The bill, he said, having regard to its importance, should have been received in the Senate much earlier. If the House decided to go through all the stages the situation created would be unprecedented. They could hardly finish the Committee stage—there were seventy-three amendments to be considered—before to-morrow or Saturday, and a reasonable interval should elapse between that and the next stage. The earliest day on which the report stage could be taken would be next Wednesday or Thursday, which would be during Horse Show week. The Dail would be summoned specially on Tuesday, August 9th, and accordingly it would be necessary to summon the Senate for Wednesday, August 17th, to consider the position further. If there was no agreement, the result would be a deadlock, and it would be necessary for the Senate to meet again on the 24th. It might be that these dates might be shortened, but he did not think that very much could be done in that way. Obviously very great inconvenience would result not only to the Senate, but to the Dail. He would like also to refer to the staffs of the Oireachtas, who had been working long hours, and they could not start their holidays until both Houses were up. He would like to hear the views of the House on the situation.

Mr. DOUGLAS said that he believed the Committee stage would disclose many points for consideration by the Department and the Minister, and thought that the wisest course would be to postpone its consideration.

Mr. CONNOLLY (Acting Minister for Industry and Commerce) said the main question was what effect the postponement would have on the provision of employment, the development of industry, and the establishment of manufactures in the country. There was no doubt that many manufacturers both at home and on the other side were waiting to see the outcome of the bill, so that they might be prepared to meet its terms. Quite a number of operations would be held up if the bill was postponed, and employment would be lost as a result.

Mr. COUNIHAN suggested that they take the Committee stage of the bill that day, and then adjourn further consideration for a month or five weeks.

The Right Hon. A. JAMESON assured the Minister that if Senators could meet the Government's wishes, honestly believing that what they were doing was right, they would do so. Some of the Senators had spent hours preparing amendments in order to make the bill workable, and the Minister himself would admit that their amendments had got a definite policy behind them, and were not put forward to cut across the bill. The more one studied the bill the more one saw that it required careful consideration.

Mr. STAINES said his objection to the bill was that it placed too much power in the hands of the Minister of the day, and it would leave the Government open to the charge of favouritism and political pressure.

Mr. GUINNESS said that in view of what the Minister said with regard to employment, a postponement and quiet exploration of the bill would be far more likely to make it workable than to rush it through.

Mr. CONNOLLY said that as regards political pressure a Minister responsible to the Executive and an Executive responsible to the Oireachtas was far less likely to be influenced by political pressure or favouritism than even a commission of three or four men.

The CHAIRMAN intimated that they would proceed with the committee stage.

### A "NATIONAL" DEFINED.

On the section defining a national of Saorstat Eireann, Mr. DOUGLAS moved to delete the clause "a person born in Saorstat Eireann or the area now comprised in the Saorstat," and to substitute the following:—"A person born in Ireland or a person born outside Ireland whose mother was a resident in Ireland but temporarily absent from Ireland at the time of his birth." In a bill of that kind, he said, it was absolutely wrong to exclude a man because he had the misfortune to have been born in the six counties, which they still regarded as Ireland. He wanted people who were born in Northern Ireland to put money into the Saorstat, and he believed it was to their interest to get every financial assistance. He was proposing that birth inside the whole of Ireland should be sufficient to qualify.

Mr. CONNOLLY said that it was regrettable for him to find the people of the six counties excluded from citizenship, but that was not a matter of the Saorstat's creation. He could not accept the amendment.

The amendment was carried by 22 votes to 11.

An amendment was accepted, that five years' residence in the Saorstat preceding the relevant time, would constitute a national.

Mr. DOUGLAS moved an amendment that a person shall be deemed for the purposes of this Act to be resident in Saorstat Eireann if he has spent the greater portion of each year in Saorstat Eireann, or if he is a resident outside Saorstat Eireann in the employment of a person or corporate body carrying on business in Saorstat Eireann, or if he is a resident outside Saorstat Eireann in the service of the State.

Mr. CONNOLLY said that he had discussed the matter with his legal advisors, and they considered that the position as stipulated in the bill was better than the amendment. The omission of the definition was not accidental. The matter is judged by the Court when it comes to a question of a legal decision concerning residence, and the Court practice was to consider the position of residence under all the circumstances, including such questions as Senator Douglas mentioned.

Mr. DOUGLAS said that he was not concerned with the difficulties of the Courts or the Minister. People could not be expected to go to a Court to find out whether they were nationals under the meaning of the Act. Unless they put a definition on the term they would be putting questions to the secretaries of companies which they would not be able to answer.

Mr. CONNOLLY said that the secretary of a company would only be expected to give an answer truthfully and to the best of his ability. There was no question of setting up Star Chamber standards.

To meet Senator Douglas he would be prepared to add a section to the effect that a person shall be deemed to be resident in Saorstat Eireann provided that during any given year he resided continuously two-thirds of the year in Saorstat Eireann.

The amendment was withdrawn by leave, with permission to bring forward the Minister's suggestion on the Report stage.

### HOLDING COMPANIES.

On Section 2, which sets out the restriction on the carrying on of manufactures, Mr. DOUGLAS moved an amendment, the effect of which would be that any corporate, carrying on business on the day on which the bill came into operation, would be entitled to hold shares in another company, and give them power to extend their business if they thought fit to do so, and not allow any persons outside to do it. He said that it was one of a series of amendments designed for the purpose of carrying out the intention of the Government so far as leaving existing companies in the position in which they were at the present moment. He took it it was not the intention of the Government to interfere with the powers or rights of existing companies.

Mr. CONNOLLY said the amendment was not so innocuous as one might think. As from the first of June any company carrying on business here cannot be interfered with. There would be no question of such company having to apply for a licence, or an objection being raised to any extension of their own business. The amendment would mean that a very wide extension of the activities of a holding company in the creation of subsidiaries, which, as Senator Douglas knew, was most dangerous. The bill gave ample protection for every desirable development, but this amendment would open the door to the most undesirable type of development, and would defeat the purposes of the bill.

The amendment was withdrawn, to be considered on the Report stage.

Mr. DOUGLAS moved an amendment to change the date of the Act coming into operation from June 1 until such date as the Act is enforced.

The MINISTER said the amendment was not acceptable, and it was withdrawn.

### GUINNESS AND SOFT DRINKS.

Mr. STAINES moved an amendment to allow an existing firm to carry on an extension of their existing business without a permit.

Mr. CONNOLLY said the amendment was unnecessary.

Mr. DOUGLAS said the wording of the bill was such as to restrict extension of business. It was probable that if the economic war were to continue for a few months some firms might have to shut down because they could not use their machinery for another purpose.

Sir JOHN KEANE asked if some catastrophe befel us could Guinness's turn to making soft drinks without a permit.

The MINISTER replied that they would be quite entitled to make soft drinks. He would accept the amendment if the words "in the opinion of the Minister" were added.

Mr. STAINES did not accept the suggestion.

The amendment was passed without a division.

### MINISTER GETS ANNOYED.

Mr. DOUGLAS moved the insertion of a new sub-section to Section 2 to provide (a) that shares of a body corporate registered in the name of a bank carrying on business in the Saorstat should be deemed to be in the beneficial ownership of a national of the Saorstat; and (b) where shares were transferred to a person not a national of Saorstat Eireann, so that one half of the shares were held outside the Saorstat, the body corporate should be allowed to continue its business for six months without holding a new manufacturer's licence.

He explained that the first section was meant to cover concerns whose shares were held by a bank as security for overdrafts; the second would give a company six months to arrange for its future after more than 50 per cent. of its shares were not held by nationals.

Mr. CONNOLLY agreed to accept the second part of the amendment. The first part, if incorporated, would enable a person to defeat the purpose of the legislation by operating through a bank.

Sir JOHN KEANE said the bill would only work actually by being unworkable. It was only in cases where some political issue or pull existed——

Mr. CONNOLLY—The whole attitude towards this bill by Sir John Keane is that it is a Government of politics and pull, and I have stood about as much of it as I am going to stand.

Sir JOHN KEANE withdrew the expression.

Mr. CONNOLLY, at a later stage, again protested against the attitude exhibited by Sir John Keane.

"I have been in politics," he said, "since I was 17 years of age, and nobody can point a finger at me for political jobbery. I hope that Sir John Keane's record is equally as clear."

Mr. DOUGLAS asked if the amendment would meet with the Minister's wishes if they inserted a provision for a certificate by the bank declaring that the shares were held by nationals.

The MINISTER said that this would be acceptable.

It was decided to withdraw the amendment for re-drafting and presentation at a later stage.

The Senate adjourned until to-day at 11 a.m.

# MR. DE VALERA'S MEETING.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 2.)

facing us, and may never occur again. (Applause.)

### A UNITED FRONT.

### OBJECT OF THE MEETING.

Mr. Ralph Lynch, the chairman, in opening the proceedings, said that this meeting was the first of a series of meetings organised by Fianna Fail. These meetings had not been organised to feel the pulse of the people. They in Fianna Fail knew the spirit of the people. These meetings had been organised to consolidate all national groups so that the country could march forward an united country and an united people and present a strong front line to Britain and to the people at home who were playing Britain's game. (Cheers.)

Mr. Sean Brady, T.D., said that that meeting was a magnificent answer to England's challenge. As the result of stupidity on the part of English politicians Ireland was on the eve of a unity which ultimately would lead the country to the goal for which Patrick Pearse died. (Applause.)

He ventured to prophecy that Thomas would be thanked by future generations in Ireland as being the instrument for reuniting Ireland at such an opportune moment.

### THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS.

Mr. Oscar Traynor, T.D., said that the present Government had said that they would remove the Oath of Allegiance, and the Oath of Allegiance was all but gone, and time would wither its tentacles. They had said that they would retain the land annuities, and they were doing so. (Applause.) They had said that they would find work for the workless, and that they would close the ports of Ireland against foreign traffic, and while they had not done that they were doing everything that they thought was necessary to protect the rights of the Irish people.

Mr. Tomas O Derrig, Minister for Education said that he wished to emphasise the necessity of the people doing their best. They had more faith in those who did their little to encourage Irish industry and the use of the Irish language than in those who talked wildly and did nothing practical. Now they had a great opportunity for starting a great national revival.

Mr. Hugo Flinn, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Finance, said that the British were not going to succeed, even if they had circulated a defeatist propaganda. They dare not run away, because Britain was using in this emergency the same powers which, when it was past, they would use on any other occasion or excuse they chose to invent.

Mr. R. Briscoe, T.D.; Senator Maurice Moore, Mr. Cormac Breathnach and Mr. Eamon Cooney also spoke.

# IRON AND STEEL DUTIES.

## MOTOR TRADE'S ANXIETY.

## HOW CYCLES ARE AFFECTED.

IT appears that the 20 per cent. duty on iron and steel, imposed under the Emergency (Imposition of Duties) Act, applies to motor cars and parts of motor cars which are made of iron and steel.

Strong efforts have been made to induce the authorities to delay the application of the duty in so far as it affects motor cars and motor car parts for another week. Representations have been placed before them, and it is understood that the authorities take the view that it is impossible to delay the application of the Act in view of the fact that it is an emergency measure.

### MOTOR AND PUSH-CYCLES.

A prominent motor cycle and cyle trader in Dublin yesterday informed an *Irish Times* reporter that the twenty per cent. duty on iron and steel and articles made of iron and steel applies also to motor cycles and push bicycles. There was already, he said, a 25 per cent. duty on assembled push bicycles, but the parts and accessories were allowed in duty free, consequently it was the practice to import parts and assemble the bicycles in Dublin and elsewhere in the Free State. Under the new emergency duties the assembled bicycle will be subject to the old duty of 25 per cent., plus 20 per cent., and accessories and parts of push bicycles will be subject to a 20 per cent. duty.

With regard to motor cycles, there was already, he said, a duty of 22 2-9ths on the machines and accessories. There is now a further duty of 20 per cent., making a total of 42 2-9 per cent.

### CONTINENTAL MAKES.

When asked if motor cars and cycles and push bicycles and their parts could not be obtained from the Continent, our informant said that the quality of Continental machines and parts was not as good as the British, and that the British product was always the most popular.

In his opinion, there seemed to be nothing for it but to continue importing British machines and parts, although they would cost the buyer so much more.

## THE TAX ON BOOKS.

### NO EXEMPTION FOR REVIEW COPIES.

It appears from inquiries that no books subject to duty are exempt because supplied to newspapers for the use of reviewers.

The books subject to duty are books bound in leather or an imitation of leather and all novels published in the English language.

The minimum duty is 2s. 6d.—i.e., a single novel is subject to the minimum duty of 2s. 6d., but in the same parcel may be included copies of the same book or novel, or copies of other novels issued by other publishers, at a tax of 2s. 6d. on the parcel.

Novels were never exempt from duty. At the time when the tariff on the class of books specified was imposed a period of uncertainty as to the meaning of the regulation occurred, and books, including novels, were for a short time admitted without tax. Exemption from tax was not allowed because any book or novel was sent in solely for review by a newspaper. There never was, nor is there any, privilege for review books. The Commissioners have no power to exempt books bound in leather or an imitation of leather, or novels because they are supplied to newspapers for the purpose of review.

# SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY.

## ACTION AGAINST THE E. S. B.

## JUDGE'S COMMENTS.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE JOHNSTON.)

IN a case of the Rathfarnham Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Rathfarnham, against the Electricity Supply Board,

Mr. Dickie, K.C., who, with Mr. E. S. Robinson (instructed by Messrs. Hayes and Sons), appeared for the plaintiffs, applied for an interlocutory injunction to restrain the defendants, pending the hearing of the action, from distributing or supplying electricity to the public, or canvassing the public for the supply of electricity in the district or area of Rathfarnham, and from interfering with the plaintiff company's customers, lines, apparatus and appliances.

In their summons the plaintiffs claimed a declaration that they had all the powers, functions, obligations and duties of an authorised undertaking within the meaning of Section 37 of the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1927, and that as such they had the exclusive right to distribute and supply electricity to the public within the meaning of that Act in the district or area of Rathfarnham, and that the Electricity Supply Board are not entitled to distribute or supply electricity to the public or canvas the public for the supply of electricity in the district or to interfere with the plaintiffs' customers, or with their lines, apparatus or appliance. They claimed an injunction, and specific performance by the defendants of an alleged contract to acquire the plaintiffs' undertaking under the Electricity (Supply) Acts, and damages.

### ISSUE OF PERMITS.

Mr. Dickie moved on the affidavit of Mr. Andrew Landy, managing director of the plaintiff company, who stated that the company was registered as a private limited company on 17th April, 1919, for the purpose of generating and distributing electricity in the area and district of Rathfarnham, and from that date carried on business under the Board of Trade regulations. At the date of the passing of the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1927, it was an extensive and prosperous concern.

After the Act came into operation the defendants issued permits to them to distribute and supply electricity within the district of Rathfarnham. The last permit was for a period of twelve calendar months from 1st December, 1931.

In February, 1928, continued Mr. Landy in his affidavit, the defendants proposed to the plaintiffs that they should acquire the plaintiffs' undertaking as a going concern, which offer the plaintiffs accepted. With the view of arriving at the amount of the purchase money, the defendants requested the plaintiffs to have a valuation of their plant, machinery, buildings, goodwill, and other assets made, and requested them to allow their engineer to inspect the plant and machinery. Valuations made by competent valuers showed the plaintiffs' undertaking to be valued at £19,843 18s. 4d.

On the 1st December, 1929, the affidavit proceeded, the defendants completed arrangements whereby current generated at the Shannon works became available in part of the Rathfarnham area, and immediately displayed an intention to repudiate contract to purchase the plaintiffs' undertaking. Finally they refused to perform their contract. The defendants were continuing to canvass the plaintiffs' consumers and to interrupt the plaintiffs' service, and unless the defendants were restrained the plaintiff company would be irretrievably ruined.

### BOARD'S DENIALS.

Mr. Dickie read an affidavit in reply from Mr. William Lawlor, acting secretary for the defendant company, who said that the permits referred to in no way constituted the plaintiffs authorised undertakers. The permits were temporary and provisional, and were framed to limit the members of the public to whom it was lawful for the plaintiffs to supply electricity. There was nothing in the permits that gave the plaintiffs the exclusive right claimed by them. It was quite untrue that it was agreed that the defendants should acquire the undertaking of the plaintiffs, or that the defendants assumed the position of owners of the plaintiffs' undertaking, and if on any occasion the plaintiffs consulted the defendants about any proposed capital expenditure, the plaintiffs so consulted them with a view to obtaining their authority as the Electricity Supply Board. The defendants never interfered in any way with the plaintiffs' plant and machinery. It was the duty of the defendants under the Electricity Supply Acts to supply electricity to the public.

The Attorney-General, who, with Mr. Marnan (instructed by Mr. Arthur Cox), appeared for the defendants, opposed the application, submitting that no grounds had been given for the granting of an interlocutory injunction. The plaintiffs' main cause of action, he said, was specific performance, and, if they succeeded in that, any injury could be measured in damages.

### THE JUDGMENT.

Mr. Justice Johnston said that he did not think that he could at this stage grant an interlocutory injunction, and he did not encourage the plaintiffs to bring such an application. He would leave the matter until the hearing of the plenary summons, when the Court would consider all the claims before it and do justice as between the two parties.

"I am not to be taken," he added, "as suggesting that I am not a good deal in sympathy with the plaintiffs. All the facts seem to show that the Electricity Supply Board has at least been guilty of vacillating conduct, and I am not sure that the plaintiffs will not succeed in one or two of the claims. I am certainly impressed with the fact that the plaintiffs have a certain amount of what is in law called merits. When the matter does come before me I will certainly have a great deal of sympathy with the plaintiffs with reference to their complaints."

His lordship refused the motion, and reserved the costs of the hearing.

## CASTLECOMER FETE.

### IN AID OF JUBILEE NURSING FUND.

The grounds of Castlecomer House, Co. Kilkenny, made a perfect setting for a garden fête held there yesterday afternoon, by kind permission of Captain E. H. Prior Wandesforde, D.L., and Mrs. Prior Wandesforde, in aid of the Irish Branch of the Queen Victoria Jubilee Nursing Fund. The weather was perfect, and there was a very large attendance from all parts of Kilkenny and neighbouring counties.

By two o'clock the competitors arrived to take part in the tennis tournament, organised by Captain F. Prior Wandesforde, D.S.O., and Mrs. F. Prior Wandesforde, for which there was an entry of about thirty couples. Both the grass courts and the hard courts were requisitioned for the occasion.

Fun and amusement were found in the many side-shows. Many tried their skill at clock golf, which was won by Miss Prior Wandesforde and Miss Ellis, while others competed at "Aunt Sally," in the charge of Mr. Weller and Mr. W. Robertson, and Ping Pong, which was under Mrs. D. Garvey and Mrs. Gahan. Mrs. McCormack instituted a treasure hunt, and the Rev. W. H. McGahey supervised the Hoop-la, while the nail-driving competition was won by Mr. Robertson.

An open-air dancing floor, under the management of Commander D. Garvey, R.N., and Mr. Thompson, was very largely patronised throughout the afternoon and evening.

Those who wished to enjoy a quiet afternoon in the beautiful grounds wandered at leisure from garden to garden, and the different types of horticulture were much admired, especially the Italian rose garden.

An excellent tea was provided in the gymnasium during the afternoon.

At the close of the proceedings, Mrs. R. H. Prior Wandesforde presented the prizes to the winners in the various competitions.

### DUBLIN HOTEL SOLD.

Messrs. Pattersby and Co. have completed the sale of Vaughan's Hotel, Parnell square, Dublin, to Messrs. O'Hagan and Sons, solicitors, Dublin. Mr. John J. Early had charge of the sale.

On the application of Mr. Early, District Justice O'Sullivan granted a transfer of the licence attached to Vaughan's Hotel to the administrator of Gertrude McGuire, deceased, the late owner.

# THE AMERICAN MARKETS.

## LEADING COMMODITIES IMPROVE; STOCKS ACTIVE AND HIGHER.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

*NEW YORK, Thursday.*

After a firm opening yesterday's advance was resumed on the Stock Exchange this morning, as the strength of the leading commodity markets tended to revive hopes of a business recovery in the autumn. At the same time some quarters are inclined to act with caution in anticipation of at least a technical set-back in view of the rapidity and extent of the recent up-turn.

In the earlier trading the list fluctuated in an erratic manner under the conflicting forces of profit-taking and fresh buying, but prices thereafter rallied.

Bullish enthusiasm showed no signs of flagging in the afternoon, as prices swept forward in very active trading spurred on by the pronounced strength of the dollar and a further improvement in wheat and cotton. Some profit-taking which took place was well absorbed and virtually all groups advanced, the gains ranging from 1 to 5 points.

The strength of the dollar was generally attributed to sales of sterling and francs to purchase American securities.

Domestic Bonds continued to advance and United States Government issues were buoyant in tone, but among Foreign Bonds British, Australian and German issues were inclined to be heavy.

The Stock Market finished below the day's best on renewed profit-taking in the late dealings. The close was firm. The day's sales totalled approximately 2,800,000 shares.

| | Thur. 2p.2¼s | Wed. 2p.2¼s |
|---|---|---|
| Call Money | — | — |
| Exchange on Lon.—60 days' sight | — | — |
| Do Do. Demand Bills | 3.39⅛ | 3.33⅜ |
| Cable Transfers | 3.39⅝ | 3.33⅝ |
| Do. Montreal | 4.03⅝ | 4.04⅜ |
| Exchange Paris Cable | 3.95⅛ | 3.91⅜ |

| Par | Stocks | Closing Thur | Closing Wed. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 45/- | Atchison, Topeka, Santa Fe | 32 | 29¼ |
| 70/- | Do. Pref. | 53⅝ | 50⅝ |
| 11/9 | Baltimore and Ohio | 8½ | 8¼ |
| 17/9 | Canadian Pacific (New Stock) | 12⅝ | 13⅛ |
| 19/- | Chesapeake and Ohio Com. | 15⅞ | 13¼ |
| 1/0 | Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul | 1⅞ | 1⅞ |
| 20/- | Chicago and North-West | 4⅛ | 4 |
| 5/- | Erie Shares | 4 | 4⅛ |
| 6/- | Erie 1st Preferred | 4⅞ | 4½ |
| 6/- | Illinois Central | 8½ | 8⅛ |
| 10/- | Louisville and Nashville | 14 | 13 |
| 3/- | Missouri Pacific | 3¼ | 3⅛ |
| 22/- | New York Central & Hudson R. | 13⅝ | 14⅜ |
| 10/- | Norfolk and West Com. | 71½ | 71 |
| 12/- | Northern Pacific Com. | 12 | 11¼ |
| 1/- | Pennsylvania Shares | 10⅜ | 10 |
| 20/- | Reading Shares | 21½ | 20 |
| 10/- | Southern Pacific | 11 | 10 |
| 6/- | Southern Railway Shares | 4⅝ | 4½ |
| 66/- | Union Pacific | 43⅛ | 41½ |
| 54/- | American Can. (New Stock). | 38½ | 37⅛ |
| 14/5 | American Smelting (New Stock) | 10½ | 9½ |
| 8/11 | Anaconda Copper | 6⅛ | 6 |
| — | Bethlehem Steel Com. | 27 | 25½ |
| 18/- | Bethlehem Steel Com. Stock | 13 | 13 |
| — | Brazil Stab. 6½ p.c. 1957 | 20 | 20 |
| 64/- | Consolidated Gas (New York) | 43¼ | 44½ |
| — | Dome Incorp. | 3⅜ | 32⅜ |
| 19/- | General Electric (New Stock) | 13⅞ | 13⅝ |
| 14/- | General Motors (New) | 10 | 9⅝ |
| 2/10 | Inter. Mer. Marine Com. Certs | 1⅝ | 1½ |
| 8/- | International Nickel | 6 | 5¾ |
| 82/6 | National Lead | 58 | 55¾ |
| — | North American Company | 20 | 19⅞ |
| 14/- | Pan-American Petroleum "B" | 10⅝ | 11⅜ |
| 8 | Radio Corporation | 5⅛ | 5⅛ |
| 25 | Royal Dutch Petroleum | 17⅜ | 17⅝ |
| 15 | Shell Transport and Trading | 10⅜ | 10⅛ |
| 7/6 | Shell Union Oil | 4⅝ | 4⅝ |
| 25 | U.S. Rubber | 3⅞ | 3⅝ |
| 39 | United States Steel Common | 27½ | 27¼ |
| 85½ | Do. Preferred | 61 | 60½ |
| 17 | Brazilian Traction | 8¾ | 8⅞ |
| 20/3⅛ | Brit. American Tobacco Coupon | 15 | 14⅞ |
| 6/1⅛ | Rydeu Electric | 4¼ | 4½ |
| 14/- | International Pet., Canada, Nev | 10 | 10 |
| — | Silver Commercial Bars | 20¼ | 20¼ |
| | BONDS. | | |
| 142/7⅛ | U.K. 5½ Bonds 1937 | 103⅜ | 103⅝ |
| — | Do. Funding Loan 4½ | — | 71½ |
| — | Do. War Loan 5½ | — | 71½ |
| 145/3⅛ | U.S. Treasury 3½ Bds. '46-56 | 102⅛ | 102⅞ |
| 94/9⅛ | † ½ German External Loan | 66⅛ | 66⅜ |

* Asked; † Ex div.; ‡ Ex interest; § Ex rights.

### MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

| Eng. Equiv. | Stocks and Shares. | Closing Prices Thur | Wed. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1/4 | Abitibi Power & Paper Co., Ltd. | 1 | 1 |
| 100/9⅛ | Bell Telephone Co. of Canada | 68½ | 66 |
| 12 | Brazilian T. L. & P. Co., Ltd. | 9⅝ | 10 |
| 6/1⅛ | Canadian Car Common | 2½ | 2½ |
| 17/3⅝ | Do Preferred | 14½ | 14¾ |
| 6/10 | Canada Cement Co., Ltd. | 5 | 5½ |
| 19/- | Canadian Pacific Railway | 14¾ | 14⅞ |
| 11/- | Canada Power & Paper Corp. | ⅞ | ⅞ |
| 2/- | Canada Steamships Lines, Ltd. | ⅝ | ⅝ |
| — | Do. Preferred | — | — |
| 70 | Can. Mining & Smelting Co. of Canada, Ltd. | 38½ | 38 |
| 2/6 | Dominion Steel Corp., Ltd. | 1⅞ | 1¾ |
| 61/10 | Dominion Textile Co., Ltd. | 20 | 20 |
| 9/4⅛ | Hollinger Con. Gold Mines | 5⅞ | 5½ |
| 9/4⅛ | Inter. Nickel of Canada, Ltd. | 6¼ | 6¼ |
| 5/3⅛ | Massey Harris Common | 2¼ | 2¼ |
| — | St. Lawrence Corporation | — | — |
| 24 | Steel Co. of Canada, Ltd. | 19½ | 19 |

### NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKETS.

WHEAT—Manitoba steady, without change. "Winters" firmer, 3d. up.

| | To-day. | Prev. day. |
|---|---|---|
| No. 2 Amber Durum, spot | — | — |
| No. 2 Mixed Durum, spot | — | — |
| No. 1 Northern Manitoba, spot | 68⅛ | 68¼ |
| No. 2 Hard Winter, spot | 61⅞ | 61⅝ |
| No. 2 Red Winter, spot | 61⅝ | 60⅝ |

RYE steady at 1gc. advance. No. 2 spot, 46⅞, c.i.f. New York, 42⅝.

BARLEY steady at 1½c. rise. American malting

MAIZE steady, ¾c. cheaper.

| Western No. 2 Mixed, spot | To-day. 38½ | Prev. day 39¼ |
|---|---|---|

LARD steady at 5 points decline. Prime Western steam, 3.85; Middle West, 3.70 to 3.80.

FLOUR firm at 30 points advance. Spring clears (100 per cent.), 4.00 to 4.30.

PETROLEUM steady.

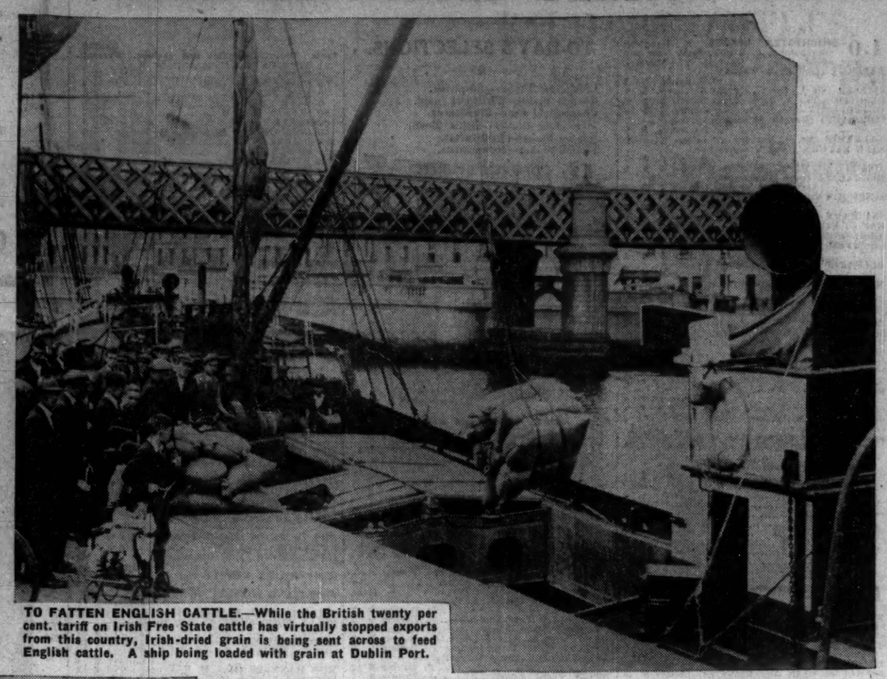
| | To-day. | Prev. day. |
|---|---|---|
| Mid-Continent Crude | 33-39.9 | 33-33.9 |
| Batumi at Weil | 86 cents | 86 cents |
| Pennsylvania Crude | 1.95-2.05 | 1.95-2.05 |

COFFEE—

| Closing options— | Sept. | Oct. | Dec. | Jan. | Mar. | May | July |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | 1933 | | | |
| To-day | 6.40 | — | 5.96

# TWO IRISH SHOWS : HELP FOR NURSES' PENSION FUND.

TWO IN HAND.—Miss K. Loughman, with her first prize-winning setter Herbie and pointer Shot, at the Ossory Show.



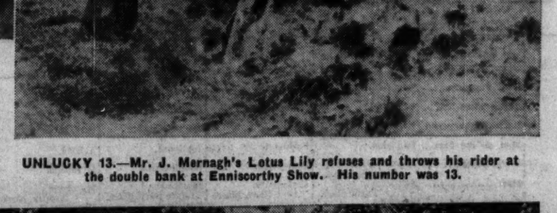
TO FATTEN ENGLISH CATTLE.—While the British twenty per cent. tariff on Irish Free State cattle has virtually stopped exports from this country, Irish-dried grain is being sent across to feed English cattle. A ship being loaded with grain at Dublin Port.

THE CAUSE OF THE NURSES.—A corner of the gardens at Kelburne, Howth road, Clontarf, Dublin, the residence of Captain and Mrs. Bailey, which will be open to the public to-morrow afternoon in aid of the Jubilee Nurses' Pension Fund.

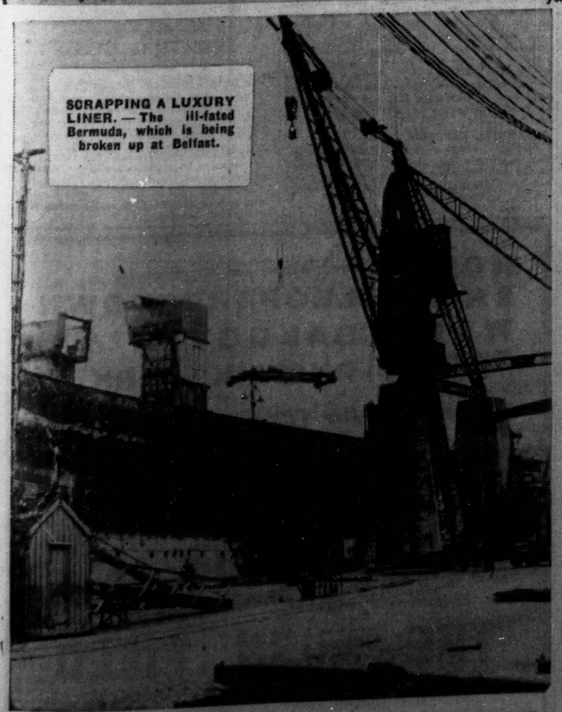
CLASS. — Miss E. Meagher mounted on her pony, which won a first prize at the Ossory Show.

"CONGRATULATIONS!" — Miss Maeve O'Toole (left), with Mr. Harry McGlennon's Reliable of Picardy, a Green Star winner at Enniscorthy Show yesterday.

THE WINNER.—Miss Joan O'Connor holding the head of her five-year-old hunter Carcross, who won a first prize for her at Enniscorthy Show.



UNLUCKY 13.—Mr. J. Mernagh's Lotus Lily refuses and throws his rider at the double bank at Enniscorthy Show. His number was 13.



SCRAPPING A LUXURY LINER. — The ill-fated Bermuda, which is being broken up at Belfast.

COME TO THE FAIR.—Villagers making merry at the Fête held at Castlecomer House, Castlecomer, Co. Kilkenny, yesterday, in aid of the Jubilee Nurses' Pension Fund.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The correct lubricant is

**Mobiloil "AF"**

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The makers of your car or motor-cycle warn you against using inferior oil. They know the damage that faulty lubrication can do to big ends, cylinders, and every moving part. Sooner or later inferior oil means heavy repair bills—perhaps a ruined engine.

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Scientifically blended and refined, it meets exactly the lubrication needs of the Ford engine. Mobiloil "AF" will give: (1) Quicker starting—saving your battery; (2) Less carbon and wear—saving maintenance costs; (3) Immediate circulation from cold—saving your bearings; (4) Smoother running.

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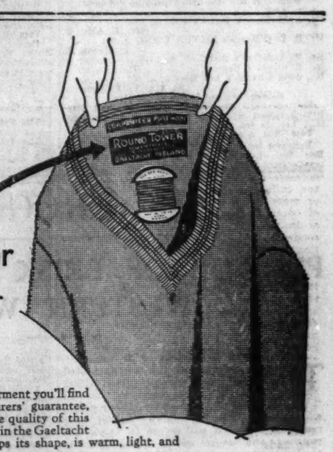
The Round Tower Guarantee—*a sure sign of quality*




On every "Round Tower" garment you'll find a tab bearing the manufacturers' guarantee, which speaks volumes for the quality of this well-known Knitwear. Made in the Gaeltacht from pure wool yarns, it keeps its shape, is warm, light, and absolutely dependable.

No matching of Wools is necessary, for every "Round Tower" garment carries its own mending. Every garment is carefully examined before it is offered for sale, and will be instantly replaced if found to be in any way defective.

Cardigans and Pullovers for ladies and men are available in a wide selection of colours, and in addition there is a range of garments for children of all ages.

Trade only supplied. Enquiries invited.

GAELTACHT MADE AND GUARANTEED

ROUND TOWER Knitwear

GAELTACHT INDUSTRIES DEPOT, BEGGAR'S BUSH, DUBLIN


## DUBLIN CIRCUIT COURT.

### TAXI-CAB PROPRIETOR'S APPEAL.

(BEFORE JUDGE SHANNON.)

Described as the first case of its sort since the establishment of the Free State, an appeal was made by John Costello, 6 Tivoli terrace, Harold's Cross, Dublin, from the refusal of the Garda Siochana authorities to grant him a hackney car licence.

The appellant stated that he had been driving cars, horse and motor, for hire on the streets of Dublin for twenty-seven years, and he wished to get a taxi-cab licence for this car, which was in first-class condition, and which he bought a year ago for £85 cash. The Superintendent of the Garda told him that they would not allow "Model T" Fords on the streets of Dublin any more, but he knew that they had given taxi-cab licences for a similar model since they refused him. In every respect the car conformed to the carriage law requirements.

He had the car renovated and upholstered as good as new. He was prepared to take out the necessary insurance for street work as soon as he got the licence. He was now using it as a jobbing car, for which he had a licence.

Later the Clerk of the Chief State Solicitor's Office appeared for the respondents, and the appellant was directed to bring the vehicle to the Carriage Office for examination. It was stated that he had carried out a number of improvements which would probably make the vehicle fit for licensing.

## SOUTH DUBLIN HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

South County Dublin Horticultural Society's Show announce the following additional awards:—

Mr. David Barry, O.B.E., Bellevue Park, Killiney, won the bronze medal for cultural exhibit of tomatoes.

Well kept Cottage Garden awards were:—1, Mr. Young, Honeypark Villas, Sallynoggin; 2, Mr. O'Reilly, O'Donnell Gardens, Sandycove; 3, Mr. Connor, 10 Honeypark Cottages, Sallynoggin.


AN EXPENSIVE CAMERA *DESERVES* SELO A SIMPLE CAMERA *DEMANDS IT*

—*the fast* BRITISH FILM


The annual mortality rate in England and Wales last week averaged 9.2 per 1,000.


LADIES' STRAW & FELT HATS
CLEANED OR DYED AND RE-MODELLED THE CORRECT SHAPES.
R. & J. McKECHNIE, Ltd.,
134 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN
76 AUNGIER STREET,
22 MARINO MART, FAIRVIEW.


## MARKETS.

### IES IMPROVE; ND HIGHER.

Steady at 1gc. advance. No. 2 spot, 45⅞. Y steady at 1gc. rise. American mailing York, 42⅝. steady, 4gc. cheaper.

| | To-day. | Prev. day |
|---|---|---|
| No. 2 Mixed, spot | 38¼ | 39⅛ |

steady at 5 points decline. Prime Western 85; Middle West, 5.70 to 5.80. firm at 30 points advance. Spring clears equal.) 4.00 to 4.30.

LEUM steady.

| | To-day. | Prev. day. |
|---|---|---|
| ent Crude ... | 33-33.9 | 33-33.9 |
| Well ... | 86 cents. | 86 cents. |
| sas Crude ... | 1.55-2.05. | 1.55-2.05 |

tions—

| Sept. | Oct | Dec. | Jan. | Mar. | 1933 May | July |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6.40 | 5.96 | 5.90 | 5.87 | | | |
| 6.52 | 6.22 | 6.15 | 6.15 | | | |

—The market closed easy at 1 to 2 points firm at 7 points rise; 96 test centrifugal af spot, 5.07. Approximate day's sales 10,000 tons.

tions—

| Sept. | Oct. | Dec. | Jan. | Mar. | 1933 May | July |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1.00 | 1.01 | 1.05 | 1.01 | 1.05 | 1.10 | 1.16 |
| 1.01 | 1.03 | 1.06 | 1.03 | 1.07 | 1.12 | 1.18 |

W steady. Spot extra loose, 34; spot ers, 5; spot in tierces, 35s.

NSEED OIL—Futures steady, 3 points anged. Prime summer yellow spot, 4.00. tions—September, 4.23; October, 4.23; 4.27; January, 4.38.

AC—F.N., 9¼.

NTINE—Spot, 40½; Savannah spot, 35⅛. s—Straits tin steady. Spot and near by 21.20. Future options—August, 21.20. ber; spot New York, 2.95; spot East St. Pig Iron steady; Northern 2x icon, 2.25 to 2.75; delivered Eastern ia, 15.52 to 16.02; Buffalo silicon, 2.25 delivered Boston, 19.04 to 20.04.

ATIONAL METAL EXCHANGE.

pot). Closing options—Oct., 20.95; Dec., ren., 21.70. COPPER steady. Standard ot—Closing options—Oct., 3.80 to 4.00; ; March, 4.10. New York—Spot quiet and unaltered; ng, 3.95. Cotton (New Orleans)—Spot changed; spot middling, 5.77. E quiet, but steady. First latex thin 5⅛-5⅝ buyers; smoked ribbed sheets uyers, 3⅞ sellers.

## CHICAGO MARKETS.

*CHICAGO, Thursday.*

ained receipt of bullish foreign crop ber with advices of a lack of rainfall ng wheat areas, caused a renewal of general buying movement on the Grain day. The undertone became strong, the Stock Market displaying a firmer h counter outside interest being in evi- es further strengthened. There was a tion near the close owing to scattered Wheat values advanced on buying t sales at Winnipeg, while the strength polis, where millers are buying in- gressive commission house absorption. orable nature of crop news from the rn section and purchasing by ware- inated other helpful factors. Early in n maize receded owing to scattered n the July option and on a forecast of The liberal offerings by country in- her depressed prices, but the market rallied in unison with wheat and on operations. Rye strengthened in with wheat, while oats advanced on it fied that further export business had

opened steady, 1c. up to unchanged, steady at 1c. to 2c. improvement.

| | To-day | Prev. day |
|---|---|---|
| Winter, spot ... | 52⅞ | 49¼ |
| Winter, spot ... | 53½ | 49¼ |

aing options—

| | July | Sept. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ... ... | 50⅛ | 51⅞ | 54⅛ |
| ... ... | 48⅛ | 49⅞ | 52⅛ |

ing options—

| | July | Sept. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ... ... | 51 | 52⅝ | 55⅛ |
| ... ... | 50 | 51⅝ | 54⅛ |

ened steady, unaltered to 1gc. higher, arely steady, 3gc. down to unchanged. mixed Western, 33½.

aing options—

| | July | Sept. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ... ... ... | — | 32¾ | 33⅜ |
| ... ... ... | — | 32 | 32⅛ |

ing options—

| | July | Sept. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ... ... ... | 31⅜ | 32½ | 33⅛ |
| ... ... ... | 32¼ | 32¾ | 33⅞ |

ed steady at 1c. to 1c. improvement.

ing options—

| | July | Sept. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ... ... ... | 17¾ | 18½ | 21 |
| ... ... ... | 17¼ | 18 | 20½ |

ed steady at 1c. to 1c. gain. No. 2

ing options—

| | July | Sept. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ... ... ... | 32¾ | 34⅝ | 37⅞ |
| ... ... ... | 31¾ | 33¾ | 37⅛ |

NS—Following a steady opening, ced in unison with hogs, but beat- . The tendency at the close was futures being generally 5 points lost 2½ points. Prime Western 3.12½.

g options—

| | July | Sept. | Oct | Jan. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ... | — | 5.00 | 4.92½ | 4.42½ |
| ... | 5.12½ | 5.05 | 4.97½ | 4.47½ |

ridy. Short ribs sides (60lb. average),

y steady, with light kinds 10 to 5 and heavy sorts 20 points lower. 4.65 to 5.00; heavy-weight, 4.15

| | To-day. | Same day last year. |
|---|---|---|
| ago ... | 19,000 | 17,000 |
| ... | 65,000 | 60,000 |

## DIARY.

mingham v. Boyd; Lynch v. Smyth; Altamonte Organ Fund and Romilly's v. Boylan; O'Neill v. Markey; Arm- tters; Sharpe v. Armstrong; Stokes ney; Coen v. Greally; J. and G. h, v. O'Donnell. On Notice—The missioners v. Benn; the Bank of ncan; Horan v. Brown; Hynes v. v. O'Connor and ors. (D. and T. ane v. same (E. and G. Stapleton); e (Michael Nuyk); the Hiberman Food.

MHAISTIR MHEASAIREACHTA. e Taxing Master's Office.)

hing, at 11 o'clock. Experts Taxa- minors, G.S., J. L. Burke and Co.; T. O'B. Kelly; Co's. Act and Belgo C. T. F. O'Connell Rooney; same; n v. Clarkin, H. Lemaer; Dun poration to Doyle, C. S. Doyle; Foley J. Liston; Hurley, decd., P. J. Reilly (a bankrupt), Boran and

anion, at 11 o'clock—A person of (G.S.), C. H. Denroche; Castle to Laverty, C. Laverty; Gallagher , O hEadhaigh and Prond; Watson Carruthers and Gamble.

EIG AN SCREDBOR.A. The Examiners' Office.)

(Room 115), at 11 o'clock—Fottrell cert. Strolling v. Eyre, sign cert.; or, diffe. E. Burke, decd., Corrigan ; Bryan v. Seymour, do.; Mulvany v. F. Hunter, decd., Price v. Kenley, do.; rroughs, diffe., M. Smith, decd., th, sign cert., C. Brazil, decd., eld; Munster and Leinster Bank, J. O'Connell, decds., O'Connor v. Ray, decd., Ray v. Halpin; Munster Bank, Ltd., v. McGreal.

(Room 105), at 11 o'clock—

ney.

(Room 16), at 11 o'clock—Maria

CONTROLLER OF INDUSTRIAL MMERCIAL PROPERTY. n square, Baile Atha Cliath.)

k—In the matter of an application Baldwins, Ltd., for the registra- ade Mark consisting of the words

BANKRUPTCY.

Registrar, at 11 o'clock—Arrangt. R. Cresswell; Burns, vch. ac., W. Keane, vch. acs., O'Meara and , vch. ac., J. Fitzgerald; Egan, an and Devine; O'Donnell, settle J. Fitzgerald; Flynn, ditto, ditto; ence, A. Cox.

RUN TALMHAN NA hEIREANN. the Irish Land Commission.)

Commissioner O'Shiel, B.L., Mr. Heavey and Mr. Commissioner 3, Upper Merrion street, at 11 Hearing—Applications of Margaret nus Cavanagh (2) (S. 44), Dublin, Richard Wood (S. 44), Cavan; XI. or S. 44), Kildare; C. W. r S. 44), ditto; Eugene McDermott Maynooth College (S. 44), ditto; XI. or S. 44), ditto; J. J. Greene John Matthews (S. 44), ditto; (S. 44), Meath; Peter Bonsbane M. J. Dignam (S. 44), Monaghan; (S. 44), ditto.

H LAND COMMISSION. Chambers, at 93 Marlon square.)

Jeffrey White, Chief Examiner, at A. Stoney (E. C. 8658).

ott, at 11 o'clock—Sir R. A. Coote e schedule.

UIREATHEAMHNAIS CHUARDA Queen's Court of Justice.)

Divitt, at Green Street Court- o'clock noon. Equity—Ellis v. judgment). Licensing Application Archbold. Appeals from District ient Long v. Michael Sogrue (to Campbell v. Mason, Workmen's ct, 1906—Gleeson (appellant), on and Pim, Ltd. (respondents); ants), H. and J. Martin, Ltd. Civil Action—Ivory v. Lucan ce Society (motion). Shannon, at Four Courts, at il Action—Kenny v. Murphy (for plication for Summary Judgment— ft; Woolf v. Manning. Equity— n a minor. Elections—Newman mentioned); O'Farrell v. M'Mahon ned); Failing v. Fallon (October, v. Cullen (625); Keogh v. Boylan old and anor. v. Gibney (1063); (1902); Leeson v. Grennan (409); ach (1/12/31). Appeal—Commis- thans v. Costello.

ARATHOIR CONTAE. e County Registrar.)

ck—Ryan v. Hanna, lay estate; , summons to proceed; Litton v. ents.

## N BANK CLERKSHIPS.

exam. 9 appointments were E COLLEGE, Stephen's Green, resume on Mon., Aug. 15. —(Advt.)

# GALWAY CONCLUDED.

## KNUCKLEDUSTER'S SUCCESS IN THE CHIEF EVENT.

THE Galway Hurdle, the chief race on the second day of the meeting, provided another very fine race, which was won by the top weight, Major Beamish's Knuckleduster, who beat Mrs. Croft's four-year-old, Sir Jonah, by three lengths. It was a truly run race, with nothing in the nature of a fluke entering into it at any stage, and unquestionably the best horse won. Still, it was a fine performance on the part of Sir Jonah, who was in receipt of only 2lb. from Knuckleduster.

**PETER III.'S FORWARD DISPLAY.**

The surprise of the race was the running of Peter III., who made the pace until approaching the last hurdle, where Slander momentarily looked like winning, but the two top weights soon raced past him, and on the flat Knuckleduster quickly asserted his superiority. He has been a very consistent horse, and among his victories was the Jubilee Hurdle at Manchester, where he beat a good-class field.

No one was successful in naming the winner of the tote double on the Plate and Hurdle, and the dividend of £67. 7s. 6d. went to the ticket that named Seaview and Peter III.

Knuckleduster was bred by Mr. O'Brien, of Lake Lodge, Glanmire, Co. Cork, and was bought as a yearling by his present owner.

**CUTTING-DOWN TACTICS.**

The field for the Corrib Hurdle was composed of very moderate horses, and it was won by Silver Sea, the property of a West of Ireland sportsman, Mr. T. Wilcox, who patronises most of the meetings in this part of the country. Silver Sea is a grey filly by Grey Admiral, and, her rider adopting cutting-down tactics, she was in front from start to finish.

Ballymoe, who relinquished his engagement in the Galway Plate, was saddled instead for the Galway Blazers' Plate, and was made a strong favourite. In company with Irish Knight II., he was at the head of affairs for most of the way, but coming up the hill to the winning post the weight began to tell, and Irish Knight II., finishing gamely, beat him fairly comfortably. It was Ballymoe's first defeat out of seven races, and he has proved a valuable horse to Mr. J. M. Ennis, who keeps only a few horses in training.

Orange Girl outclassed her opponents in the King's Plate and continued a long run of successes achieved by J. Ruttle's stable this season. Carrick Lass, the winner of a flat race on Wednesday, was saddled again for from Ballymoe, and won easily by four lengths; a bad third. Red Nell was fourth. Hebrew fell at the last fence.

**3.15—GALWAY HURDLE RACE** of 300 sovs. Second, 45 sovs.; third, 30 sovs. A handicap hurdle race. 2 m.

Major H. D. Beamish's ch. g. KNUCKLEDUSTER, by Iron Hand—Lake Lass, 6, 12-7 ... Mr. F. E. McKeever 1

Mrs. Croft's SIR JONAH, 4, 12-5 ...W. O'Grady 2

Miss Phil. Ryan's PETER III., 6, 9-11 ... P. Graham 3

Miss B. V. Harris's Homeward Flight, 6, 11-1 ... Mr. A. Harris 0

Mr. M. Fogarty's Golden George, 6, 12-1 ... C. Graham 0

Mr. R. Gorey's Slander, 5, 10-12 (car. 11-2) ... D. Kirwan 0

Mr. A. Barry's Tuborg, a, 10-8 ..... C. Donnelly 0

Mr. M. O'Flaherty's Golden Dawn, 5, 10-1 ... Mr. J. Mangan 0

Mr. M. Flynn's Sweet As Honey, 4, 10-1 ... K. Lenehan 0

Mr. D. P. O'Brien's Betty R., a, 9-9 P. Kinsella 0

Mrs. M. O'Regan's Strolling Witch, 6, 9-9 ... A. Thompson 0

Mr. E. Delany's Bachelor's Dieu, a, 9-12 ... S. Regan 0

(Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—5 to 2 agst. Sir Jonah, 7 to 2 KNUCKLEDUSTER, 7 to 1 each Tuborg, Peter III. and Golden Dawn, 10 to 1 each Sweet As Honey, Betty R., Strolling Witch and Golden George, 20 to 1 Homeward Flight, 50 to 1 each Slander and Bachelor's Dieu.

Tote—Win, 12/-.

Peter III. settled down from Bachelor's Dieu, Slander, Knuckleduster, Sir Jonah, Golden George, Homeward Flight, Sweet as Honey, Tuborg and Betty R., for half-way, when Peter III. went on from Slander, Homeward Flight, Golden George, Betty R., Sir Jonah and Knuckleduster, with Tuborg at the head of the others. Three-quarters of a mile from home Slander took the lead, but Knuckleduster, coming through at the turn into the straight, came on from Sir Jonah and Peter III., to win by three lengths; five lengths, Strolling Witch was fourth, Betty R. fifth, Golden Dawn sixth, Slander seventh, Bachelor's Dieu eighth, Tuborg ninth, Homeward Flight tenth and Golden George next.

**3.45—HIS MAJESTY'S PLATE** of 100 guineas for the Galway Blazers' Plate, and was made a strong favourite. In company with Irish Knight II., he was at the head of affairs for most of the way, but coming up the hill to the winning post the weight began to tell, and Irish Knight II., finishing gamely, beat him fairly comfortably. It was Ballymoe's first defeat out of seven races, and he has proved a valuable horse to Mr. J. M. Ennis, who keeps only a few horses in training.

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Mr. A. Barry's Tuborg, a, 10-8 ..... C. Donnelly 0

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3.15—**

Grown in Ireland

ER'S

allow"

KEY

7 YEARS OLD.

better

est

S CUP.

S HIS WINNING

E.

the colours of Mr. J. B. Joel, to has been such a good servant since t him from Mr. Ussher some years old horse had shown himself to ds force to be reckoned with when ed close up in the Molyneux Stakes pool over a distance beyond his best, was a lot better handicapped here eral others, yet he was not favourite, veteran, Doch-an'-Doris, being t choice. Doch-an'-Doris ran race; for he headed Tag a moment after Lady Maderty ped out. It was only for a moment, and then Tag End resisted Baba t Mr. Storey's filly and Doch-an- a neck and a head.

wo-year-old racing did not work out record with expectations; for in the Wales's Stakes, with odds laid on d Derby's Hyperion, who had won and only dead-heat with Mr. Mc- Field's filly by Sansovino, out of tair, who was the outsider of the

DING PREFERRED.

Boyd-Rochfort could not fancy the n she brought off a 20 to 1 chance wn, as she had shown him nothing, was unplaced behind Myrobella cu course a few weeks ago. I suppose, of the offspring of Sansovino, the soft going. She was always going better, than the favourite, who ain to make the dead-

Son-in-Law filly owned by Mr. came from Manton with the repu- being better than her stable-com- reatly, which she was not. There better than either in the Rous Stakes. Mrs. Arthur James's who beat the pair by a length and ths, Cora appearing to fail to stay g. This Colorow is another son of who has now won all his three

ONS.

ing will not be quite so interesting when the Gordon Stakes look good USSI.

Chester Stakes may be won by

Myrobella nor Versicle run for the Stakes on account of the state of . This race, therefore, is now , and may be won by BROWN

ssau Stakes is for fillies, and I NNYCROSS to beat Blue Dust. don Stakes, the last race of the NCHMAHONE appears to have a

GALTEE MORE.

ORTING GOSSIP.

Holiday Meeting.

nd trainers should note that de- of runners for next Monday's Bal- ng must be made at the Registry 2 noon to-morrow (Saturday).

tlebagot Did Not Run.

s that the reason for Castlebagot g at Goodwood was that at Holy- he held up by the Customs authori- demanded £100 as the value of the £25 deposit.

lections for

DSTOWN

VLE &

PARK

& Prospects

orts on

ORING

NIS

F, &c.

FIELD

Price 2d.

VISIT STAND No. 26. R.D.S. HORSE SHOW

ain and Ireland), Ltd. GFI 71./



# IRISH HORSES ENTERED.

## THREE PREVIOUS WINNERS IN THE CESAREWITCH.

THE principal back-end handicaps, the Cesarewitch and Cambridgeshire, have obtained a little more support than was the case last year. The best staying blood in the country is represented in the Cesarewitch. Arctic Star, who won the race four years ago, is again nominated, as also is the 1929 winner, West Wicklow, and Ut Majeur, who was successful in 1930. Last year's winner, Noble Star, is now at the stud.

Two Irish-trained horses figure in the entry—namely, Cobequid and Mandritsara, while the Irish Oaks winner, Santaria, has been entered for both the Great Yorkshire Handicap and the Doncaster Cup.

The Aga Khan is the owner most strongly represented in the Cesarewitch with Ut Majeur, Bulandshar, Taj Kasra and Udaipur. The most interesting entry in the Cambridgeshire is Dastur, who finished second in the Derby and subsequently won the King Edward VII. Stakes at Ascot and the Irish Derby at the Curragh. His Majesty's colt, Limelight, also is engaged.

The weights are due for the Newmarket races on Thursday, September 1st, and the first acceptance on Tuesday, September 6.

### THE CESAREWITCH.

(Run Wednesday, October 12. 2½ m. 96 entries.)

| | Age. | | Age. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mac's Choice | 4 | Leonard | 6 |
| Popotte II. | 5 | Disarmament | 4 |
| Cobequid | 4 | Boutero | 4 |
| Blue Dun | 6 | Sandwich | 4 |
| Gay Ensign | 3 | Saint Reynard | 5 |
| Lord Nugent | 4 | Saphir | 4 |
| Castlederg | 4 | Sanity | 4 |
| Satrap II. | 3 | Air Pocket | 4 |
| First Principle | 4 | Tor | 5 |
| O San | 5 | Prince Oxendon | 4 |
| Bara | 6 | Townsputter | 3 |
| Eugene | 5 | Forum II. | 5 |
| Bob | 3 | King Stork | 4 |
| Huic Hollos | 3 | Blandcarna | 4 |
| Deerchall | 6 | Ut Majeur | 5 |
| Overall | 5 | Bulandshar | 4 |
| Willy P. | 5 | Taj Kasra | 3 |
| Epicure | 3 | Udaipur | 3 |
| Time Call | 4 | Orpen | 4 |
| Black Fox | 3 | Manbo | 4 |
| Third Degree | 4 | Arctic Star | a |
| Meidrum | 3 | Cheery Lad | 4 |
| Chelmarsh | 5 | Bestobel | 4 |
| The Stalker | 4 | Careful Sailor | 4 |
| Craig Park | 4 | Son of Mist | 5 |
| Mensaulite | 4 | Roi de Paris | 4 |
| Corn Belt | 4 | Brulette | 4 |
| Rickety Lassie | 4 | Claymore | 3 |
| Sigiri | 3 | Gainslaw | 3 |
| Rockliffe | 4 | Blue Vision | 5 |
| Joyous Greeting | 4 | E. B. Bennett | 3 |
| Scardroy | 5 | Guiscard | 4 |
| Codicil | 4 | Dictum | 4 |
| Sandy Lashes | 4 | Sandals | 5 |
| Bonny Brighteyes | 4 | Drintyre | 4 |
| Pomarrel | 5 | Pahokee | 4 |
| Prince Paradise | 5 | Red Abbot | a |
| Fireaway | 5 | Bill Fallech | 4 |
| Mr. J.B. | 6 | Summer Princess | 6 |
| Insurance | 5 | Rubicon II. | 6 |
| Niteichin | 4 | Rallysennion | a |
| West Wicklow | a | Mandritsara | 3 |

The following horses were entered in Paris:—Serreno, La Tour d'Auvergne, Rareweed, Bracken, Son Excellence, Saint Brian, Feu de Joie, King's County, Broadway Melody, Manaia, Bruledur, and Metz.

### THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE.

(Run Wednesday, October 26. 1 m. 1 f. 92 entries.)

| | Age. | | Age. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Limelight | 3 | Ladies' Chain | 4 |
| Lalee | 3 | Benencial | 3 |
| Santilio | 4 | The Greek | 3 |
| Link Boy | 4 | Pullover | 4 |
| Ingleasnt | 4 | Pat o' Mine | 5 |
| Andrea | 3 | Sea Cat | 4 |
| Eyes Front | 5 | Glannard | 3 |
| Rose en Soleil | 4 | Diolite | 5 |
| Hesperus | 3 | Galvani | 3 |
| Mowgli | 3 | Minden Boy | 3 |
| Thanouka | 3 | Seraph Boy | 3 |
| Autumn Tints | 5 | Phinae | 4 |
| Venturer | 4 | Hurom | 4 |
| Nitaichin | 4 | Wyvern | 4 |
| Old Riley | 3 | Short Hand | 3 |
| Lucelle | 5 | The Fen | 5 |
| Clogheen | 4 | Disarmament | 4 |
| Priory Court | 3 | Thermometer | 3 |
| Cockpen | 3 | Trinidad | 4 |
| Fonab | 5 | Blandcarna | 4 |
| Fickle | 3 | Wild Son | 4 |
| Erase | 5 | Dastur | 3 |
| Hill Cat | 4 | Firdnaust | 3 |
| Double Arch | 4 | Supper | 6 |
| Buckle | 4 | Prince Paradise | 5 |
| Chef de Musique | 3 | Tobasco | 3 |
| Galdennis | 5 | Abbots Worthy | 3 |
| Altuvial | 4 | Diamantee | 3 |
| Rear-Admiral | 3 | Cumbario | 3 |
| Scattercash | 4 | Apperley | 4 |
| Dorigen | 3 | Great Scot | 6 |
| Pricket | 4 | Pinnacle | 4 |
| Loaningdale | 3 | Totaig | 4 |
| Blue Dust | 3 | Bassenthwaite | 3 |
| Colorado Kid | 3 | Akhnaton | 4 |
| Rolling Rock | 3 | Yellow Cloud | 3 |
| Formentor | 4 | Becti | 3 |
| Sunset II. | 3 | Double Width | 3 |
| Coldstream | 4 | Royal Athlone | 4 |
| Evening Glory | 4 | Deadecagon | 3 |
| Ada Dear | 3 | Double Draw | 3 |
| Pharoah III. | 3 | Leicester Lane | 3 |
| St. Oswald | 3 | | |

The following horses were entered in Paris:—Bireh, Shred, Beaumontel, Fire Off, Lovelace, Feu de Joie and Bosphore.

### GREAT YORKSHIRE HANDICAP.

(Run at Doncaster, Tuesday, September 6. 1 m. 6 f. 132 yds.)

| | Age. | | Age. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Truncheon | 5 | Orpen | 4 |
| Creme Brulee | 4 | Gallic | 4 |
| Notice Board | 6 | Sandfield | 3 |
| Shell Transport | 4 | Rock Star | 5 |
| Pickle | 4 | Chorist | 6 |
| Fairy Friend | 4 | Denbigh | 3 |
| Philippos | 4 | Insurance | 5 |
| Epicure | 3 | Corn Bell | 4 |
| Overall | 5 | Brulette | 4 |
| Beau-Frere | 3 | Evening Glory | 4 |
| Roi de Paris | 4 | Pard | a |
| Tempus Fugit | 4 | Quarter Sessions | a |
| Buoyant Bachelor | a | Codicil | 4 |
| Downpatter | 3 | Grease Paint | 6 |
| Servus | a | Cat o' Nine Tails | a |
| Ut Majeur | 5 | Saphir | 4 |
| Bulandshar | 4 | Slieve Brack | a |
| Taj Kasra | 3 | Santaria | 3 |

### DONCASTER CUP.

(Run Friday, September 9. 2 m. 1 f.)

| | Age. | | Age. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Creme Brulee | 4 | Nitaichin | 4 |
| Sandfield | 3 | Ut Majeur | 5 |
| Shell Transport | 4 | Taj Kasra | 3 |
| Disarmament | 4 | Sandwich | 4 |
| Vamps | 4 | Gainslaw | 3 |
| Foxhunter | 3 | Gay Ensign | 3 |
| Escopo | 4 | Brown Jack | a |
| Santaria | 3 | Mail Fist | a |
| Salmon Leap | 5 | Epicure | 3 |

# GOODWOOD RESULTS.

2.30—**CRAVEN STAKES (HANDICAP)** of 6 sovs. each, with 300 sovs. added. Three years old. 1¼ m.

Mrs. E. Arnold's ch. f. ARENA, by Foxlaw—Lady Lorna. 9-11 ..... C. Richards 1
Sir L. Brassey's HUMERUS, 7-4 ..... Sirett 2
His Majesty's FOX EARTH, 7-8 ..... G. Richards 3
Also ran—Gay Ensign (R. Carslake), Solomon's Seal (R. Dick), Diamantee (J. Dines), Abbot's Ferry (T. Weston), Heloise (F. Lane), Tetramarte (F. Fox), Rightene (T. Lowrey), Tabasco (B. Lynch). Off 1.54. (Winner trained by G. Todd.)

Betting—5 to 1 each Heloise and Humerus, 6 to 1 each ARENA and Solomon's Seal, 7 to 1 Fox Earth, 8 to 1 Rightene, 10 to 1 Diamantee, 100 to 8 Tretmarte, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by five lengths; four lengths. Rightene was fourth and Diamantee last.

2.15—**SINGLETON HANDICAP.** A Sweepstakes of 6 sovs. each, with 400 sovs. added. 5 f.

Mr. J. B. Joel's ST F, TAG END, by Tagrag—Short Line. 8-9 ..... B. Carslake 1
Mr. J. G. Storey's BABA, 7-11 ..... Sirett 2
Mr. N. B. Leach's DOCH-AN-DORIS, a. 9-5 ..... A. Wragg 3

Also ran—Morstome (R. Rosen), Greenore (H. Wragg), Golden Legend (J. Childs), Lady Maderty (F. Lane), Nust (R. Dick), Diamalt (C. Richards), Grand Peace (F. Rickaby), Connemara Rose (F. Fox), Stranlero (T. Weston), Presendas (G. Richards), Vaincu (F. Hunter), Dream Water (W. Rickaby). Off 2.18. (Winner trained by C. Peck.)

Betting—5 to 1 agst. Doch-an-Doris, 9 to 1 each TAG END, Grand Peace and Presendas, 10 to 1 Greenore, 100 to 9 Lady Maderty, 100 to 8 each Baba, Golden Legend and Nust, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by a neck; a head. Stranlero was fourth and Golden Legend last.

3.0—**GOODWOOD CUP,** a sweepstakes of £1,150. About 2 m. 5f.

Lord Woolavington's b. m. BRULETTE, by Bruleur—Seaweed, 4, 9-4 ..... G. Richards 1
Sir H. Werner's br. g. BROWN JACK, by Jackdaw—Querquidella, 8 a. 9-11 ..... S. Donoghue 2
H.H. Aga Khan's b. h. UT MAJEUR, by Ksar—Uganda, 5, 9-6 ..... Y. Childs 3
Lord Astor's Creme Brulee, 4, 9-2 ..... R. Dick 0
Lady Z. Wernher's Mail Fist, a, 8-4 P. Donoghue 0
Off 3.2. (Winner trained by F. Darling.)

Betting—9 to 4 each agst. Brown Jack and Ut Majeur, 5 to 2 BRULETTE, 9 to 1 Creme Brulee, 200 to 1 Mail Fist.

**THE RACE.**

On settling down, Mail Fist cut out the work from Brown Jack and Ut Majeur, Creme Brulee being the whipper-in. At the turn out of the straight Mail Fist was in front of Brown Jack and Brulette, with Ut Majeur last, and the field was then lost in the mist. On coming into view again in the straight Brown Jack was leading from Brulette and Ut Majeur, Brulette took the measure of Brown Jack at the distance, and quickly drawing away won easily by four lengths; ten lengths separated second and third. Creme Brulee, fifteen lengths away, was fourth, and Mail Fist tailed off last. Time—5 minutes, 3-5 secs.

3.30—**PRINCE OF WALES'S STAKES** of 200 sovs. each. Two years old. 6 f.

Lord Derby's ch. c. HYPERION, by Gainsborough—Selene, 9-0 ..... F. Weston 1
Mr. M. Field's SANCY STAIR F., by Sansovino, 8-11 ..... H. Besley 2
Lord Harewood's HAYSTACK, 9-0 ..... J. Childs 3

Stakes divided.

Also ran—Montrose (G. Richards).

Hyperion trained by Hon. G. Lambton; Nancy Stair F. trained by Boyd-Rochfort). Off 3.32.

Betting—6 to 4 on HYPERION, 2 to 1 agst. Montrose, 100 to 8 NANCY STAIR F., 100 to 6 Haystack.

Dead-heat; three lengths.

4.0—**DRAYTON HANDICAP,** a sweepstake of 10 sovs. each, with 500 sovs. added. 1 m.

Captain A. Jameson's b. c. DOUBLE ARCH, by Archibald—Incheat, 3, 8-5 ..... F. Fox 2
Lord Abergavenny's KNIGHT OF THE VALE, 5, 7-8 ..... F. Fox 2
Mr. A. F. Basset's DOCTOR DOLITTLE, 4, 9-3 ..... T. Barber 3

Also ran—Thorndean (F. Lane), Scattercash (J. Sirett), Fonab (G. Richards), Croisade (F. Hunter), Winslittle (W. Rickaby), Bright Spark (E. Smith). Off 4.2. (Winner trained by C. Leader.)

Betting—11 to 10 agst. Fonab, 7 to 2 DOUBLE ARCH, 6 to 1 Knight of the Vale, 100 to 9 Thorndean, 100 to 7 each Bright Spark, Doctor Dolittle, and Scattercash, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by a length and a half; same. Fonab was fourth and Thorndean last.

4.30—**ROUS MEMORIAL STAKES** of £1,320 to winner. Two years old. 6 f.

Mrs. A. Jaumes's ch. c. COLOROW by Colorado—Picardel, 9-5 ..... W. Nevett 1
Mr. G. H. Deane's BREAFFY, 8-12 ..... R. Dick 2
Mr. S. Tattersall's CURA, 8-2 ..... C. Richards 3

Also ran—Rossetti (G. Richards), Cymran (F. Rickaby), Palla (M. Beary), Chatelaine (F. Fox). Off 4.31. (Winner trained by Hon. G. Lambton.)

Betting—9 to 4 agst. Cura, 5 to 2 COLOROW 100 to 30 Breaffy, 10 to 1 Opera King, 100 to 8 each Palla and Rossetti, 33 to 1 Chatelaine.

Won by a length; three lengths. Chatelaine was fourth and Opera King last.

# WORCESTER RESULTS

2.30—**ELMLEY SELLING PLATE** of 110 sovs. 6f.

Mr. J. Gresson's b. f. SASKATOON, by Junior—Magical Music, 3, 9-11 ..... F. Forsyth 1
Mr. A. G. Whiteman's SCARLET FLY, a. 9-11 ..... H. Packham 2
Mr. H. J. Brueton's L'ODEON, a, 9-0 ..... A. Wragg 3

Also ran:—Sheerness (F. Field), Mickey Mouse (S. Ingham), Epicurus (H. Graves), First Light c. (B. Rook), Shillingford (G. Wild), Second Thoughts (T. Barber). Off 2.33. (Winner trained by Rimell.)

Betting—5 to 4 on SASKATOON, 7 to 2 agst. Scarlet Fly 100 to 8 each L'Odeon, Mickey Mouse, and Sheerness, 100 to 6 Second Thoughts filly, 33 to 1 any other.

Won by a neck; three-quarters of a neck. First Light colt last.

The winner was sold to Mr. J. Aitken for 120 gns.

3.0—**PITCHCROFT SELLING HANDICAP PLATE** of 110 sovs. 1m.

Mr. A. Savile's b. g. CO...ODIAN, by Perioscope—Icemond, 5, 7-12 ..... J. Caldwell 1
Mr. A. R. Boxall's SPRINT, 6, 8-4 ..... F. Field 2
Mr. M. Dollar's PROPER SEAL, 4, 7-1 T. Swaies 3

Also ran:—Ethics (W. Lister), Anchor Watch (T. Crabb), Blairmore (S. Wragg), Blutter (B. Rook), Indus (A. Smirke), Ten (W. Elliott), Liar (H. Graves), Marden (G. Hudson), Tons of Luck (A. Taylor). Off 3.0. (Winner trained by Hedgres.)

Betting—5 to 2 agst. Ten, 4 to 1 COLLODIAN, 9 to 2 Proper Seal, 7 to 1 each Sprint and Blairmore, 100 to 8 Ethics, 100 to 6 any other.

Shadow; 100 to 6 any other.

Won by three lengths; same. Ten was fourth and Anchor Watch last.

The winner was bought in for 150 gns.

3.30—**HINDLIP PLATE** of 110 sovs. Two years old. 5f.

Mrs. Garvie's ch. f. TIMEPIECE, by Tetrameter—Keep Time, 8-3 ..... S. Wragg 1
Mrs. C. Beatty's ALTISCOPE F., 8-3 W. Lister 2
Mrs. N. Roberts's OLIVER'S CORNER, 8-5 ..... T. Barber 3

Also ran:—Prince Manna (J. Brennan), Mother Superior c. (E. Forsyth), Holic Brigand (J. Collins), Marada (T. Barham), Coral Strand (F. Field), Cherry Brook I. (D. Rayson), Harefoot (I. Martin), Rich Kitty (J. Hine), Jackdaw's Favour (K. Robertson), Dark Lassie f. (E. Graves), Carthaxe (A. Smirke). Off 3.32. (Winner trained by Holland.)

Betting—Evens Altiscope f., 5 to 1 agst. TIMEPIECE, 6 to 1 Bold Brigand, 8 to 1 each Oliver's Corner and Carthaxe, 100 to 6 any other.

Won by two lengths; a short head. Bold Brigand was fourth and Harefoot f. last.

4.0—**CHELTUVELT WELTER STAKES** of 5 sovs each, with 100 sovs. added. 1 m. 3 f.

Mr. C. V. James's b. m. LINGERIE, by Junior —Tres Chic, 5, 9-1 ..... J. Collins 1
Lord Cavan's JUNIPER, 8, 8-5 ..... C. Herbert 2
Mr. W. Hammett's BACH, 4, 9-12 ..... J. Marshall 3

Also ran:—Giant's Castle (J. Brennan), Ju Jor (H. Graves), Ottawa Conference (T. Weston), Powder Monkey (C. Bowdall). Off 5.0. (Winner trained by Templeman.)

Betting—6 to 4 agst. LINGERIE, 7 to 4 Bach, 11 to 4 Juniper, 25 to 1 any other.

Tote 2/-)—Win, 4/9; places, 2/3, 2/3, 2/3.

Won by three lengths; a head. Ottawa Conference was fourth and Giant's Castle last.

**TOTALISATOR DAILY DOUBLE** (10/- stake)—Timepiece and Mrs Cars—Win dividend £48 10/-. Win pool total, £969 10/-. Five winning tickets.

## WORK AT THE CURRAGH.

*THE CURRAGH, Thursday.*

The morning was dull and cold.

BEHAN'S Call Him, Gold Amulet, Glimahirk, Garran, Braid, Maiona, Ulster Lily, Derrynaher, Bellarette, Rash Greek, Rose of Down, Gay Maid, and others of the Mountjoy Lodge team had long spells of healthy exercise.

COLLINS' Trapper, Jorio, Philippa, Tolka Rose, Slieve Donard, and the remainder of the Kinnegar string exercised in the vicinity of the home paddocks.

DOYLE'S Kildare's Pride, Shy Lad, Reilly Rose Gift, Yankee Lad, Knockeyon, and Night Rest exercised on the roads.

FETHERSTONHAUGH'S Flashing Eye galloped seven furlongs. Atlin, Tullycross, and Silver Threads travelled a mile and a half at a nice half-speed. Oracles, Cutty Sark, Comes, Clontol, and Mountgarret had road exercise.

HARTIGAN'S Dusky Chief, Tullyard, Bristol Fleet, Fairford, Improper Duchess, Mislaid, Monro, Alora, Rabbi, Girdle, Forfeit, Heronany, Bardley Lass, Adventure, and the remainder of the Ranelagh team had long bouts of healthy exercise.

PARKINSON'S Prince Prosper, Hornhead, Rockford and Yodelie cantered six furlongs.

SELECTIONS FOR TUAM.

Stewards' Plate—WANDERING WING.

Tuam Plate—ATLIN.

Flying Plate—LADY TAG.

Traders' Plate—FLASHING EYE.

Alberny Plate—SAUCY COUNTESS.

County Plate—TULLYCROSS.

## IRISH RED SETTER CLUB FIELD TRIALS.

The annual trials for pointers and setters were held over the Cloghan Moors, Co. Donegal, by kind permission of Mr. Knox Browne, on the 25th and 26th inst. The weather was showery, but the moors were in splendid condition, and birds were quite plentiful. There were enough hares to test the steadiness of the dogs and a nice westerly breeze favoured the trials. Entries in all classes were up on last year's, and the work of the dogs was excellent, especially in the International and Brace Stakes. The judges were Major-General Sir George Franks, K.C.B., and Mr. M. L. Colahan. The awards were as follows:—

**Derby Stake for Pointers and Setters (Puppies).**—1, Mr. Yeoward's (Wales) Irish setter, Cmyran Sally; 2, Mr. McMenamin's pointer, Cloghan Moorhen; 3, Lord Waterford's pointer, Curraghmore Banker; 4, Mr. Bennet's setter, Naong; 5, Mr. Recson's pointer, Paddy of Dromohaire; 6, Mr. McMenamin's setter, Corcam.

**Red Setter Stake (All-aged).**—1, Mr. Patterson's Sir Tom Blue Gorse; 2, Mr. Richardson's Drin nagh Darby; 3, Mr. Disney's Kevin of Boyne.

**International Stake for Pointers and Setters.**—1, Mr. Yeoward's (Wales) Irish setter, Cmyran Barberry; 2, Major O'Kelly's setter, Kernagh; 3, Mr. McMenamin's pointer, Fidelis.

**Brace Stake, Pointers and Setters.**—1, Major O'Kelly's setters, Ch. Glipin and dual Ch. Heatherie's Gair; 2, Mr. Bowen's setters, E. T. Ch. Miss Chips and Allagh; reserve, Mr. Richardson's setters, Drinnagh Chieftain and Drimnagh Jill.

**OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.**

Richmond Selling Handicap, Catterick—Fuel.
Holloway Handicap, Alexandra Park—Compromission.
All engagements—Flaunt Chief (dead).

*GREYHOUND RACING.*

## HAROLD'S CROSS RESULTS.

### FATHER AVIC RETURNS TO FORM.

FATHER AVIC regained winning form last night when, at Harold's Cross Park, he won the Leinster Plate after a close finish with the favourite, Fertagh Bridge. Border Dash atoned for a recent failure by winning the Munster Plate, but it was only by a length he beat Pleasant Memories, who was making up a lot of ground in the straight. Details:—

**ULSTER PLATE**—HELEN'S HE HAY (5), 6 to 1, 1; HUXLEY (4), 6 to 4, 2; TURTLE SOUP (1), 5 to 2, 3. Also ran—Biddy the Rover (2), 5 to 2; Prince Palatine (6), 7 to 1. Maggie's Mott (3), 7 to 1. 2 l.; same. 31.37 secs.

**METROPOLITAN HURDLE**—NOCTURNALIST (5), 7 to 4, 1; TORONTO TIM (1), 5 to 2, 2; GOLDEN BOY (4), 4 to 1, 3. Also ran—Coney Catch (3), 3 to 1. 1½ l.; 1 l. 33.54 secs.

**LEINSTER PLATE**—FATHER AVIC (4), 7 to 2, 1; FERTAGH BRIDGE (1), 5 to 4, 2; LITTLEBOROUGH (5), 6 to 1, 3. Also ran—Golden Prince (3), 6 to 1; Roving Star (2), 7 to 1; Puxetochia (6), 7 to 2. Neck; 3 l. 31.00 secs.

**MUNSTER PLATE**—BORDER DASH (4), 6 to 4, 1; PLEASANT MEMORIES (2), 4 to 1, 2; MAKE THE WAY (5), 4 to 1, 3. Also ran—Classic Dick (1), 3 to 1; Wanamaker (3), 6 to 1; Cappalagh Lass (6), 6 to 1. 1 l.; ¾ l. 31.16 secs.

**MIDLAND HURDLE** — BALLYMAGAN (3), evens, 1; STATE OFFICER (4), 3 to 1, 2; LEGAL TENDER (6), 4 to 1, 3. Also ran:—Desart Hall (1), 3 to 1. A distance; 4l. 33.06 secs.

**SPRINT PLAT,** 320 yards—CUREL UP (3), 5 to 4 on, 1; HOLMAN (1), 6 to 1, 2; SNATCHER (2), 2 to 1, 3. Also ran:—Soldier Laddie (5), 10 to 1; Colleen's Guide (4), 10 to 1; Rockery (6), 7 to 1. A head; ¾l. 19·57 secs.

**LIFFEY PLATE**—HISTOLOGY (3), 3 to 1, 1; KEEP BOORING (6), 3 to 1, 2; BIG RANGER (2), 4 to 1, 3. Also ran:—Poor Ireland (5), 8 to 1; Coming Way (4), 2 to 1; Larry's Dass (1), 2 to 1. One length; 1¼l. 31.30 secs.

### TO-NIGHT'S PROGRAMME.

8.15—**ULSTER PLATE,** 525 yards—Blue Jack, Flowers of June, Coming Crisis, Hearty Fellow, Curel Up. Subs.—Country Grove, County Kerry.

8.30—**GRAND NATIONAL TRIAL HURDLE,** 525 yards—Kordova, Tail Fine, Glencanane Dan, Fertagh Laddie. Subs.—Banana King, Rival Star.

8.45—**TAILTEANN CUP,** 525 yards—Final—Go Tray, Hopeful Cutlet, Master Seamus, Jazz Jet.

9.0—**MUNSTER PLATE,** 525 yards—Haifiong, Regular Marble, Golden Melody, Racine, Grat, War Bard. Subs.—Wise Lad, Country Grove.

9.15—**MIDLAND HURDLE,** 525 yards—Nearer the Pines, Rathganiy, Cutlets Doonane, Strayed Heather. Subs.—Ballymagan, Cobbler's Job.

9.30—**SPRINT (FLAT),** 330 yards—Bucharest, Snatcher, Korsal, Cutlet Beg, Midnight News, Gentleman Jack. Subs.—Glenstal Foam, Sanford Hill.

9.45—**LIFFEY PLATE,** 525 yards—Driving Hammer, Hill Spinner, Kempesdyery Fashion, Paska, Ringwood, Richer Rover. Subs.—Brown Haired Betty, Careless Artist.

### CORK—TO-NIGHT.

8.15—**FERMOY STAKES,** 525 yards—Bronze Witch, Dixie Lee, Dainty Footsteps, Trianna. Shop Girl, Lee Lassie. Subs.—Front Door, Maglin Hill.

8.30—**COBH HURDLE,** 550 yards—Chestnut Street, Wait for Pay, Kilbeg Boy, Nirvagha. Subs.—Heavy Charger, Brave Baitler.

8.45—**SOUTHERN STAKES,** 350 yards—Rallybeg Rover, Night Sign, Kirkland, Gambling Hand, Inchdown Queen, Hurtful. Subs.—Over Courtly, Nubian.

9.0—**BALLINCOLLIG STAKES,** 525 yards—Double Cheerful, Eldorado Jim, Knight of the Vale, Another Hill, Oseph, Mudlark. Subs.—Cloverhill Champion, Carrigeen Light.

9.15—**MALLOW HURDLE,** 525 yards—Regular Rake, Slim Jack, Black Port, Shournaght Pride. Subs.—Sea Shell, Leemount.

9.30—**MARINA SPRINT,** 350 yards—Joyful Lady, Corrohue Ranger, First Principle, Ben Rhue, Oridina Deputy, Shaun Donal. Subs.—Ocean Lover, Funcheon Breeze.

### TRALEE—TO-NIGHT.

First Race—Gin and Pep, The Crowner, Clunagh Spiffy, Grouse Hall Hero, Kodak Lass, Swindled Again. Substitute—Fancy Vera.

Third Race—Nimble, Rude Awakening, Dromadda More, Mountain Hunter, Man at the Brake, Duncannon Bridge.

Fifth Race—Turtle Dodge—Baby Gin, Mackintosh, Cavalcade, Flower of Vengeance. Substitutes—Could You Beat It, Winter Royal.

Sixth Race—Lady Swell, Winning Battle, Rowan Hill, Handy Note, Deodate.

Fifth Race—Cherry Pride, Zig Zag, Stealaway's Last, Mallacey Boy, Glen Rose. Objection.

Sixth Race (Sprint)—Syndic, Mooching Mick, Finuge Convict, Ahafouna, Slacker.

### CELTIC PARK—TO-NIGHT.

7.50.—Broadway Hurdle (375 yards)—Moohane Boy, Go Careless, Glen Law, Ocean Wire. Subs.—Burnside Boy, Billy Begs.

8.15—Handicap (375 yards)—Hilstime, Slieve Douglas, Cornafulla, Woodland Rover, Coreen Maid, Scotch Fancy. Subs.—Myroe Mick, Bubble.

8.30—Handicap (550 yards)—Neat Neat—Greeby Hill, (acr.), 5 to 4 on, 1 (5 yds.); Silver Thorn (7), Mardel (8), Jerry Wangle (9), Gurerty's Gorse (9).

8.45—Mallusk Stakes (525 yards)—Myroe Marmite, Camross Boy, State Your Boots, Ronnie Mac, Comber, Pegalong. Subs.—Ball of Malt, He.

9.0—Maiden Hurdle (525 yards)—Bright Laddie, Jumping Monarch, Ballyratilhan, Great Gusto. Subs.—Big Dependence, McManus.

9.15—Celtic Handicap (525 yards)—Mosk (2) Ballybonia (5), Burnbrite (8), Porlach Emon (9), Odd Blanco (11), Land of the Hopeless (12).

9.30—Shandon Selling Plate (525 yards)—Contrary Captain (1), Ring Em Up (3), Rory Og (9), Lislap Billy (9), Bushmills Boy (10), Courtney Hill (12).

9.45—Shandon Hurdle (525 yards)—Imps' Admiron Boy, Churchwell Water, Carnan Bridge. Subs.—Tavis Pride, Knockmore Castle.

### DUNDALK—TO-NIGHT.

8.0—325 Yards Flat—Camlough Hope, Laughing Vamp, Modele, Black Dancer, Black Law; Juicer. Subs.—Coney Street, Midnight Rattles.

525 Yards Hurdles—Tull Pine, Savor's Double, Yellow Flash, Corliss Lass, Scotch Fancy, Flying Last Ballybinaby Boy.

525 Yards Flat—Our Prince, Caty, Self Help, The O'Mahony, Lively Force, Whiddy. Subs.—Cheerful Peader, Dancing Beauty.

525 Yards Flat—Maisie's Darling, Wonder Mist, Colonel John, Mickey's Joy, Miss Littleborough, Camlough Dope. Subs.—Fair Coas, Tubberona Star.

525 Yards Hurdles—Little Danube, Fowler's Lad, Dribble On, Kiddington Rattler. Subs.—Knockbride Lassie, Barronstown Champion.

525 Yards Flat—Mashie, Drumlean, Lady Privol, The Link, Steady Maggie, Am I Blue. Subs.—Fancy's Treasure, Miss Elaine.

**CLONMEL RESULTS.**

Tommy H. (3/1), Rigadoon Again (3/1), Barronstown (6/4 on), Silevenamon Prince (4/1), Bonnie Kid (4/1), Artful Jest (5/2), Sandy Lassie (evens).

*POLO.*

## CAPTAIN CHAYTOR SCORES FIVE GOALS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| WHITES | 7 | REDS | 5 |

The match at the A.I.P.C., Phœnix Park, yesterday was more in the nature of a practice, there was so much chopping and changing. For the first three chukkas the teams played as selected, but afterwards there was some cutting in by new players and changing of sides. Captain Chaytor played a sparkling game for the winners and scored five of their goals.

In the first chukkar Mr. Usher scored for Reds, but Captain Chaytor equalised, and Mr. Martin put Whites ahead. In the second chukkar Captain Chaytor scored two goals, while in the third he got one goal in between goals by Mr. Larminie and Herr von Dehn. In the fourth period Captain Chaytor got another goal, as did Mr. Magee, and Major Kirkwood scored for the others. In the fifth period there was no score, while in the sixth Major Kirkwood got the only goal.

Whites—Mr. W. Magee, Captain J. D. G. Chaytor, Mr. J. J. Durack and Mr. J. Martin (back).

Reds—Mr R. H. Usher, Herr von Dehn, Mr. J. P. A. Larminie and Major Kirkwood (back).

Umpire—Mr. E. S. Slocock.

*CRICKET.*

## ULSTER TEAM TO MEET M.C.C.

The Ulster team to play the M.C.C. side, captained by C. D. McIver, at Comber to-morrow is as follows:—F. Jackson (N.I.C.C.) (capt.), R. Alexander (N.I.C.C.), J. Barnes (Armagh and Trinity), R. A. Barr (Holywood), S. H. Carson (Lurgan), G. M. Crothers (Lisburn), A. C. Douglas (Collegians), Y. A. Metcalfe (N.I.C.C.), H. S. Morgan (North Down), W. McCleery (Woodvale) and J. Ritchie (N.I.C.C.).

## NO PLAY IN TEST TRIAL.

The Test trial match at Cardiff yesterday was held up by rain, which also prevented play in the matches between Sussex and Derby at Hove, Surrey and Gloucester at the Oval, Essex and Glamorgan at Clacton, and Hants and Worcester at Bournemouth.

At Worksop, Notts, 185 and 219 for 5 (Walker 117); Northants, 166.

At Newcastle, All-India, 101 and 138 for 8, declared; Northumberland, 143 and 45 for 2.

CRICKET.—For interesting Notes and Reports of all important matches read "THE IRISH FIELD." Published every Saturday. Price 2d.—(Advt.)

*ROWING.*

## CARLOW REGATTA.

The results at Carlow regatta yesterday were:—Barrow Cup (Senior Fours)—New Ross won; Carlow boat capsized.

Maiden Eights—Waterford beat New Ross by half a length.

President's Cup—Waterford B beat Waterford A by one length.

**SWIMMING EVENTS.**

Boys' 50 Yards (over 13)—J. Prendergast, 1; J. O'Neill, 2.

Open Diving—W. Coppinger (Waterford), 1; J. Liston (Carlow), 2.

Ladies' 50 Yards (Championship of the Barrow)—Miss Stella Bolger (Carlow), 1; Miss E. Bolger (Maryborough), 2.

50 Yards Breast-stroke—W. Coppinger (Waterford), 1; John O'Neill (Carlow), 2; J. O'Sullivan (Carlow), 3.

Men's (Championship of the Barrow)—E. A. Canlon (Carlow), 1; J. Liston (Carlow), 2.

FLAT RACING SEASON.

Programmes for all Irish Meetings and for principal English Meetings for one week from day of issue appear in "THE IRISH FIELD." Published every Saturday. Price 2d. Subscription Terms—Yearly, 25/-; Half-Yearly, 6/6 (Post Free). Head Office, 11 D'Olier street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

*LAWN TENNIS.*

# CO. KILDARE TITLES.

## SINGLES SEMI-FINALISTS AT THE CURRAGH.

YESTERDAY was the first really fine day for the Co. Kildare Championships, which were continued at the Curragh. M. O'Reilly, M. H. Toppin, J. Flood, and A. Hamilton qualified for the semi-final of the Men's Singles, and will meet in that order. Though they both played well, Toppin and Hamilton were given good games by E. S. Tweedy and T. Flood, respectively. In the Women's Singles Miss Craig played far better than a score of 6-0, 6-1 represents, and Mrs. Mainguy's ste

# IRISH HORSES ENTERED.

## THREE PREVIOUS WINNERS IN THE CESAREWITCH.

THE principal back-end handicaps, the Cesarewitch and Cambridgeshire, have obtained a little more support than was the case last year. The best staying blood in the country is represented in the Cesarewitch. Arctic Star, who won the race four years ago, is again nominated, as also is the 1929 winner, West Wicklow, and Ut Majeur, who was successful in 1930. Last year's winner, Noble Star, is now at the stud.

Two Irish-trained horses figure in the entry—namely, Cobequid and Mandritsara, while the Irish Oaks winner, Santaria, has been entered for both the Great Yorkshire Handicap and the Doncaster Cup.

The Aga Khan is the owner most strongly represented in the Cesarewitch with Ut Majeur, Bulandshar, Taj Kasra and Udaipur. The most interesting entry in the Cambridgeshire is Dastur, who finished second in the Derby and subsequently won the King Edward VII. Stakes at Ascot and the Irish Derby at the Curragh. His Majesty's colt, Limelight, also is engaged.

The weights are due for the Newmarket races on Thursday, September 1st, and the first acceptance on Tuesday, September 6.

### THE CESAREWITCH.

(Run Wednesday, October 12. 2¼ m. 96 entries.)

| | Age. | | Age. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mac's Choice | 4 | Leonard | 5 |
| Popotte II. | 5 | Disarmament | 4 |
| Cobequid | 4 | Rosiero | a |
| Blue Dot | 6 | Sandwich | 4 |
| Gay Ensign | 3 | Saint Reynard | a |
| Lord Nugent | 4 | Saphir | 4 |
| Castlederg | a | Sanity | 4 |
| Satrap II. | 3 | Air Pocket | 4 |
| First Principle | 4 | Tor | a |
| O San | 5 | Prince Oxendon | 4 |
| Barn | 4 | Iownaputter | 5 |
| Eugene | 5 | Forum II. | 5 |
| Bob | 3 | King Stork | 4 |
| Hue Hollon | a | Blandcarna | 4 |
| Essexhall | 6 | Ut Majeur | 5 |
| Overall | 5 | Bulandshar | 3 |
| Willy P. | 5 | Taj Kasra | 3 |
| Epicure | 3 | Udaipur | 3 |
| Time Call | 3 | Orpen | 4 |
| Black Fox | 3 | Manbo | 4 |
| Third Degree | 4 | Arctic Star | 7 |
| Meldrum | 3 | Cheery Lad | 4 |
| Cheimarsh | 5 | Bestobel | 4 |
| The Stalker | 4 | Careful Sailor | a |
| Craig Park | 5 | Son of Mint | 5 |
| Mensualite | 4 | Roi de Paris | 4 |
| Corn Belt | 4 | Brulette | 4 |
| Rickety Lassie | 4 | Claymore | 4 |
| Sigiri | 3 | Gainsinaw | 3 |
| Rockliffe | 4 | Blue Vision | 5 |
| Joyous Greeting | 4 | R. B. Bennett | 3 |
| Scardroy | 5 | Guiscard | 4 |
| Codicil | 4 | Dictum | 4 |
| Sandy Lashes | 4 | Sandals | a |
| Bonny Brighteyes | 4 | Drintyre | a |
| Pomarrel | 5 | Pahokee | 4 |
| Prince Paradise | 5 | Red Abbot | a |
| Fireaway | 5 | Bill Falloch | 4 |
| Mr. J.B. | 6 | Summer Princess | 6 |
| Insurance | 5 | Rubicon II. | 6 |
| Nitsichin | 4 | Ballyscanlon | a |
| West Wicklow | 5 | Mandritsara | 3 |

The following horses were entered in Paris:—Serceno, La Tour d'Auvergne, Rareweed, Bracken, Son Excellence, Saint Brieg, Feu de Joie, King's County, Broadway Melody, Manaia, Brulerdur, and Metz.

### THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE.

(Run Wednesday, October 26. 1 m. 1 f. 92 entries.)

| | Age. | | Age. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Limelight | 3 | Ladies' Chain | 4 |
| Lato | 3 | Benencial | 4 |
| Santillo | 4 | The Greek | 3 |
| Link Boy | 4 | Pullover | 3 |
| Inglesant | 4 | Pai o' Mine | 5 |
| Andrea | 3 | Sea Cat | 4 |
| Eyes Front | 5 | Glannarg | 3 |
| Rose en Soleil | 3 | Diolite | 4 |
| Hesperus | 3 | Galvani | 3 |
| Mowgli | 3 | Minden Boy | 3 |
| Thaouka | 3 | Seraph Boy | 4 |
| Autumn Tints | 5 | Philae | 4 |
| Venturer | 4 | Huron | 4 |
| Nitsichin | 4 | Wyvern | 3 |
| Old Riley | 3 | Short Hand | 3 |
| Lucelle | 5 | The Pen | 5 |
| Clogheen | 4 | Disarmament | 4 |
| Priory Court | 3 | Thermometer | 4 |
| Cockpen | 3 | Trinidad | 4 |
| Fonah | 3 | Blandcarna | 4 |
| Pickle | 3 | Wild Son | 4 |
| Erase | 3 | Dastur | 3 |
| Hill Cat | 4 | Firdaussi | 4 |
| Double Arch | 4 | Sipper | 3 |
| Buckle | 3 | Prince Paradise | 5 |
| Chef de Musique | 3 | Tabasco | 3 |
| Caldennas | 4 | Abbots Worthy | 4 |
| Alluvial | 4 | Diamantee | 3 |
| Rear-Admiral | 5 | Corolario | 3 |
| Scatterash | 4 | Apperley | 4 |
| Dorigen | 4 | Great Scot | 4 |
| Pricket | 4 | Pinnacle | 4 |
| Loaningdale | 3 | Totaig | 3 |
| Blue Dust | 3 | Bassenthwaite | 3 |
| Colorado Kid | 3 | Akhnaton | 4 |
| Rolling Rock | 3 | Yellow Cloud | 3 |
| Formentor | 4 | Beetl | 3 |
| Sunset II. | 3 | Double Width | 3 |
| Coldstream | 4 | Royal Athlone | 4 |
| Evening Glory | 4 | Dundecagon | 3 |
| Ada Dear | 3 | Double Draw | 3 |
| Pharaoh III. | 3 | Leicester Lane | 3 |
| St. Oswald | 4 | | |

The following horses were entered in Paris:—Biweh, Shred, Beaumontel, Fire Off, Lovelace, Feu de Joie and Bosphore.

### GREAT YORKSHIRE HANDICAP.

(Run at Doncaster, Tuesday, September 6. 1 m. 6 f. 132 yds.)

| | Age. | | Age. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Truncheon | 5 | Orpen | 4 |
| Creme Brulee | 4 | Gallic | 4 |
| Notice Board | 6 | Sandfield | 3 |
| Shell Transport | 4 | Taj Kasra | 5 |
| Pickle | 6 | Chorist | 4 |
| Sanity | 4 | Denbigh | 3 |
| Fairy Friend | 4 | Insurance | 5 |
| Phillippos | 4 | Corn Belt | 4 |
| Epicure | 3 | Sandals | 5 |
| Overall | 5 | Evening Glory | 4 |
| Rose-Frere | 3 | Pard | 4 |
| Roi de Paris | 4 | Quarter Sessions | 6 |
| Tempus Fugit | 4 | Codicil | 4 |
| Buoyant Bachelor | 4 | Grecian Paint | 5 |
| Iownaputter | 5 | Cat o' Nine Tails | 5 |
| Serous | 5 | Saphir | 4 |
| Ut Majeur | 5 | Slieve Brack | a |
| Bulandshar | 3 | Santaria | 3 |
| Taj Kasra | 3 | | |

### DONCASTER CUP.

(Run Friday, September 9. 2 m. 1 f.)

| | Age. | | Age. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Creme Brulee | 4 | Nitsichin | 4 |
| Sandfield | 3 | Ut Majeur | 5 |
| Shell Transport | 4 | Taj Kasra | 5 |
| Disarmament | 4 | Sandwich | 4 |
| Vanoc | 4 | Gainsinaw | 3 |
| Foxhunter | 3 | Gay Ensign | 3 |
| Jacopo | 4 | Brown Jack | a |
| Santaria | 3 | Mail First | a |
| Salmon Leap | 5 | Epicure | 3 |

# GOODWOOD RESULTS.

1.30—**GRAVEN STAKES (HANDICAP)** of 6 sovs. each, with 300 sovs. added. Three years old. 1¼ m.

Mrs. R. Arnold's ch. f. ARENA, by Foxlaw—Orena, 7-11 ..... C. Richards 1
Sir L. Brassey's HUMERUS, 7-4 ..... J. Sirett 2
His Majesty's FOX HARVEST, 8-4 ..... M. Beasley 3

Also ran—Gay Ensign (E. Carslake), Solomon's Seal (R. Dick), Diamantee (J. Dines), Abbot's Perry (T. Weston), Heliver (F. Lane), Tetramarte (F. Fox), Richtiene (T. Lowrey), Tabasco (B. Lynch). Off 1.34. (Winner trained by G. Todd.)

Betting—5 to 1 each Hidden and Humerus, 6 to 1 each ARENA and Solomon's Seal, 7 to 1 Fox Earth, 8 to 1 Richtiene, 10 to 1 Diamantee, 100 to 8 Tretmarte, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by five lengths; same length. Richtiene was fourth and Diamantee last.

2.15—**SINGLETON HANDICAP.** A Sweepstakes of 6 sovs. each, with 400 sovs. added. 5 f.

Mr. J. B. Joel's gr. g. TAG END, by Tagrag—Short Line. 5, 9-9 ..... B. Carslake 1
Mr. J. G. Storey's BABA, 4, 7-11 ..... J. Sirett 2
Mr. N. B. Leach's DOCH-AN-DORIS, a, 9-5 ..... A. Wragg 3

Also ran—Morstone (B. Rosen), Greenore (H. Wragg), Golden Legend (J. Childs), Lady Maderty (F. Lane), Nust (R. Dick), Diamski (G. Richards), Grand Peace (F. Rickaby), Connemara Rose (F. Fox), Straniero (T. Weston), Pressenda (G. Richards), Vainco (F. Hunter), Three Water (W. Rickaby). Off 2.18. (Winner trained by C. Peck.)

Betting—6 to 1 agst. Doch-an-Doris, 9 to 1 each TAG END, Grand Peace and Pressenda, 10 to 1 Greenore, 100 to 8 Lady Maderty, 100 to 8 each Straniero, Golden Legend and Nust, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by a neck; a head. Straniero was fourth and Golden Legend last.

3.0—**GOODWOOD CUP,** a sweepstakes of £1,150. About 2 m. 5 f.

Lord Woolavington's b. f. BRULETTE, by Bulgrade—Seaweed, 4, 9-0 ..... G. Richards 1
Sir H. Wernher's br. g. BROWN JACK, by Jackdaw—Querquidella, a, 9-11 ..... S. Donoghue 2
H.H. Aga Khan's b. h. UT MAJEUR, by Kizr—Mumtaz Begum, 5, 9-5 ..... J. Childs 3

Lord Astor's Creme Brulee, 4, 9-2 ..... R. Dick 0
Lady Z. Wernher's Mail First, a, 8-7 ..... S. Donoghue 0
Off 3.32. (Winner trained by F. Darling.)

Betting—9 to 4 each agst. Brown Jack and Ut Majeur, 5 to 2 BRULETTE, 9 to 1 Creme Brulee, 200 to 1 Mail First.

**THE RACE.**

On settling down, Mail First cut out the work from Brown Jack and Ut Majeur, Creme Brulee being the whipper-in. At the turn out of the straight Mail First was in front of Brown Jack and Brulette, with Ut Majeur last, and the field was then lost in the mist. On coming into view again in the straight Brown Jack was leading from Brulette and Ut Majeur. Brulette took the measure of Brown Jack at the distance, and quickly drawing away was eventually by four lengths; six lengths separated second and third. Creme Brulee, fifteen lengths away, was fourth, and Mail First tailed off last. Time—5 mins. 16 3-5 secs.

3.30—**PRINCE OF WALES'S STAKES** of 200 sovs. each. Two years old. 5 f.

Lord Derby's ch. c. HYPERION, by Gainsborough—Selene, 9-0 ..... T. Weston *
Mr. M. Field's NANCY STAIR F., by Sansovino, 8-11 ..... M. Beasley *
Lord Harewood's HAYSTACK, 9-0 ..... J. Childs 3

* Dead-heat. Stakes divided.

Also ran—Montrose (G. Richards), Wild Son (Hyperion trained by Hon. G. Lambton; Nancy Stair f. trained by Boyd-Rochfort.) Off 3.32. Betting—6 to 4 on HYPERION, 3 to 1 agst. Montrose, 100 to 8 NANCY STAIR F., 100 to 6 Haystack.

Dead-heat; three lengths.

4.0—**DRAYTON HANDICAP,** a sweepstake of 10 sovs. each, with 500 sovs. added. 1 m.

Captain A. Jameson's b. c. DOUBLE ARCH, by Arch-Gift—Twincat, 4, 8-9 ..... P. Donoghue 1
Lord Abergavenny's KNIGHT OF THE VALE, 5, 7-8 ..... F. Fox 2
Mr. A. F. Basset's DOCTOR DOLITTLE, 4, 9-8 ..... P. Beasley 3

Also ran—Thorndean (F. Lane), Scotticel (T. Weston), Sirett), Fonah (G. Richards), Croisade (F. Hunter), Winalittle (W. Rickaby), Bright Spark (C. Smith). Off 4.2. (Winner trained by C. Leader.)

Betting—11 to 10 agst. Fonah, 7 to 2 DOUBLE ARCH, 5 to 1 Doctor Dolittle, 8 to 1 Thorndean, 100 to 7 each Bright Spark, Doctor Dolittle and Scatterash. 20 to 1 any other.

Won by a length and a half; same. Fonah was fourth and Thorndean last.

4.30—**ROUS MEMORIAL STAKES** of £1,320 to winner. Two years old. 6 f.

Mrs. A. James's ch. c. COLOROW by Colorado—Picardel, 9-5 ..... T. Weston 1
Mr. G. H. Deane's BREAFFY, 9-13 ..... S. Donoghue 2
Mr. S. Tattersall's CURA, 8-2 ..... C. Richards 3

Also ran—Rossetti (G. Richards), Opera King (F. Rickaby), Palla (M. Beary), Dubloes (F. Fox). Off 4.31. (Winner trained by Hon. G. Lambton.)

Betting—9 to 4 agst. Cura, 5 to 2 COLOROW 100 to 30 Breaffy, 10 to 1 Opera King, 100 to 8 each Palla and Rossetti, 33 to 1 Chatelaine.

Won by a length; three lengths. Chatelaine was fourth and Opera King last.

# WORCESTER RESULTS

2.30—**ELMLEY SELLING PLATE** of 110 sovs. 6f.

Mr. W. J. Greeson's b. f. SASKATOON, by Junior—Magical Music, 4, 9-11 ..... E. Forsyth 1
Mr. A. G. Whiteman's SCARLET FLY, a, 9-11 ..... H. Packham 2

Also ran:—Sheerness (F. Field), Mickey Mouse (S. Ingham), Epicurus (H. Graves), First Light c. (B. Rook), Shillingford (G. Wild), Second Thoughts (T. Barber). Off 2.33. (Winner trained by Rimell.)

Betting—5 to 4 on SASKATOON, 7 to 2 agst. Scaries Fly 100 to 8 each L'Odeon, Mickey Mouse, and Sheerness, 100 to 6 Second Thoughts filly, 33 to 1 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 4/3; places, 2/3, 2/6, 3/3.

Won by a neck; three-quarters of a length. Mickey Mouse was fourth, and First Light colt last.

The winner was sold to Mr. J. Aitken for 120 gns.

3.0—**PITCHCROFT SELLING HANDICAP PLATE** of 110 sovs. 1¼ m.

Mr. A. Savile's b. c. COLODION, by Perioosteum—Icemond, 5, 7-12 ..... J. Caldwell 1
Mr. A. S. Boxall's SPRINT, 6, 8-4 ..... F. Field 2
Mr. T. Dollar's PROPER SAIL, 4, 7-17 ..... H. Swales 3

Also ran:—Ethics (W. Lister), Anchor Watch (T. Crabb), Blairmore (S. Wragg), Bluette (E. Rook), Indian Queen (A. Smirke), Ten (W. Elliott), Liar (H. Graves), Marden (G. Hudson), Tons of Luck (A. Taylor). Off 3.0. (Winner trained by Hedges.)

Betting—5 to 2 agst. Yen, 4 to 1 COLLODION, 9 to 2 Proper Seal, 7 to 1 each Sprint and Blairmore, 100 to 8 Ethics, 100 to 6 any other.

Tote (2/-)—Win, 9/6; places, 4/5, 13/5, 4/-.

Won by three lengths; same. Yen was fourth and Anchor Watch last.

The winner was bought in for 150 gns.

3.30—**HINDLIP PLATE** of 110 sovs. Two years old. 5 f.

Mrs. Garvie's ch. f. TIMEPIECE, by Tetratester—Keep Time, 8-5 ..... S. Wragg 1
Mrs. C. Beatty's ALTISCOPE V., 8-3 ..... W. Lister 2
Mrs. N. Roberts's OLIVER'S CORNER, 8-5 ..... T. Barber 3

Also ran:—Prince Manna (J. Brennan), Mother Superior c. (E. Forsyth), Holy Brigand (J. Collins), Manada (T. Rarliam), Coral Strand (T. Field), Cherry Brook f. (D. Rayson), Harefoot (I. Martin), Rich Kitty (J. Hine), Jackdaw's Favour (K. Robertson), Dark Lassie f. (H. Graves), Carthage (A. Smirke). Off 3.33. (Winner trained by Holland.)

Betting—Evens Altiscope f., 3 to 1 agst. TIMEPIECE, 6 to 1 Bold Brigand, 8 to 1 each Oliver's Corner and Carthage, 100 to 6 any other.

Tote (2/)—Win, 15/6; places, 3/-, 2/3, 4/9.

Won by two lengths; a short head. Bold Brigand was fourth and Harefoot f. last.

## WORK AT THE CURRAGH.

*THE CURRAGH, Thursday.*

The morning was dull and cold.

BEHAN'S Call Him, Gold Amulet, Glinsahirk, Garran, Strait, Matona, Ulster Lily, Derrynaher, Lellacette, Bash Greek, Rose of Down, Gay Maid, and others of the Mountjoy Lodge team had long bouts of healthy exercise.

COLLINS' Trapper, Forte, Philippa, Tolka Rose, Slieve Donard, and the remainder of the Kinneagh string exercised in the vicinity of the home paddocks.

DOYLE'S Kildare's Pride, Shy Lad, Reilly, Some Gift, Yankee Lad, Knockeyon, and Night Secret exercised on the roads.

FETHERSTONHAUGH'S Flashing Eye galloped seven furlongs. Atlin, Tullycross, and Silver Threads travelled a mile and a half at a nice half-speed. Oracles, Cutty Sark, Comes, Glentol, and Mountgarret had road exercise.

HARTIGAN'S Dusky Chief, Tullyard, Bristol Fleet, Fairford, Improper Duchess, Mislaid, Monro, Alora, Rabbi, Girdle, Forfeit, Herollany, Bardley, Last Adventure, and the remainder of the Roundhey team had long bouts of healthy exercise.

PARKINSON'S Prince Prosper, Hornhead, Rockford and Teddie cantered six furlongs.

SELECTIONS FOR TUAM.

Stewards' Plate—WANDERING WING.
Tuam Plate—ATLIN.
Flying Plate—LADY MAC.
Traders' Plate—FLASHING EYE.
Athenry Plate—SAUCY COUNTESS.
County Plate—TULLYCROSS.

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## IRISH RED SETTER CLUB FIELD TRIALS.

The annual trials for pointers and setters were held over the Cloghan Moors, Co. Donegal, by kind permission of Mr. Knox Browne, on the 25th and 26th inst. The weather was showery, but the moors were in splendid condition, and birds were quite plentiful. There were enough horses to test the steadiness of the dogs and a nice westerly breeze favoured the trials. Entries in all classes were up on last year's, and the work of the dogs was excellent, especially in the International and Brace Stakes. The judges were Major-General Sir George Franks, K.C.B., and Mr. M. L. Colahan. The awards were as follows:—

**Derby Stake for Pointers and Setters (Puppies).**—1, Mr. Yeoward's (Wales) Irish setter, Cmyran Sally; 2, Mr. McMenamin's pointer, Cloghan Moorhen; 3, Lord Waterford's pointer, Curraghmore Banker; 4, Mr. Bennet's setter, Nenagh; 5, Mr. Hewson's pointer, Paddy of Dromohaire; 6, Mr. McMenamin's setter, Corcam.

**Red Setter Stake (All-ages).**—1, Mr. Patterson's Dr. T. Ch. Rhu Gorse; 2, Mr. Richardson's Drimnagh Darby; 3, Mr. Disney's Kevin of Boyne.

**International Stake for Pointers and Setters.**—1, Mr. Yeoward's (Wales) setter, T. Ch. Cmyran Barbery; 2, Major O'Kelly's setter, Nenagh; 3, Mr. McMenamin's pointer, Fidelis.

**Brace Stake, Pointers and Setters.**—1, Major O'Kelly's setters, T. Ch. Glipia and dual Ch. Heatherie's Gair; 2, Mr. Bowen's setters, F. T. Ch. Miss Chine and Affiagh; reserve, Mr. Richardson's setters, Drimnagh Chieftain and Drimnagh Jill.

### OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

Richmond Selling Handicap, Catterick—Fuel.
Holloway Handicap, Alexandra Park—Compromission.
All engagements—Fianna Chief (dead).

*GREYHOUND RACING.*

## HAROLD'S CROSS RESULTS.

### FATHER AVIC RETURNS TO FORM.

FATHER AVIC regained winning form last night when, at Harold's Cross Park, he won the Leinster Plate after a close finish with the favourite, Fertagh Bridge. Border Dash atoned for a recent failure by winning the Munster Plate, but it was only by a length he beat Pleasant Memories, who was making up a lot of ground in the straight. Details:—

**ULSTER PLATE**—HELEN'S HE HAY (5), 6 to 1, 1; HUXLEY (4), 6 to 4, 2; TURTLE SOUP (1), 5 to 2, 3. Also ran—Biddy the Rover (2), 5 to 2; Prince Palatine (6), 7 to 1. Meggie's Mott (3), 7 to 1. 2¼, same. 31.37 secs.

**METROPOLITAN HURDLE**—NOCTURNALIST (6), 7 to 4, 1; TORONTO TIM (1), 5 to 2, 2; GOLDEN BOY (4), 4 to 1, 3. Also ran—Coney Catch (3), 5 to 1. 2¼, 1; 1¼. 33.34 secs.

**LEINSTER PLATE**—FATHER AVIC (4), 7 to 2, 1; FERTAGH BRIDGE (1), 5 to 4, 2; ATTLEBOROUGH (5), 6 to 1, 3. Also ran—Golden Prince (3), 6 to 1; Roving Star (2), 7 to 1; Paxetochia (6), 7 to 2. Neck; 2½. 31.00 secs.

**MUNSTER PLATE**—BORDER DASH (4), 6 to 4, 1; PLEASANT MEMORIES (2), 4 to 1, 2; MAKE THE WAY (5), 4 to 1, 3. Also ran—Classic Dick (1), 3 to 1; Wanamaker (3), 6 to 1; Cappalagh Lass (6), 6 to 1. 1½; ¾. 31.16 secs.

**MIDLAND HURDLE** — BALLYMAGAN (3), evens, 1; STATE OFFICER (4), 3 to 1, 2; LEGAL TENDER (6), 4 to 1, 3. Also ran:—Desart Hall (1), 3 to 1. A distance; 4l. 33.06 secs.

**SPRINT PLAT,** 350 yards—CUREL UP (3), 5 to 4 on, 1; HOLMAN (1), 6 to 1, 2; SNATCHER (2), 2 to 1, 3. Also ran—Soldier Laddie (5), 10 to 1; Colleen's Guide (4), 10 to 1; Rockery (6). 7 to 1. A head; ¾l. 19·57 secs.

**LIFFEY PLATE**—HISTOLOGY (3), 3 to 1, 1; KEEP BOOZING (6), 3 to 1, 2; BIG RANGER (2), 4 to 1, 3. Also ran:—Poor Ireland (5), 8 to 1; Coming Way (4), 2 to 1; Larry's Dass (1), 2 to 1. One length; 1¼l. 31.30 secs.

## TO-NIGHT'S PROGRAMME.

8.15—**ULSTER PLATE,** 525 yards—Blue Jack, Flowers of June, Coming Crisis, Hearty Fellow, Cured Up. Subs.—Country Grove, County Kerry.

8.30—**GRAND NATIONAL TRIAL HURDLE,** 525 yards—Kordova, Tail Pine, Glencanane Dan, Fertagh Laddie. Subs.—Banana King, Rival Star.

8.45—**TAILTEANN CUP,** 525 yards—Final—Go Tray, Hopeful Cutlet, Master Seamus, Jazz Lass.

9.0—**MUNSTER PLATE,** 525 yards—Halfong, Regular Marble, Golden Melody, Racine, Grat, War Bard. Subs.—Wise Lad, Country Grove.

9.15—**MIDLAND HURDLE,** 525 yards—Nearer the Pines, Rathganly, Cutlets Doonane, Strayed Reveller. Subs.—Ballymagan, Cobbler's Job.

9.30—**SPRINT (FLAT),** 350 yards—Bucharest, Snatcher, Kersal Cutlet Beg, Midnight News, Gentleman Jack. Subs.—Glenstal Foam, Sanford Hill.

9.45—**LIFFEY PLATE,** 525 yards—Driving Hammer, Mill Spinner, Kempseyderry Fashion, Paska, Ringwood, Richer Rover. Subs.—Brown Haired Betty, Careless Artist.

## CORK—TO-NIGHT.

8.15.—**FERMOY STAKES,** 525 yards—Bronze Witch, Dixie Lee, Dainty Footsteps, Trianna. Shop Girl, Lee Lassie. Subs.—Front Door, Maglin Hill.

8.30.—**COBH HURDLE,** 550 yards—Chestnut Street, Wait for Pay, Kilbeg Boy, Nirvagha. Subs.—Heavy Charger, Brave Battler.

8.45.—**SOUTHERN STAKES,** 350 yards—Ballybeg Rover, Night Sign, Kirkland, Gambling Hand, Rusheen Queen, Hurtful. Subs.—Over Courtly, Shinan.

9.0.—**BALLINCOLLIG STAKES,** 525 yards—Double Cheerful, Eldorado Jim, Knight of the Vale, Another Hill, Creggan Mallard. Subs.—Cloverhill Champion, Carrigeen Light.

9.15.—**MALLOW HURDLE,** 525 yards—Regular Rake, Slim Jack, Black Fork, Shournaghi Pride. Subs.—Sea Shell, Leemount.

9.30.—**MARINA SPRINT,** 350 yards—Joyful Lady, Cuirt na Bruinne, First Principle, Ben Rhue, Oridias Deputy, Shaun Donal. Subs.—Ocean Lover, Funcheon Breeze.

## TRALEE—TO-NIGHT.

First Race—Gin and Pep, The Crowner, Clunagh Spiffy, Grouse Hall Hero, Kodak Lass, Swindled Again; Substitute—Fancy Fern.

Second Race — Saintly, Rede Awakening, Dromadda More, Mountain Hunter, Man at the Brake, Duncannon Bridge.

Third Race—Hurdle—Baby Gin, Mackintosh, Cascade, Flower of Vengeance. Substitutes—Could You Beat It, Winter Royal.

Fourth Race—My Swell, Winning Battle, Rowan Hill, Hanover No. Doodate.

Fifth Race—Cherry Pride, Zig Zag, Stealaway's Last, Mulberry Ben, Glen Rover, Mission Bell.

Sixth Race—Serial—Synaby—Mooching Mick. Finuge Convict, Ahafouna, Slacker.

## CELTIC PARK—TO-NIGHT.

7.50.—Broadway Hurdle (375 yards)—Moohane Boy, Go Canoeing, Glen Law, Rocca Wire. Subs.—Burnside Boy, Billy Begs.

8.5.—Anglesea Stakes (375 yards)—Histime, Silver Dollar, Lucky Wind, Woodland Rover, Coreen Maid, Scotch Fancy. Subs.—Myroe Mick, Bubble.

8.25.—Celtic Handicap (550 yards). Heat 1—Greenville Girl (scr.), Loch's Image (5 yds.), Silver Thorn (7), Mardel (8), Jerry Wangle (9), Gurerty's Gorse (9).

Heat 2—Mallusk Stakes (525 yards)—Myroe Marmite, Camross Boy, State Your Boots, Ronnie Mac, Comber, Pegalong. Subs.—Ball of Malt, He.

8.40.—Junior Hurdle (525 yards)—Halfong, Laddie, Jumping Monarch, Ballyratlihan, Great Guste. Subs.—Big Dependence, McManus.

9.5.—Celtic Handicap. Heat 1—Loch's Risk (2) Ballyboncan (5), Barnhirtle (8), Porlach Emon (9), Odd Blanco (11), Land of the Hopeless (12).

9.35.—Celtic Handicap. Heat 2—Coltrary Captain (4), Ballyrisk (5), Lillie Dear, Lillie Dear (6), Lisnagarvey Boy, Lisnagarvey Lad (7), Ivor Og (9), Lislap Billy (9), Bushmills Boy (10), Courtney Hill (12).

9.55.—Shelbourne Hurdle (525 yards)—Impy, Admiral Vanguard, Cardwell Lad, Lucian Bridge. Subs.—Tavis Pride, Knockmore Castle.

## DUNDALK—TO-NIGHT.

8.0—325 Yards Flat—Camlough Hope, Laughing Limp, Mickie Moodle, Black Dancer, Mick's Juicer. Subs.—Coney Street, Midnight Rattles.

525 Yards Hurdles—Tall Pine, Savoy's Double Yellow Flash, Corliss Fancy. Subs.—Flying East Ballybinaby Boy.

525 Yards Flat—Our Prince, Caty, Selt Help. The O'Mahony, Lively Prince, Whitdup. Subs.—Cheerful Friend, Dancing Beauty.

325 Yards Flat—Maisie's Darling, Wonder Mist, Colonsey John, Mickey's Double, Attleborough, Camlough Hope. Subs.—Gay Coas, Tubberona Star.

525 Yards Hurdles—Little Danube, Fowler's Lad, Dandy On, Kiddington Rattler. Subs.—Knockbride Lassie, Barrontown Champion.

525 Yards Flat—Mashie, Drumlonn, Lady Privol, Thirsty Hawk, Ruffle Angele, Am I Blue. Subs.—Fancy's Treasure, Miss Elaine.

**CLONMEL RESULTS.**

Tommy H. (3/1), Rigadoon Again (3/1), Barronstown (6/4 on), Silevenamon Prince (4/1), Bonnie Kid (4/1), Artful Jest (5/2), Sandy Lassie (evens).

*POLO.*

## CAPTAIN CHAYTOR SCORES FIVE GOALS.

| WHITES | 7 | REDS | 5 |
|---|---|---|---|

The match at the A.I.P.C., Phoenix Park, yesterday was more in the nature of a practice, there was so much chopping and changing. For the first chukkar Mr. Usher scored for Reds, but Captain Chaytor equalised, and Mr. Martin put Whites ahead. In the second chukkar Captain Chaytor scored two goals, while in the third he got one himself, between times Mr. Lamminey and Herr von Dehn. In the fourth period Captain Chaytor got another goal, as did Mr. Magee, and Major Kirkwood added the seventh. In the fifth period there was no score, while in the sixth Major Kirkwood got the only goal.

Whites—Mr. W. Magee, Captain J. D. G. Chaytor, Mr. J. J. Durack and Mr. J. Martin (back).

Reds—Mr. R. H. Usher, Herr von Dehn, Mr. J. P. A. Larminie and Major Kirkwood (back).

Umpire—Mr. E. S. Slocock.

*CRICKET.*

## ULSTER TEAM TO MEET M.C.C.

The Ulster team to play the M.C.C. side, captained by C. D. McIver, at Comber to-morrow is as follows:—F. Jackson (N.I.C.C.) (capt.), R. Alexander (N.I.C.C.), J. Barnes (Armagh and Trinity), R. A. Barr (Holywood), S. H. Carson (Lurgan), G. M. Crothers (Lisburn), A. C. Douglas (Collegians), V. A. Meiraile (N.I.C.C.), H. E. Morgan (North Down), W. McCleery (Woodvale) and J. Ritchie (N.I.C.C.).

## NO PLAY IN TEST TRIAL.

The Test trial match at Cardiff yesterday was held up by rain, which also prevented play in the matches between Sussex and Derby at Hove, Surrey and Gloucester at the Oval, Essex and Glamorgan at Clacton, and Hants and Worcester at Bournemouth.

At Worksop, Notts, 183 and 219 for 5 (Walker 117); Northants, 166.

At Newcastle — All-India, 101 and 138 for 8, declared; Northumberland, 143 and 48 for 2.

CRICKET.—For interesting Notes and Reports of all important matches read "THE IRISH FIELD." Published every Saturday. Price 2d.—(Advt.)

*ROWING.*

## CARLOW REGATTA.

The results at Carlow regatta yesterday were:—

Barrow Cup (Senior Fours)—New Ross won; Carlow boat capsized.

Maiden Eights—Waterford beat New Ross by half a length.

President's Cup—Waterford B beat Waterford A by one length.

**SWIMMING EVENTS.**

Boys' 50 Yards (over 13)—J. Prendergast, 1; F. O'Neill, 2.

Open Diving—W. Coppinger (Waterford), 1; J. Liston (Carlow), 2.

Ladies' 50 Yards (Championship of the Barrow)—Miss Stella Bolger (Carlow), 1; Miss E. Bolger (Maryborough), 2.

50 Yards Breast-stroke—W. Coppinger (Waterford), 1; John O'Neill (Carlow), 2; J. O'Sullivan (Carlow), 3.

Men's (Championship of the Barrow)—R. A. Canlon (Carlow), 1; J. Liston (Carlow), 2.

**FLAT RACING SEASON.**

Programmes for all Irish Meetings and for principal English Meetings for one week from day of issue appear in "THE IRISH FIELD." Published every Saturday. Price 2d. Subscription Terms—Yearly, 25/-; Half-Yearly, 6/6 (Post Free). Head Office, 11 D'Olier street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

*LAWN TENNIS.*

# CO. KILDARE TITLES.

## SINGLES SEMI-FINALISTS AT THE CURRAGH.

YESTERDAY was the first really fine day for the Co. Kildare Championships, which were continued at the Curragh. M. O'Reilly, M. H. Toppin, J. Flood, and A. Hamilton qualified for the semi-final of the Men's Singles, and will meet in that order. Though they both played well, Toppin and Hamilton were given good games by E. S. Tweedy and T. Flood, respectively. In the Women's Singles Miss Craig played far better than a score of 6-0, 6-1 represents, and Mrs. Maingay's steadiness brought her through against a harder-hitting opponent in Miss Graham. Results:—

**MEN'S SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP.**
**Third Round.**

M. O'Reilly beat J. C. Cherry—6-4, 6-4.
M. H. Toppin beat E. S. Tweedy—6-4, 6-3.
J. Flood beat N. Muriess—6-2, 8-6.
A. Hamilton beat T. Flood—6-3, 6-4.

**WOMEN'S SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP.**
**Third Round.**

Mrs. Maingay beat Miss M. Graham—5-7, 6-1, 6-4.
Miss H. Wallis beat Miss M. Craig—6-0, 6-1.

**MIXED DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP.**
**Second Round.**

T. H. Dunlop and Miss G. Carty beat M O'Reilly and Miss G. McCormack—11-9, 6-3.

**MEN'S HANDICAP SINGLES.**
**Third Round.**

M. O'Reilly (minus 4) beat M. Graham (15.4)—2-6, 6-4, 6-2.

A. Odlum (minus 15.4) beat P. McWeeney (minus 15.4)—6-4, 5-7, 6-3.

C. L. Cooper (scr.) beat Dr. Hogan (minus 4)—3-6, 4-4, retired.

**Fourth Round.**

J. Flood (minus 15) beat R. Pratt (15.1)—6-4, 7-5.

M. O'Reilly (minus 4) beat M. Murless (minus 4)—6-2, 6-3.

P. Odlum (15.1) beat T. Flood (minus 15)—6-3, 6-3.

**WOMEN'S HANDICAP SINGLES.**
**Third Round.**

Miss M. Craig (minus 3) beat Miss M. Cooper (scr.)—6-0, 6-2, 6-4.

Miss M. Graham (minus 15.2) beat Miss S. Barton (minus 3)—6-4, 7-5.

Mrs. Daly (15.2) beat Mrs. Odlum (3)—7-5, 3-6, 6-3.

**MEN'S HANDICAP DOUBLES.**
**Third Round.**

J. and T. Flood (minus 4) beat E. S. Tweedy and J. C. Cherry (minus 15.3)—6-3, 6-2.

**Fourth Round.**

C. L. Cooper and N. Muriess (3) beat R. N. Craig and Dr. Hogan (minus 4)—7-5, 6-2.

**MIXED HANDICAP DOUBLES.**

Comm. Fox and Miss Gross (15) beat P. D. McWeeney and Miss P. Wallis (minus 40.3)—9-8, retired.

A. Odlum and Miss M. Graham (minus 15.3) beat R. Pratt and Mrs. Fenton (15)—6-2, 6-1.

A. P. McWeeney and Miss H. Wallis (minus 40) beat R. Craig and Miss Cooper (scr.)—3-6, 6-4, 7-5.

**Second Round.**

A. Odlum and Miss Graham (minus 15.3) beat Dr. and Mrs. Hogan (minus 4)—7-5, 4-6, 6-3.

## ROGERS IN FORM AT RUSHBROOKE.

G. L. Rogers opposed H. F. Cronin in both men

## COX'S FURNITURE AND PIANO AUCTION TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 12.30, AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK

Comprising principally:—5ft. Reproduction Chippendale Sideboard and Set of 8 (6, and 2 Carvers) Chippendale Dining Chairs to match; magnificent Hepplewhite Hall Table (6ft. 6ins.), 3 French Gilt Drawingroom Occasional Chairs, Carved Gilt French design Hall Mirror, three superior Hair-upholstered Chesterfield Sets, two 4ft. Domingo Mahogany Bookcases, eight Mahogany and Walnut Screw Dining Tables (1, 2, 3 and 4 extra leaves to each); Sets of Mahogany Spoon-back and other Dining Chairs, 6ft. Carved Oak Lofty Glass-back Sideboard, with Dumb Waiter and 12ft. Screw Dining Table to match; Overmantel Glasses and Recess Mirrors, Mahogany and Walnut Sideboards and Cabinets, Brass Fenders and Fire Brasses, Pictures and Paintings, magnificent Chippendale sunk centre China Display Cabinet, Overmantel Glass, 7-piece Chippendale-frame Drawingroom Suite and Occasional Table, all to match; Marble-top Chefoniers, 7 and 8-piece Drawingroom Suites, 3-piece Sheraton Settee Suite, Wareroom Mirror, Hall Stands and Hall Chairs, The Furnishing of eight Bedrooms, including:—Eight superior modern design Suites in various woods and sizes, Mahogany Duchesse Pairs, Mahogany and other Chests of Drawers, Single, Plain and Glass-door Wardrobes, old Dublin made Suites, Bed Chesterfield (cost 14 guineas) Bed Couches, etc., etc.; a large selection of Single and Double Size Beds and Bedding; Kitchen and Stained Wood Furniture of every description; Carpets, Stan Carpet and Linoleum, Outdoor Effects, Lawn Mowers, Bicycles, Mangles, Garden Tubs, Berkel Auto Scales, Cash Register; also 3 Pianos, including Upright, Overstrung, Iron-frame, German instrument, brilliant sweet tone. Goods on View to-day from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. Auction commences at 12.30 o'clock. Pianos sold 3.30 o'clock.

**JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.**

## FURNITURE AUCTION

### RESIDENTIAL FLAT—190 PEARSE STREET, DUBLIN.

TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 29TH JULY, 1932, COMMENCING 12 NOON

THE ENTIRE VALUABLE FURNISHINGS AND GENERAL EFFECTS of the above Flat, comprising Settee Suite in Velour, Inlaid Mahogany Bedroom Suite, China Cabinets, Sideboards, Hall Stand, Occ. Tables, Antique Dresden and China Ware, Overmantles, Silver Ware, Carpets, etc., etc.

On View To-day from 10 a.m. Terms—Cash and 5 per cent. fees.

**HENRY CONNOLLY, F.N.A.A.,** AUCTIONEER, VALUER, AND COURT RECEIVER,
15 D'OLIER STREET, DUBLIN.

## FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED BY JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS 110 GRAFTON STREET.

ESTABLISHED 100 YEARS.

SALE TO-DAY (FRIDAY), AT 12 O'CLOCK, AT THE PREMISES.
4 CORBRIDGE TERRACE, SUTTON,
PRE-WAR HOUSE, NICELY SITUATED AT THE BURROW OVERLOOKING SUTTON.
ALSO THE FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.
House will be Sold at 12 o'c., and Furniture immediately after. Terms—Cash and 5 per cent. fees.
JOYNT and CRAWFORD, Solicitors, Foster place.

**BATTERSBY & CO.,** Auctioneers and Valuers, M.I.A.A., 39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. (With Agencies in principal English, Scottish, American and Colonial Cities). ESTABLISHED 1815. 'PHONE 21042 (2 lines).

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

### MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

HERD, disengaged, wishes to hear of vacancy; thoroughly experienced; highest reference. Address "Z 2541, Herd," this office. 26 A

HERD and Shepherd, married, B.C., seeks employment; experienced cattle and sheep; can be highly recommended. Apply J. Kelly, Walshtown, Lusk, Co. Dublin. 25 E

HERD or Caretaker, young, married, active, competent, all stock; highly recommended. Address "Z 2646, Herd," this office. 29 F

RESPECTABLE, young Man, R.C., TT. now free, 8 years experience motors, e.l. plant, gardening, bees, cows, etc.; 8 years last place; highly recommended by last employer.—H 1535, this office. 26 F

STEADY Man, Protestant, well educated, wants situation in Cork or Dublin; thoroughly understands how to rearing pedigree stock for shows. Address "Z 2579, Man," this office. 26 F

STEADY, thoroughly domesticated young Man, in very good family, would act as Invalid Attendant or Male Cook General for bachelor, adaptable; excellent references; disengaged early August. Address "Z 2630, Man" this office.

WANTED by respectable, middle aged Man, single; milk yard, garden, generally useful; understands care of hunters; highly recommended. Address "Z 2478, Man," this office. 27 A

WOULD bachelor or two persons engage Couple to run house (home given up), formerly indoor servants, for long and small wages? Address "Z 2519, Couple," this office.

YOUNG general Man, yard, farm; good milker, understands horses, can drive motor; highly recommended.—850, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 25 F

YOUNG Man seeks situation as Indoor Servant to bachelor gentleman; can do plain cooking, very useful about a gentleman's place; good experience; highly recommended.—B 1612, this office. 27 E

YOUNG Man, married, Butler, would go single, or Caretaker, any position of trust; excellent long references. Address "Z 2626, Man," this office. 28 F

YOUNG Working Butler wishes post, cooking and all indoor work; good references.—B 1662, this office.

### STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

GARDENER, Working, single, all branches; fullest particulars on application. Apply Gardener, c/o Wm. Dwyer and Co., Waterford.

GARDENER Handyman, married (I.C.); highly recommended. Address "Z 2624, Gardener" this office.

GOOD Working Gardener, understands his business, or Daily Work.—555, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

LADY, having taken smaller place, wishes to hear of 2 or 3 days' work weekly for her Gardener; excellent at fruit, vines, bulbs and vegetables, sweet hand in; obliging about house or place, knowledge of cattle and poultry.—31 Aliesbury road. 27 A

YOUNG, energetic Gardener seeks Employment; single; fully qualified in all branches; first class references. Address "Z 2602, Gardener," this office. 27 A

### DOMESTICS WANTED.

LADY, going country, early August, wants HELP for month; Protestant; age, full particulars. Address Box No. 85, Irish Times Branch Office. T

WANTED HELP for general housework. Apply, with references, to Mrs. Esler, Lisvarna, Broughshane road, Ballymena, Co. Antrim. 29 A

"IRISH TIMES"
EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
The Matron has several vacancies on her books for recommended Unemployed, experienced and untrained; placed immediately.
31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
'Phone, 23062. T

### COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

COOK GENERAL WANTED, Bray; good Cook Kitchenmaid able cook nicely might do; Catholic; clean, quick, methodical person; recommended by lady professional house; honourmaid kept; state wages, experience, send copies references. Address "Z 2525," Cook," this office 28 F

GOOD COOK GENERAL WANTED for Co. Wexford, and to manage small dairy (separator). Address "Z 2572, Cook (general)," this office. 28 F

WANTED, good COOK GENERAL; country; dairy; state wages, send papers; 3 maids kept. Address "Z 2584, Cook General," this office. 27 A

### GENERALS WANTED.

A GOOD GENERAL WANTED, reliable, active, good tempered; modern house, family two; tram line, near Rathmines. Send all particulars, with copy of testimonials, to B 1619, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 27 A

EXPERIENCED GENERAL, R.C., age 35-40; good plain cook; fond of children; small washing; send copies of references and state wages.—395, Irish Times Branch Office, Bargot street Bridge.

WANTED, capable GENERAL MAID for Doctor's house. Apply Mrs. Gracey, 89 Rockingham road, Kettering. 25 E

WANTED, young, trustworthy GENERAL; must be well recommended; good plain cook, small washing; Ballsbridge locality, small family.—B 1571, this office. 26 F

WANTED, GENERAL MAID (Protestant), very quiet country situation; good plain cook; over 30; well recommended. Address "Z 2585, Maid," this office. 27 E

### HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

WANTED, good HOUSE PARLOURMAID; country girl preferred; small family; convenient house.—Tighe Cottage, Rathnew. 25 E

WANTED, young HOUSE PARLOURMAID; some experience. Call Minister's, 13 South Anne street.

WANTED (Monkstown), young HOUSE PARLOURMAID; good references necessary; wages £50 year. Address "Z 2631, House Parlourmaid," this office. 28 B

### DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Belvoensaid; Leix or Offaly; very good reference; disengaged end August. Address "Z 2627, Maid," this office.

LADY highly recommends trustworthy Girl, good all round housemaid and dressmaker, as Sewing and Children's Maid, or other suitable position.—Cremorne, Terenure road. 27 E

LADY'S Useful Maid, experienced; any position trust; excellent references.—B 1672, this office.

### DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

RESPECTABLE Girl seeks post as Working Housemaid or General; experienced, careful, economical; excellent references.—8002, Irish Times Branch Office, Bargot street Bridge. 28 F

WORKING Housekeeper disengaged; excellent cook; long discharges; suit professional gentleman. Address Housekeeper, 41 Pearse street, Cavan. 27 E

YOUNG Daily Worker, washing, cleaning; city; good references.—B 1655, this office.

YOUNG Woman, daily Work, take maid's place; highly recommended.—8001, Irish Times Branch Office, Bargot street Bridge.

"IRISH TIMES"
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NO FEES CHARGED.
HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturday 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Matron can supply well recommended Domestics, experienced and untrained, all capacities.
31 Westmoreland Street Dublin.
'Phone, 23062.

### COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Cook General; city, suburbs; good references.—B 1659, this office

EXPERIENCED Cook General; London preferred; very good references. B 1667, this office.

EXPERIENCED Cook General; suburbs; very good references.—B 1668, this office

EXPERIENCED highly recommended Dairy, Poultry-maid, disengaged; Department of Agriculture.—B 1681, this office.

GOOD, experienced Cook disengaged 8th August; city, suburbs; wages £40; well recommended.—Cook, "Rosney," Glenageary. 28 E

LADY highly recommends two young country Girls for train as Cook and Housemaid; city or suburbs preferred.—B 1660, this office.

YOUNG Cook General; Dublin preferred; £36. Address "Z 2628, Cook," this office.

### GENERALS DISENGAGED.

DAILY General (disengaged); cooking, small washing; highly recommended.—Quinn's Agency, Ranelagh.

EXPERIENCED General; small adult family; no cooking; £20; recommended. — B 1654, this office.

EXPERIENCED General; plain cooking; suburbs or country; good references.—B 1658, this office.

EXPERIENCED General (Protestant); city; plain cooking; good references.—B 1658, this office.

EXPERIENCED General; city or suburbs; good references.—B 1662, this office.

EXPERIENCED General; excellent references; city or suburbs.—B 1664, this office.

YOUNG General Servant wants situation; well recommended.—2 Vernon Grove, Villier's road.

YOUNG Cook General; good references. — B 1665, this office.

### HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

COUNTRY Girl (R.C.), age 15, wishes to be trained Cook, Light House and Parlourmaid. Address "Z 2618, Girl," this office.

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid or Housemaid, Protestant; good reference; highly recommended.—B 1488, this office. 25 E

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid; would go to London; good and Co., Waterford. 27 A

OBLIGING about house or place, knowledge of cattle and poultry.—31 Aliesbury road. 27 A

YOUNG, energetic Gardener seeks Employment; single; fully qualified in all branches; first class references. Address "Z 2602, Gardener," this office. 27 A

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HATCH STREET—FOR SALE, with possession, a HOUSE in the best part of the street. Particulars from James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

DELGANY—25 ACRES—For Sale, GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE, with garden, tennis ground, offices and fields, in all about 25 acres. Price £2,500. Apply James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

FOSTER AVENUE—PRICE £675—BUNGALOW; 2 sitting, 3 bedrooms, bath, etc.; electric light. —James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

SANDYMOUNT—TRAM LINE—Price £1,100—Semi-detached Non-basement HOUSE; garage, electric light.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

PALMERSTON PARK (CLOSE TO)—Attractive Semi-detached Non-basement HOUSE, with pretty garden. Price £1,600.—James H. North and Co.

KILLINEY—A BARGAIN—Price £1,050—A Detached RESIDENCE, with about 1½ acres, including good garden. Offered at low price to prompt purchaser.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

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ELECTRIC Radio Co., 35 Grafton street, Dublin (opposite Woolworth's), for Radio Gramophones and Records. T

### OPTICIANS.

DIXON and Hempenstall Repair Spectacles same day as received in their works on the premises, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin. 8 25

GEORGE Prescott and Son, 9 Merrion Row, Dublin, close to Shelbourne Hotel—Superlative Lenses; lowest possible prices. 12 26

PATRICK Cahill, Optician to His Holiness Pope Pius XI., 15 Wellington quay; 100 years established; high class work; moderate charges. T

### TIMBER.

TIMBER—Orders for Larch Field Gates, Hurdles, Rails, Stubbios, Shafts, etc. Address "Z 1945, Timber," this office. 4 X

### FISHING, SPORTING, GAMES.

ANGLING — Garnett's for Fishing Tackle, Guns, Rods, Rifles and Ammunition. Catalogues free.—Garnett's, Crampton Court, and 34 Parliament street, Dublin. T

ANGLING—Fishing Rods and Tackle of every description at lowest prices; catalogues free.—Kennan, Inns quay, Dublin.

GUN Repairs of all kinds executed by skilled Gunsmiths; guns fitted at range.—Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin. 28 B

HAMMERLESS Ejector Guns by Purdey, Westley Richards, Tolley, Ford, Kavanagh, Trulock, Harris, Woodward, Trulock Braddell; Non-Ejector and Hammer Guns by various makers.—Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin. 28 B

GUN Corner, Co. Galway—Best Free Fishing for 1st August and September; modern accommodation; convenient to lake; boats and men provided; tariffs moderate.—Miss Elizabeth Jinkin, Hillside House, Cornamona, Co. Galway. 27 A

RENVYLLE House Hotel, Connemara; free salmon fishing in private lake in grounds; 3 miles Invermacklore, reserved for residents; summer terms, from 5 guineas. Apply Manager. Telephone—Renvyle, 3. 28 B

SHOOTING to Let, cheap; 4,000; grouse, snipe, hares, wildfowl; Co. Wicklow. —B 1525, this office. 26 F

SEA Trout and Salmon Fishing to Let by week or month; 2 miles of exquisite right bank of river; terms most reasonable; accommodation adjacent. Also ten miles of Shooting, all strictly preserved.—George Lyons, Maamcross, Galway. 19 X

### GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

SECOND CROP CABBAGE.

Writing on this subject in the *Weekly Irish Times*, the Garden Correspondent says :—

This to succeed the earliest spring crop, sown on the 21st inst., and which, given average winter dung followed by a not unkindly spring, is of inestimable value. At the same time we have experienced the benefits derived from a second sowing of rather less precocious kinds, apart from the wisdom of having two strings to one's bow. For this second crop we wish for none better than Improved Nonpareil, which, sown forthwith, or not later than the middle of August, for transplanting in spring, is *facile princeps*. No better endorsement of our opinion could be found than that of the splendid plot of Nonpareil to be found each season at the end of May on our friend's allotment on the North side of the city, for which he gets good return from a local dealer; but he supplies it from roots and superfluous garbage, so detrimental to growers' produce *via* the market.

AT Drummond's—For Lawn Mowers, Garden Rollers, Lawn Rakes, Grass Seeds, Shrubs, Hammocks, Coach Hammocks, Fruit Trees, Arches, Horticultural Manures, Insecticides, Canes, Stakes, Tying Materials, Weed Killers, Garden Hose, Garden Tools, etc.—Drummond's, Ltd., Dawson street, Dublin. T

AT Drummond's—Sow now for the Flower Garden: Antirrhinums, Aquilegias, Arabis, Campanulas, Delphiniums, Myosotis, Gaillardias, Geums, Hollyhocks, Lupins, Polyanthus, Pansies, Primroses, Scabious, Sweet Williams, Stocks, Violas, etc. Also Seeds of Alpine Plants.—Drummond's, Ltd., Dublin, and Carlow. T

AT Drummond's—For Present Sowing—Cabbage: Selected Ellams Early, 1/- per oz.; Flower of Spring and Unrivalled for Early Cropping, 1/- per oz.; Drummond's Improved Nonpareil and Early Harbinger, each 1/4 per oz.; Drummond's First of All and Drummond's First Early Market, each 1/6 per oz.; Market 6d. and 1/- each; Turnips: Orange Jelly or White Stone, 6d. per oz.—Drummond's, Ltd., 58 Dawson street, Dublin, and Carlow. T

AT Drummond's—For Autumn Sowing—Onions: Drummond's Improved Lemon Mammoth, 1/- per oz.; Italian Tripoli, Giant White Tripoli, each 1/6 per oz.; Drummond's Stirling Exhibition, all the Year Round, Ailsa Craig and Reliance, each 2/6 per packet; Lettuce and Spinach, each 6d. and 1/- per packet.—Drummond's, Ltd., 58 Dawson street, Dublin, and Carlow. T

AUTUMN Cauliflowers, 4 varieties, Broccoli, 1/- per 100; Celery, large transplanted, 2/-, if called for.—Miller, Orwell Nursery. 28 F

BROCCOLI, four successful varieties, good plants, 1/6 100, 6 varieties 2/-, free.—Hammond, Non-Such Hardy Plant Nursery, Shillelagh. 26 F

BAMBOO Canes, 10 foot, suitable for all gardens, staking; 4/- 100, on rail.—Gardener, Randlestown, Navan. 26 F

BEFORE laying out your Garden write for our advice; specialists in new Gardens, Rock Gardens, Tennis Courts, Grass Paving, etc., 45 years' specialties. See our exhibit Horticultural Section, Ballsbridge. Write—Boyd's Nurseries, E. G. White, F.T.H.S., Rathfarnham, Dublin. T

GREENHOUSE, new, complete, £7; Melon Frames, lights, glazing.—Byrne's, Barrow street.

GARDEN Canes, 4 feet, heavy, 5/6 per 100; 3 feet, 3/6 per 100. Garden Shears, "Quickcut" Lawn Mowers; estimates.—Stacey's. 25 E

HAWLMARK Seeds for Present Sowing—Cabbage, Miles, Marrow, Velocity, 1/6 ounce, 6d. per pkt.; Flower of Spring, Offenham, Ellams Early, 1/- ounce, 6d. pkt.; Early York, Primswinner Flat Dutch, Champion Drumhead, 6d. per pkt., 1/- ounce; Onion, Ailsa Craig, 2.6 ounce, 6d. and 1/- pkt.; Red Tripoli, Lemon Rocca, White Tripoli, 1/6 ounce, 6d. pkt.; White Lisbon, Giant Rocca, 1/- ounce, 3d. pkt.—Dickson's, 61 Dawson street, Dublin. 12 X

HAWLMARK Wallflowers for Present Sowing, easily grown, delightfully perfumed, Scarlet Emperor, King, Pure Gold, Blood Red, Orange King, Scarlet Emperor, Violet Blue, Primrose Dame, 1/- packets; collections of 6 sorts 1/3, 2/6 and 5/.—Dickson's, Dawson street. 12 X

HAWLMARK Flower Seeds for present Sowing for Spring Bloom—Antirrhinums, in variety; Aubretia, Canterbury Bells, Forget-me-Not, Polyanthus, Scabious Carnations, Brompton and East London Stocks, Sweet William, 6d. and 1/- packet; Siberian Wallflower, brilliant orange, 6d. per packet.—Dickson's, Dawson street. 12 X

LISSADELL—The following are now ready for Sale, all from 3 in. pots. Flowering Plants—Fuchsias (assorted colours), 2/-; Campanula Isophylla, hanging plant (blue and white), 2/-; Fuchsias (assorted colours), 2/-; Geraniums, double and single (assorted colours), 2/-; Geraniums, Ivy Leaf (pink) 2/-; Gloxinias (assorted colours), 2/6; Nasturtium Fireball, double (scarlet), from 4 in. pots, 1/-; Pelargoniums (assorted colours), 2/6 each. Foliage Plants—Asparagus Sprengeri, 2/6; Coleus (coloured foliage), 1/6; Grevillia Robusta, 1/6; Nepeta Variegata, hanging plant, 1/6; Maidenhair Fern, 2/6 each; prize 1-year-old ferns; cash with order.—Manager, Lissadell, Sligo, I.F.S. T

LISSADELL—Kentia Palms from 4/6 to 27/6; Amacaria Excelsa from 4/6 to 7/6 each. 25 X

LISSADELL—Vegetable Plants, Broccoli and Kale, 1/ 2/6 per 100; Savoy Cabbage, 2/- per 100, post free. 25 X

LISSADELL—Hanging Baskets, well furnished with Fuchsias, Tradescantias, Ivies, 5/6; 10/6; boxes and cartage free; cash with order; subject unsold.—Manager, Lissadell, Sligo. 25 X

LISSADELL—If you are wanting Bouquets, Wreaths, or Cut Flowers at any time, write Manager, Lissadell, Sligo. 26 X

LAWNMOWERS for Sale, 19" high wheel, Pennsylvania; 16" Express, in working order; cheap.—Shaw, Stephen street. 28 F

PRIZE Rare Prices—Quaicat Lawn Mowers from 25/-; Ironcrete Garden Rollers, 27/-; "Nimble" Garden Barrows, 21/.—Stacey's, Parnell street. 25 E

RED Currants (3), and Gooseberries, 4d. lb., undelivered.—St. John's, Terenure.

STRAWBERRY Runners, rooted, give very large fruiting fruits; orders now booked, 7/- 100.—Bourke, Lisnagry. 19 25

STRAWBERRY Runners 11b. 8/6 gross, 3lb. 15/- gross; postage extra.—Stacey's, Parnell street, Dublin. 25 E

SIX Garden Frame Lights for Sale, as new. Apply the Steward, Belfield, Hillcrest road, Dublin. 27 A

TENNIS Boundary Nets, Corded, 25 yards by 5 yards, 17/6, carriage paid.—Stacey's, Dublin. 25 E

WANTED, large quantities of Daffodils, Crocus, Bluebells, for naturalising.—Conyn, Darwin, Rathfarnham. 26 F

### POULTRY, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

THE BEST LAYERS.

Writing on this subject in the *Weekly Irish Times*, the Poultry Correspondent says :—

Those in the second group, generally hatched during March and April, are our best winter layers, as they reach a mature age—between six and seven months—about September or October, when they commence to lay, and continue right through the winter, the following summer, and often for the whole year. Of course, with extra care and good feeding, birds hatched in May often turn out splendid winter layers, but after this we cannot expect winter eggs from very late birds. Still, it is no harm to have a few of the late starters; for, though a few months of the winter may pass before they lay, they produce a good many eggs while the price is high, and, if the early hatchings have been scarce, they come in profitable. Extra good feeding and warm housing may often hasten maturity in the late birds.

### JACKSON STOPS & JOYCE,

DUBLIN, LONDON, NORTHAMPTON, CIRENCESTER AND LEEDS.

SHANKILL—£1,250—For immediate Sale. Attractive views. On 7½ acres; 3 reception, 4 family bedrooms, 1 maid's room, bathroom, 2 w.c.'s; garage; electric light; garden, tennis ground, gate lodge.

KILLINEY (1).—On 2 Acres—Non-basement; 3 reception, 6 family and 3 maids' bedrooms, bathroom, etc.; electric light, gas, etc.; garage; unequalled outlook; ground rent, £26; £2,000.

(2) On 1 acre; 3 reception, 6 family and 3 servants' bedrooms, bathroom; electric light, gas, etc.; garage; tennis court; ground rent, £25; £1,500.

(3).—On 4 acres, with exceptionally fine views; 3 reception, 3 bed and 1 dressing room, 2 maids' rooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 w.c.'s, kitchen, scullery, pantries, etc.; attractive garden, 2 greenhouses, tennis court, garage, out-offices; long lease, subject to £40 per annum.

BUILDING SITES.—In healthiest position, and with finest views in Southern Suburbs. Up to 400 feet depth. Electric light, gas, and water on frontage. 4/- per foot frontage, or for Sale.

CHARLESTOWN HOUSE, DRUMSNA, CO. ROSCOMMON—300 Acres Freehold. No annuity. Low rates. 150 Acres Prime Grazing Lands. Valuable timber. Convenient Non-basement Residence in good order. Excellent Farm Buildings. Unique situation, bounded by Shannon on three sides. Illustrated catalogue on application. Price £3,500

**JACKSON STOPS & JOYCE,** 33 KILDARE STREET, DUBLIN. Tel.: 61705.

### POULTRY CONTINUED.

APRIL hatched White Leghorn Pullets, excellent laying strain, 50/- dozen, carriage paid.—Greene, Castleconnor. 28 F

FOR Sale, 30 to 40 gallons of rich new Milk; delivered daily any station in city. Address "Z 2600, Milk," this office. 27 A

FERRETS, Canaries, Parrots, Tortoises, Pet Rabbits, Mice, etc.—Farmers' Stores, 15 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin. 27 A

MOTHER and 12 J. Black Giant Chicks, 5 weeks old; Sell for £1. Address "Z 2635, Chicks," this office. 28 F

PULLETS from blood-tested, trap-nested stock, Leghorns and Sussex x Leghorns, hatched February, March. Leghorns bred from "Daily Mail" International Laying Test; Sussex, Mrs. Strong, Kells, 5/- carriage paid approval.—Floater, Enniskillen. 25 E

PULLETS—Leghorn, 35/- dozen; Crossed Cockerels from 30/- dozen, at six weeks.—Hinchcoe, Carrickmines. 28 B

PULLETS—Rhodes, Barred Rocks, sexlinked Rhodes, four months 4/-, three months 3/6 each; carriage paid.—Hastings, Rathmolyon, Meath. 26 D

PURE bred White Leghorn Cockerels, almost four months, for Sale, 5/- each.—Duggan, Mountmellick. 28 F

PURE blood-tested Rhode March Pullets, also 1931 Hens (Department), 3/6 each, 6 or more free; Buff Januury Cockerels, 6/- each (Ffrench).—Power, Peasherstown House, Waterford. 25 E

PIGEONS, blue, white, mixed, lovely pets, 5/- pair, free.—Higgs, Rathbrennan, Marybrough.

SPLENDID large Roasting Chickens and Ducks, 4/6 pair; fat Geese, 5/- each; insured, post paid.—Miss Goodridge, Rosscarbery, Cork.

### FURNITURE.

ANY Furniture Residue, Pianos, Antiques Purchased; prompt cash.—Thornton and Company, Auctioneers, Lisn Loughaire. 'Phone 79. T

HOUSE Clear Out; the Cash Furnishers—Exquisite Chesterfield Suite, £6 6/-; Chesterfield Suite in rich Velour, £10 10/-; Hide Chesterfield Suite, 25 guineas. 26 F

HENRY Cole, Ltd.—Figured Oak Bedroom Suite, £9 17/6; superb Walnut Bedroom Suite, £23 10/-; Oak Diningroom Suite, £6 15/-.

HENRY Cole, Ltd.—Bedstead Bargains; Solid Oak Bedstead, 35/-; Mahogany Bedstead, £3 15/-; Walnut Bedstead, £4 7/6.

HENRY Cole, Ltd.—Mattresses; Single Size Hair Mattress, 28/-; Double Size, 35/-; Fibre Mattress, 45/-; Spring Mattress, 19/6.—Cole's lane, Henry street, Dublin.

LAWLOR Brothers will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture. Auctions every Thursday.—55 Ormond quay. Established 1815.

LARGE Glass Back Sideboard, Bedroom Suite, Round Table, Kitchen Rack, Enclosed Sewing Singer Treadling Machine, also other cheaper Machines.—Clanton, 15 Summerhill, Mountjoy square, Dublin. 27 A

WANTED, Pedestal Desk, about 6 ft. 4 feet; must be good condition and appearance. Write B. Yoveile, 32 stephen's Green, Dublin. 28 F

### MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

FOR Sale, Piano, Upright Grand Overstrung model, by Lindorf (Berlin), as new; good tone; bargain; cost £80; best offers.—B 1701, this office. 28 F

PIANO (Pigott), Iron Grand; £26 to immediate purchaser.—B 1697, this office. 28 F

TIME Gramophone Stores, Johnston's Court, off Grafton street, Dublin, have full stocks of all leading makes of Records. We specialise particularly in Parlophone Records, all of which can be obtained from us. Open till 9; Sundays from 12-6. T

### HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

FOR Sale, Lady's Mayhew Patent Side Saddle, also Lady's Top Boots, size 4. Seen Pernside, Upper Rathmines. 28 F

GENTLEMAN'S Saddle, perfect, fit big horse; seen Dublin; bargain immediate purchaser.—B 1695, this office.

### DOGS.

AGROSY Boarding Kennels—Pedigree Terriers for Sale; inspection invited. Apply Mrs. Savell Hicks, Glen Druid, Shankill, Dublin. 15 14

BEAUTIFUL Prize Bred Puppies and Adults, demon ratters, various breeds; state requirements.—Waterhouse, Uttervilla House, off Avondale road, Phibsborough.

BOARDING Kennels—Dogs given every care and attention, outside exercise daily.—Roberts, Ommore, Greystones. 27 X

BULLDOGS, Pups, 6 weeks old, parents registered; £5 5/-, to £3 3/-.—Mrs. Kerr, Kilkee, Co. Clare.

COCKER Pups, Sale, Roan, healthy, beauties, registered pedigree. — Dunne, 3 Sidmonton terrace, Greystones. 28 F

FOR Kennel News, Articles and best Reports of Dog Shows, also Irish Kennel Club Registrations, Reports of Meetings, etc., read the Irish Field." Published every Saturday. Price 2d. On Sale at all Newsagents' and Bookstalls. T

GRIFFON Bruxellois Puppies for Sale, excellent breeding, moderate.—Lennon, Ballyclare, Moyvalley, Kildare.

LOVELY Black Cocker Pups, great pedigree, Ware strain.—2 Conyngham road, Dublin. 25 E

WIRE Fox Terrier Pup (Dog), 15 weeks, sire nine times winner, for Sale.—Scott, The Gardens, Airfield, Stillorgan road, Donnybrook. 26

WANTED, a young Prince Charles Dog or Puppy; high price paid for suitable animal.—Apply Mrs. Wilson, The Lodge, Coolattin, Shillelagh, Co. Wicklow. 28 F

### BUSINESS, BUSINESS PREMISES, LANDS, ETC.

BRAY—To Let on Lease or Sell, commodious Premises, comprising dwelling-house, with secure yard, with large loft and stabling for four horses, and other outoffices, good hay shed, paddocks, etc.; suit coal merchant, builder or contractor.—Hartley, Knockrun, Bray.

CHEAP Office, or Part, Wanted by young Solicitor; central, Dublin; state terms.—B 1481, this office. 25 E

EXTENSIVE Premises for Sale, suburban district, suitable for Bank; lease for ever.—B 1560, this office.

FOR Sale, first class Grocery and Hardware Business, big turnover, good premises, low rent, in Midlands. Address "Z 2531, Business," this office. 25 E

FACTORY Space, eighteen hundred square feet (1,800), commodious, sanitary accommodation, water, electric light and gas. Apply 25 Wexford street. 26 F

LLANDUDNO—Boarding House for Sale, including Property and Furniture; low price; quitted account; early possession. Address "Z 2439, House," this office. 21 X

OFFICE, single, ground floor, front, to Let.—39 Kildare street, Opposite Museum. 26 10

RESTAURANT (small), good turnover, easily run; immediate Sale; owner retiring.—B 1433 this office. 25 E

STOCKROOMS or Offices—Several to Let, every convenience, at reasonable rents from £56 to £150 (including rates), Apply Manager, Central Hotel, Exchequer street, Dublin.

SITES for Houses, choice position, Castleknock, adjoining the Phoenix Park.—B 1536, this office. 26

TO Let, 184 Pearse street, three Offices (together or separately) on top floor.—Hunt, Chancellor House, Lower Mount street, Dublin. 'Phone 61518-9 23

TWO spacious Offices and showrooms, also suitable for Stockrooms, complete with floor covering and all fittings and fittings, adjacent to O'Connell Bridge. B 1473. this office. 25 E

TO Let, Shop Premises, 105 Talbot street, near Pillar, finest ready money trade position in Dublin. Apply on premises. 28 B

WELL Secured Profit Rent £215 7/-, arising out of good shop property, Talbot street; price moderate to close receiver's account. Apply Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street.

### PLAYING FIELDS.

WANTED, for Rockey season, a suitable Ground for ladies' hockey club; must be closed in. Write, stating terms and particulars, to Comptometer Office, 11 Nassau street, Dublin. 28 F

### DRESS AND COSTUME.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Higgins, 1 Aston's quay; highest prices Ladies', Gentlemen's, Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Jewellery, Artificial Teeth; country parcels received. T

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cusack, 65 Aungier street, gives highest prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, etc.; distance no objection. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices for Ladies', Gent.'s, Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no objection.—Mrs. White, 15 Aungier street. T

LAD